The New-York Times.

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THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

£110,000 IN SPECIE.

Further Discussion of American Topics in England.

THE KOSSUTH HUNGARIAN NOTES.

Death of the Mother of the Queen.

EXCITING DEBATES IN THE FRENCH CHAMBERS.

RUSSIA AND POLAND.

Later from India and China.

The Royal mail steamship *Africa*, from Liverpool at 10 A. M. on the 16th inst., and from Queenstown on the evening of the 17th March, arrived here yesterday morning, bringing £110,000 specie.

The *Nova Scotian* and *Kangaroo* arrived at Liverpool, and the *Saxonia* at Southampton on the 14th March.

In the House of Commons on the 14th, Mr. Duncombe asked some questions as to the course pursued by Government in the matter of the manufacture of Bank Notes for Hungary.

Sir G. C. Lewis explained that, acting under his instructions, the Police authorities had called on the engraver to detain the notes, but Government was not a party to the legal proceedings now going on.

Mr. Bright complained that there had been a most arbitrary proceeding on the part of the Police, for he was informed that a detective had obtained work at the engraver's, and had abstracted one of the notes.

Sir G. C. Lewis stated that, as far as he knew, no detective had been employed, and no improper practices or corruption had been used. Government, on the opinions of the law officers of the Crown, had decided not to institute proceedings against the engraver.

Mr. T. G. Baring made the usual statement with respect to the army estimates—the main particulars of which have already been published. The total force for last year was 237,589. This year it is 212,773—a decrease of 24,816. After a prolonged discussion, a portion of the funds required were voted. It was claimed that the experience of the Chinese war had demonstrated that England possessed in the Armstrong gun a weapon unrivaled by any other country.

In the House of Lords, on the 15th, Lord Wodehouse stated, in reply to Lord Stratford de Redcliffe, that the Government had received dispatches from the British Consul at Warsaw, confirming generally the published accounts of the late disturbances.

In the House of Commons, on the same evening, Mr. Gladstone said he hoped to introduce the Budget on the 11th April.

Lord John Russell made some explanations as to the policy of England in the event of a descent upon the Dalmatian coast, &c., and said that no instructions had been given to the English fleet to interpose in such an event.

Sir Robert Peel called attention to the religious persecutions in Spain, but Lord John Russell said that he feared no beneficial result would attend a remonstrance from England.

Mr. Butt asked the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether Sir Charles Wyke, who was appointed on the 23d of January, 1860, Minister Plenipotentiary to the Republic of Mexico, had as yet proceeded to his mission; and, if not, when he was likely to do so; and whether the Foreign Office had received any official intimation of any measures adopted by the present Mexican Government to carry into effect the engagements entered into with the holders of the bonds of the Republic.

Lord John Russell stated that Sir C. Wyke returned to England from South America in May last, but he was obliged to remain some months in Europe to recruit his health before he could again subject himself to the influences of a tropical climate. The public service, however, had not sustained any injury by the delay, as during the time which had elapsed since there had been no Government in Mexico from which we could have obtained the redress of any grievance of which we complained. There was such a Government now, and in April Sir C. Wyke would proceed to Mexico.

The Duchess of Kent, mother of Queen Victoria, was taken dangerously ill on the 15th, and the Queen and Royal family at once left town for her residence near Windsor. The Duchess is said to have long suffered from cancer, and the disease has assumed an alarming character.

The case of the Hungarian Bank notes in the Court of Equity, in which the Emperor of Austria and M. Kossuth are plaintiff and defendant, came up on the 14th of March, but was postponed till next term.

The reported confession of Miss Constance Kent in regard to the mysterious "Road murder," is denied.

Mr. Gladstone, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is understood to have favorably replied to a requisition that he would stand for the new seat proposed to be allotted in Parliament to South Lancashire.

The *Daily News* says that the English Government struck by some inconsistencies and inaccuracies in the dates and circumstances put forward by the Chinese authorities, had offered the Chinese Government £20,000 for the production of Capt. Brabazon alive.

The London *Times* remarks that as one-fifth of the population of the new American Confederation is pledged to repudiation, it does not see how or where the proposed 8 ₩ cent. loan of £3,000,000 is to be raised. Mr. Davis the President of the Confederation is moreover the gentleman who laughed at the dupes in the case of the Mississippi bonds and ridiculed their crocodile tears.

The Bank of France, on the 14th March, reduced its rate of discount from 7 to 6 per cent. The monthly returns of the bank show a gain in cash of over thirteen and a half millions of francs, and a decrease in the bills discounted and not yet due of twenty-seven and a half millions, and in the advances of sixteen millions.

The following notice was issued in Paris on the 14th inst.: "By a treaty concluded with the Turkish Government, it has been agreed that the drafts accepted by Messrs. Mires & Co., for the settlement of the Turkish loan, will be paid to-morrow and the following days by the Credit Industrial Company."

The debate on the Address was progressing in the Corps Legislatif. On the 14th, M. Jules Favre proposed an amendment in favor of the abolition of the exceptional laws on public security. He spoke of the sensation produced in Europe by the return of France to representative rights, although limited. He asserted that the Government caused the doctrines of popular rights to germinate in Europe; had broken the treaties of 1815; had liberated Italy and other great nations who were entering on the path of liberty. France cannot, he said, remain a platonic apostle of liberty without obtaining liberty herself. He then recalled the principles of 1789, which, he maintained, had not been followed up. He criticised the law on general security, and protested against the present condition of municipal power, and against the system of candidates being nominated by the Government in the elections. He also censured the *régime* of the Press.

Mr. Raroche refuted the arguments made respecting the interior policy of the Government and spoke against the adoption of Mr. Favre's amendment.

Mr. Emile Olivier defended the liberty of the Press. The amendment was rejected, and the first paragraph of the address was adopted.

The debate was continued on the 15th and resulted in the adoption of the second paragraph.

The French gained a great advantage in January over the Cochin Chinese, having killed 600 of the enemy and occupied two *forts*. The French had only six men *hors de combat*.

The Bourse on the 15th was firm and Rentes closed at 68.30.

The citadel of Messina surrendered, unconditionally, after four days' firing, during which the Sardinian artillerymen caused a great fire in the citadel. A capitulation was refused. Four Generals, 150 officers and 5,000 men were taken prisoners; 300 cannon also fell into the hands of the Sardinians. Notwithstanding the unconditional surrender, Victor Emanuel is stated to have resolved that the same conditions should be granted to the garrison which had been agreed upon with Francis II., in the event of the place surrendering immediately.

Civitella del Tronto would not be able to hold out much longer.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies passed, by acclamation, a vote of thanks to the land and sea forces, on the announcement of the surrender of Messina.

The project of law relative to the assumption of the tittle of "Kingdom of Italy," had been unanimously approved by the Chamber of Deputies. During the debate upon it, Signor Brofferio censured Ministers for having deprived the representatives of the people of the initiative step in this matter. Count Cavour replied that Government took the initiative, because it had taken the same step in the redemption of Italy. He also said it would be great boldness on the part of the people to adhere unanimously to the Government proposition, as they might depend it would meet with opposition abroad.

A telegram *via* Messina says there had been an encounter between the French Seventy-first Regiment of the line and 700 Papal Zouaves. A French Colonel was killed and 43 men wounded. The dispatch says, how the affair ended had not transpired.

It is announced *via* Naples that Gen. Fergola, before receiving orders from Francis II. to surrender the citadel of Messina, opened fire against the Sardinians, but at the same time wrote to Cialdini that he would spare the City of Messina.

In the Prussian Chamber of Nobles the Civil Marriage bill was rejected, 124 to 25 votes; also the motion for rendering the civil marriage optional by 122 to 45.

The Spanish Cortes expressed approval of the policy of the Government in relation to Italian affairs, by a vote of 176 against 40.

The inauguration of the entire line of railway from Seville to Cadiz took place on the 10th of March.

Reports had been current that the 15th of March, being the anniversary of the revolution at Perth in 1848, would be marked by popular demonstrations, but the day passed off without anything of the kind.

Warsaw continued tranquil. The garrison, which only numbered 5,000 men at the time of the late outbreak, had been increased to over 20,000, but the troops were confined to their barracks.

A dispatch from Posen says the concessions granted by the Emperor to the Poles, are: Reconstitution of the Council of State, complete reform in the system of public instruction, the municipalities to be elected by the citizens, &c.

Prince Gortschakoff would convoke the principal Polish notabilities, in order that all necessary reforms might be proposed, examined and ratified.

A dispatch, dated Warsaw, March 15, says: "The deputation were astounded at the tone of the Emperor's rescript. Prince Gortschakoff privately stated that an Imperial Manifesto may be shortly expected granting reforms. M. Zamoysk, President of the deputation, said: 'We accept, but we are far from being satisfied.' Excitement unabated. Every political prisoner set at liberty."

The following is a summary of the Imperial rescript:

"I ought to consider the petition of the Poles as null and void. I will, however, only look upon it as an act of enthusiasm. I devote all my attention to the reforms rendered necessary in the empire by the development of its interests and the progress of the age. My subjects in the kingdom of Poland are equally the objects of my solicitude. I have given proofs of my desire that they should participate in the general benefits and progressive improvements. My sentiments and intentions are still the same. I have a right to rely upon their not being misunderstood or paralyzed by inopportune or immoderate demands which I could not confound with the welfare of my subjects. I shall fulfill all my duties, and shall not tolerate any serious disturbances. Nothing can be raised on such a foundation. Aspirations which should there seek for support would condemn themselves beforehand. They would destroy confidence, and would meet with severe reprobation, since they would make the country recede from the path of regular progress in which it is my unalterable desire to maintain it."

The Calcutta and China mails—telegraphic news by which was received *per* last steamer—reached Marseilles on the morning of the 15th. It was doubtful if they would arrive in London in time for the American portion to catch the *Africa via* Queenstown.

A Calcutta telegram *via* Galle, to Feb. 15, reports the Import market steadier, and the demand slightly increasing. Exchange 2s. 1⅛d. The famine in the Northwest was slightly abating.

Exchange at Hong Kong was 4s. 9d., and at Shanghai 6s. 5d.

AMERICAN MATTERS IN ENGLAND.

REVELATIONS OF THE CENSUS.

From the London News, March 15.

The results of the census of the United States may afford more information to European observers than any other representation of American affairs that can be sent us. It is most opportune that the census should have been taken last year; and it is most useful to all who feel an interest in the prospects of the Republic, to have this latest information as to how the national numbers and classes are distributed over the great sections of the country. Some conclusions of great importance may be drawn from the records of the census without danger of any extensive mistake; and this kind of evidence is invaluable at a time when the imaginations of American citizens are heated, and their public affairs are in a state of utter confusion. Here, then, are the leading facts in regard to the numbers and distribution of the people.

The total population of the United States (which is still the national title till the constitutional question of secession is settled) is 31,648,496. Of these the slave population is 3,999,853; so that we may call the free population, of all complexions, 27,000,000. This free population, which is nearly all white, (for the free blacks are a small element in such large amounts,) consists of 19,046,173 in the Free States, and in the Slave States of 8,602,470. With the States are included the Territories, throughout. Thus it appears that the Northern section has above 19,000,000 of inhabitants; while the Southern has less than eight and three-quarters. The slave element of 4,000,000 does not add to the strength of the South, but the contrary. It is unnecessary to explain that, in any time of public danger, four millions of slaves are much more of an incumbrance than the same number of women and children. They have not only to be fed and guarded, but to be guarded against.

The next question is how the Central States stand; and what is the force of the States which declare themselves to have seceded. Taking the seceders first, the free population of the six States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana and Texas amounts to 2,395,895: a sorry force with which to encounter the nineteen millions of the North; and especially while these two millions and a third have on their hands a slave population of 1,872,070.

As to the Border States, Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, Kentucky, and Missouri, their vicinity to the Free States raises their population to 4,159,776, while their slaves are only 873,732, Maryland having actually only 1,505 slaves. This state of things seems to indicate very clearly the interest of these frontier States. If they could separate themselves from the North, and make themselves a part of the Southern Confederation, they must soon decline in the nobler element of their population to the level of the Gulf States, or even lower, as they have not the advantage of the fresh soil which for a time sustains numbers in new States. It is most improbable that this nobler element of the population will consent to merge itself in any such way. In Maryland, at the present rate of decrease of slaves, there will not be a slave left by the date of the next census; and the increase of free population since the last is very great indeed for a Slave State—the greatest but two, though the State is so small. That increase is 153,517, while that of South Carolina is only 24,663, and that of Louisiana itself only 81,292.

While in the Border Slave States the free inhabitants are thus increasing faster than the slaves, South Carolina is in the opposite case. Her entire free population is only 308,186, while her slaves are 407,185. So far from her having power to make war, her whole white population would be needed to coerce the black. The State of Mississippi seems to be the only other one in which the slaves predominate in number; but there are five more in which the negro population treads closely on the white, viz.: Louisiana, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama; and in no one of these has the free race increased so much as 100,000 since 1850. The largest increase is found where Slavery is dying out, or becoming superseded by free labor, as in the case of Missouri, where the increase exceeds 400,000, and Texas, where it is 261,568.

All this would be very instructive in ordinary times, as showing the affect of Slavery in reducing the States in which it exists below the natural rate of progress in a country of such capabilities. But if we wish to estimate the bearing of these facts on the present struggle, we must turn to the North, and see what the Free States and Territories are doing. Their total population is, as we have seen, above 19,000,000. It is a striking fact that three of these States—New-York, Pennsylvania and Ohio—contain more white inhabitants than all the Slave States together. The whole seventeen—Gulf and Border and inland together—show less than nine millions to more than nine millions in the three great Free States. Yet those three States have increased less rapidly, both positively and relatively, than some States in the Northwest. Illinois transcends all others in positive, and Iowa in relative increase,—Iowa having quadrupled her population, and Illinois increased hers by nearly 840,000, whereas the increase in New-York itself is under 755,000.

This is enough for the present. When we obtain particulars for guidance as to the wealth and industry of the country, we shall fully understand how ruinous to the South would be any genuine conflict of the whole or any part of the Slave States with such a population as that of the North, once made thoroughly hostile. *At present, the mere numbers are quite enough to dispel any illusions, in Europe if not in the maddened Southern States, as to the chances of any Southern Confederation based on the institution of Slavery.* Nine millions of mean whites, with a sprinkling of slaveholders among them, make a dismal show against nineteen millions of free people who labor under no social perils and constraint from a "peculiar institution." But when we look at the seceding States alone, and see that they afford less than two millions and a half to the nineteen millions of the North—having also many more slaves to look after than there are white men to do it (for women and children cannot be jailors to slaves, any more than soldiers in the field)—we may well find words fail us to express the insanity which the Seceders are manifesting. Some incidents which have happened in the North help to explain the case. Certain plots against the life of not only Mr. Lincoln, but other personages, and schemes for producing riot, point to the ascendancy of that element in Southern society which delights in havoc and disorder. There can be but one aim in endeavoring to throw society into confusion by depriving it of its leaders, or breaking up order, and inciting to bloodshed in the towns. It is known where the incitements and plots come from; and every impartial observer acquits the class of slaveholders generally of such schemes. If they are not guilty, however, they are powerless. *They have been for thirty years creating a pauperized mob around them by grasping at a monopoly of slaves; and now their all—their reputation, their property, their personal action, and their very lives—is at the mercy of the mob they have created.* They are apt to proscribe everything in print which is unfavorable to their notions and way of life; but we must hope that an exception will be made in the case of these census returns. If they will not read sermons, philosophy, novels, or poetry which touch upon human liberties, they had better read these figures, which so dispassionately and indisputably present the case of the different sections of the Republic, without any reference to Presidents or Cabinets, or prejudices, or rivalship, or anything but the bare facts of the number of people, free and slave, living here, there, and everywhere within the American frontier. This would be the wisest step every citizen could take. If each one would study that page of figures to-day, there would be a good chance tomorrow of the discovery of the principle on which the final settlement must be grounded.

A NIGHTMARE VIEW OF SLAVERY AND THE CRISIS.

From the London Chronicle, March 14.

A Roman Emperor inaugurated his reign by declaring that he was determined to be hated. A similar ambition may be said to possess the statesmen of Southern America, whose constant effort, it seems, is to cut themselves off from all human sympathy, to be abhorred, and to concentrate upon their faction the obloquy of the world. There is something preternaturally repulsive in the slang, the swagger, and the ruffianism of these cowhide desperadoes. Every fresh report from the head-quarters of rowdyism aggravates the atrocity of its brutalizing insolence. The Carolinian Senator considers himself degraded unless he struts, like a Dutch bandit, with a brace of revolving pistols in his pockets, or a bludgeon, the mere carrying of which would be regarded as an outrage even in Ireland. No country on the globe produces a blackguardism, a cowardice or a treachery, so consummate as that of the negro-driving States in the new Southern Confederacy. It is not enough for the auctioneers of African flesh and blood that they can torture their stripped victims, and commit assassination with impunity; it is not enough that they are privileged to flay or burn alive their breathing chattels; they must stalk into the Senate House armed with instruments of murder; they must conspire to establish a reign of terror by means of a cut-throat policy. They must plot to take the life of their new President, while the Republic is charioting him to her sacred throne. These malignant wretches, impish and paltry beyond conception in their ideas of political revenge, endeavoring to blow up Abraham Lincoln with an infernal machine on his journey from Cincinnati, and schemed to originate a railway accident by which hundreds of lives might have been lost, in order to gratify their jealousy of a man who has triumphed over the most dangerous cabal in the Commonwealth. The worst element in the position of the Union is this position of the South, which has derived from the Spaniard its barbarous vanity, from the Huron and Mohawk its savage indifference to suffering, and from the mongrels of the Gulf its loathsome habit of combining the manners of the bull-ring with the morals of the bordello. President Lincoln is called upon to deal with this seditious, turbulent and homicidal population. It is to his credit that he has not yet been provoked into repaying their menaces in such coin as may be minted at arsenals and issued at the cannon's mouth; but unless the crisis speedily assumes a new aspect, such as the latest intelligence does not warrant us in expecting, it is obvious that the crime of civil fratricide will be perpetrated, and that the liberties of America will be abandoned to the arbitration of the battle-field.

Should this alternative be forced upon the Cabinet of Washington, as appears almost inevitable, it is in the highest degree important that the public opinion of Europe should be qualified to judge impartially between the belligerents. What, in reality, is the spirit of the South which has challenged this domestic war, which has thus disturbed the peace of half a continent, which has raised a storm in the channels of trade, and compromised the industry of the Old World by convulsing the politics of the New? The North has been—somewhat prematurely and intemperately—accused of adopting a commercial system hostile to freedom, and injurious to the interests of England. But the measure, so far as it has hitherto been developed, resembles one of self-defence rather than one of aggression or monopoly. The Northern States understand perfectly well that their antagonists are without scruple, and that only material sacrifices will restore to them a reluctant sense of public duty. Before we blame the exclusive tariff sanctioned at Washington, we may as well inquire whether it has not been partially forced upon Congress by the contumelious defiances and boasting arrogance of the Southern Confederation. The slave-drivers of Charleston have a policy of their own, which is to dissociate themselves from those who at present sustain the carrying-trade of America, and to open up a system of independent intercourse with Great Britain. Naturally and logically, the Unionist Party endeavor to baffle these tactics; and the result is, no doubt, inimical to the broad principles of Free-trade. Yet we must remember that the Union is upon its trial, and that no effort can be too arduous which rescues it from existing dangers. The South attempts to treat the North as it treats its own black vassals, who, like the serfs of Sparta, are scourged to death at the altar of the only god that the cotton planter worships. And how is this policy exemplified? *Ever since Mr. Lincoln's ascent to the Presidential chair, the cruelties of the slave-owners have been multiplied and intensified, because it is feared that, unless a system of terror be established, the hereditary bondsmen will make weapons of their chains and crush oppression itself under the heel of revolted Slavery.* Not in Algiers, when the Deys were at the summit of their execrable power; not in Rome, when the poor captive girl, after being flagitiously abused, was flung into a fish pond; not in Russia, when the executioner cuts out the tongue of his knouted victim, have horrors more terrible been recorded than have been testified to by unwilling witnesses since the triumph of Mr. Lincoln. *The over-worked, under-fed, miserably-clad, and wretchedly-lodged slaves, have been compelled, as a means of repressing their intelligence, to work in iron collars, to sleep in the stocks, to drag heavy chains at their feet, to wear yokes, bells, and copper horns; to stand naked while their masters or mistresses brand them infamously, to have their teeth drawn, to have red pepper rubbed into their excoriated flesh, to be bathed in turpentine, to be thrust into sacks with mad cats, to have their fingers amputated, to be shaved, and to be whipped from neck to heel with red-hot irons.* It is of no avail to deny this impeachment. Congress itself, which contains a majority of slaveowners, admits the truth. The American journals teem with advertisements of slaves whose bodies are marked indelibly with the traces of torture. Cases are frequently tried in the law courts of the Union of masters who have *not only flogged their black girls to death, but have deliberately carved the flesh from their bones*; and since the beginning of the panic caused by Mr. Lincoln's election these abominations have been redoubled. The slaves are distinctly told that upon the slightest indication of a scheme for joining with the agitators of the North, they shall be tied up, one to every cotton and peach tree in the land, and flagellated until they are more abject than the worms in the dust. These threats, accompanied as they are by exemplary atrocities, may for a time curb the impatience of the negro population, but the planters are dismally mistaken if they imagine that this policy will in the long run uphold their usurped privileges. They may resolve upon bloodshed. They may assail the forts of the Union, they may prolong the bloody conflict, until the President is compelled to demand extraordinary supplies for the military service; but *they are rendering the feud mortal, and every drop of blood shed by the abettors of the revolution will fall upon their own heads in a retribution of tenfold severity. The struggle has begun, but it will never end until the South has been subjected to a defeat, which will not only destroy its political influence, but ruin its property, and inflict a final punishment upon those enslavers of humanity whose ferocity has so long invoked the vengeance of the world.*

THE PROSPECTS OF RECONSTRUCTION.

From the London Times, March 14.

We have at length before us the project of reconciliation prepared by the Conventional States summoned under the authority of the ancient and renowned Republic of Virginia, and announced with so much emphasis and parade by Mr. Buchanan in his message to Congress. Close on the heels of this communication comes information that there is no chance that this overture will be accepted, and announcing events which sound like the immediate prelude to an outbreak of civil war. It is, of course, far easier for us, at this distance and with such information as we can procure, to criticize the justice and policy of the proposed terms of peace than to predict the spirit in which they will be received by the American people at large. Indeed, from the obvious inability of the most intelligent Americans residing in Europe to measure, appreciate, or predict the great events of which every mail brings us intelligence, we may well learn to distrust our own conjectures, and incline to follow rather than to anticipate the rapid course of cotemporary history.

Things have reached that point in the great American revolution at which it is worth while to review the condition of the adverse parties, in order to estimate, if we can, the exact point at which the contest has arrived. There is no reason, that we are aware of, to suppose that the Northern and Northwestern States are prepared entirely to give up, or even seriously to modify, the views on which they went into the great Presidential contest of 1860. The prize for which they struck was really the vast Territories of the Southwest; for, while the more moderate of them held the doctrine of which Mr. Douglas is the apostle—a doctrine called in derision "Squatter Sovereignty"—that is, the right of the inhabitants of the Territories to decide for themselves whether Slavery shall be admitted there—a far larger section of the party is opposed to the extension of Slavery into the Territories on any terms. The passing of the bill for a prohibitory tariff, though doubtless intended to conciliate and hold firm the iron manufacturers of Pennsylvania, must be regarded as evidence of a spirit on the part of its framers by no means conciliatory either to the States which contemplate secession, or to the States which have already seceded. In fact, if it were possible to assign with any confidence motives for a measure so crude, so objectless, and so suicidal, we *should say that these prohibitory duties have the appearance more of retaliation than of an attempt to conciliate.* The North, too, is strong in its legal position, and in an overpowering amount of population, wealth and military organization—all causes which powerfully persuade men from listening to any terms which involve anything of the nature of capitulation.

If we turn, on the other hand, to the South, we find the most convincing proofs that the step the seceding States have taken, is the result of the utmost forethought and deliberation. Whatever may be the case with the unthinking multitude, the leaders, at any rate, have not been hurried away by any violent or momentary impulse. *There are strong evidences of a deep-laid and carefully matured conspiracy,* implying a perfect understanding between the leaders of the movement and the Federal officials to place in the hands of the Southern States the stores, the arsenals, and the fortifications, to withdraw the troops and ships from places where their presence would be most needed, or, as in the case of Gen. Twiggs, in Texas, to carry the Federal forces over to the side of the insurgents. The State has also been plundered to an enormous amount by the fraudulent issue of Treasury notes, obviously designed to put the South in funds for the approaching conflict. Men do not generally descend to these depths of treachery and infamy unless they are about to take a step which they believe to be irrevocable; an indemnity for such offences could not, we should suppose, be asked by one side, or conceded by the other. It must also be observed that the South, though anxious enough to gain time and to postpone the moment of conflict, in order to do which they have submitted to many humiliations, have made no serious overtures or reconciliations, have put forth no *ultimatum*, have made no appeal to the sympathies of the sister States, and have not, so far as we can judge, since the election of Mr. Lincoln, wasted a single day or a single hour in organizing that Southern Confederacy, which, from the first moment of the quarrel, they have contemplated, not as a sad alternative, but as a positive blessing. Between the South and the North stand the Border States, irresolute, temporising, anxious to procrastinate, anxious to negotiate, inclining now to one side, now to the other, loud in their professions to love for the Union, but equally sincere in the desire to preserve, unimpaired, the lucrative internal Slave Trade, by which the Gulf States are supplied from the breeding establishments of the more Northern settlements. *These States have pretty generally pronounced against any step which should bring the existing controversy by any means to a speedy and decisive issue.* Four of them—Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and Missouri—contain a considerable free population; and others may not unreasonably hesitate before they link themselves to so desperate an adventure as that of Jefferson Davis and his embryo Federation.

Let us now see what effect the resolutions agreed upon by the Peace Conference are likely to have on this intricate network of interests and animosities. The first resolution restores in substance the Missouri Compromise by limiting Slavery in the Territories to the regions south of 36° 30′ north latitude. This is asking from the South a great concession, for have they not obtained from the Supreme Court of the United States a declaration in the Dred Scott case that it is the right of the slaveowner to carry his property into whatever State in the Union he pleases, and that all laws that seek to prevent him are not only unconstitutional if passed by States, but even by Congress itself? Another observation is that this Compromise has been tried already, and that, after having been enforced for some 30 years, it has been torn up and scattered to the winds, affording but a slender hope of a greater durability for the second than for the original experiment. The second clause requires that no Territory shall be acquired by the United States, except with the consent of a majority of the Senators from the Slave and a majority of the Senators from the Free States—thus introducing the position of sectional division into the very life-blood of the Constitution, and recognising in the most formal manner that the Legislature of what, after such a law, *can never expect in irony be called the American Union, is permanently divided into two hostile camps.* The third provision negatives the power of Congress to abolish Slavery in any State or Territory where it is already recognized. The fourth provides for legislation for the delivery of fugitive slaves; the fifth abolishes the foreign Slave-trade; the sixth provides that no alteration shall be made in the terms agreed upon without the consent of all the States; and the seventh binds the Government of the Union make compensation for fugitive slaves. *We cannot wonder it should be thought, as it appears to be, that these terms are very unlikely to heal a difference so embittered and envenomed as that which now divides the United States. Both sides are required to make enormous concessions, and when they are made will receive as their reward a state of things which possess, so far as we can see, but few of the elements of durability.* The Missouri Compromise has already been tried and failed. A power stronger than law—the will of a multitude that submits to no master—will prevent, as it has hitherto prevented, the arrest of fugitive slaves in the Free States of the North. There are no guarantees sufficiently strong to bind Federal States which profess to owe to the Central Government only a temporary and occasional allegiance, from which they claim the power of dispensing themselves at the bidding of the interest or the passion of the moment. The South has, hitherto, had every advantage. It has had what it is not likely soon to obtain again—the assistance of a Ministry ready to plunder, disarm and betray the Central Government for the purpose of putting them into the best position of resistance. They are not likely to get such another chance, and they will scarcely put themselves in a position from which they can never hope again to emerge with so many concurrent advantages. For these reasons we shall not be surprised to hear that the great attempt of the Border States to mediate between South and North has turned out a failure, and that the mediators themselves are not disposed to abide for their own guidance by the terms they have proposed for the reconstruction of the Union.

NECESSITY FOR ACTION ON THE PART OF ENGLAND.

From the London Saturday Review.

It is absolutely necessary that *the English Government should speedily decide on the policy it intends to follow with reference to the Southern Confederation of American States.* Owing to the contradictory legislation which the two parts of the dissevered Union have adopted on the subject of import duties, the English exporter finds himself in the greatest perplexity, and the Government is exclusively able to remove his difficulty. The Southern States, which ultimately pay for British commodities in their cotton, are ready to admit them at a low and reasonable duty; but in the North, a tariff has, in all probability, already been legalized which all but closes against them the Northern and Western markets. So far as this, the question for the English Ministers seems to be the simple one, *whether, in spite of grave objections, they will accept its liberal commercial policy as a reason for recognizing the Southern Union.* But the circumstances of the case are not yet completely stated. The Southern Confederacy has announced that it intends to treat the whole United States as a foreign community, and that goods coming into the South from the North and Northwest will be considered by it as equally dutiable with shipments received through New-Orleans. This consideration adds greatly to the distress of the English mercantile interest. Even supposing it could bear up against the heavy fiscal burdens imposed by the new Northern tariff, it is quite impossible that it can pay the double duty levied partly at the New-York Custom-house, and partly on all cargoes conveyed to the seceding States by the route of the Mississippi and its tributaries. Nay, it would appear as if goods shipped to New-Orleans would, under present circumstances, pay duty first to the floating Custom-house established by the Government of the old States at the mouth of the Mississippi, and next to the officers of the Southern Confederacy the moment the cargo is landed on the wharf. No doubt, such a state of things as this, injurious as it is, ought to be patiently borne by the English importer, *if it be not unreasonably prolonged. It seems, however, as if the Washington Government intended that it should endure indefinitely.* Up to the present moment, no mode of coercion has been mentioned by the persons most in Mr. Lincoln's favor, except the retention of Federal property in Southern defences, and the compulsory levy of duties at Federal ports. This policy may obviously last for one year, two years, or a dozen; and it is a grave question whether foreign Powers are under any obligation to submit to it. If no point of time can be named at which it will come to an end, *it is not easy to see why England or France could not demand that the United States should either put down the rebellion by effectual measures, or else allow foreigners to deal with the new Confederacy as an independent State.* The difficulties growing out of conflicting claims of jurisdiction form always one of the most familiar knots which Publicists are called upon to untie; but a new case arises when two Governments, without coming to blows or using any hostile measure against one another, actually exercise jurisdiction at one and the same point of territory. The old States cannot reasonably expect that they will be allowed to establish what will be, in effect, a blockade of the Southern ports without applying that active, coercive and unremitting force of which international law rigorously requires the employment from a blockading Power.

These questions press the more urgently, in proportion as hopes of a compromise become fainter and fainter. The body of mediators assembled by the Government of Virginia, under the name of the Peace Congress, has only succeeded in making a report through the accidental absence of one of the Republican delegates, and the report thus obtained merely suggests arrangements which have already been mooted and laid aside in the Congress of the United States. In truth, there are but two or three resting-places between the extreme claims of the North and the extreme claims of the South, and as each of these has come in turn before the Senate and the House of Representatives, it has become clear that one party or the other considered it too great a concession. *It certainly seems as if the dispute had passed beyond the region of compromise and adjustment.* The Southern Confederacy has secured so many unexpected advantages through the apathy of Mr. Buchanan, and so many more through the suicidal fiscal legislation of the North, that it is not the least likely to stoop down from the commanding attitude at which it placed itself in the beginning of the rupture. On the other hand, the population of the Northern States seems to be more and more disinclined to give way without blows. It was long thought that the Republican Party would be deserted by numbers of its adherents at the first election after the secession, but some local struggles which have just terminated actually show an increase of Republican votes. Mr. Lincoln will undoubtedly be followed by large numbers of his party, whatever course he takes, but there are already signs that a considerable minority is determined to insist on measures which, though not admitted to deserve the name of coercion, will necessarily be the first step in a civil war.

If the politics of the Northern States become permanently separated from those of the South, it is not easy to say into what divisions the present Northern parties will break up. That there will ultimately be a disruption of the Republicans it is impossible to doubt, for no faction so large and so nearly universal has ever prevailed in America without ultimately separating into fragments from its own weight. Even thus early—even before Mr. Lincoln's policy was formally declared in America—there have been symptoms of serious disagreement. Some very powerful members of the Republican Party, seconded by no inconsiderable following, are known to have tried their utmost to prevent Mr. Lincoln from placing Mr. Seward at the head of his Cabinet. *This distaste for Mr. Seward is not simply personal; it proceeds from a deep dislike of that policy of conciliating the South, and of endeavoring to stop short of extremities, which Mr. Seward, ever since Mr. Lincoln's success, has urgently recommended in his public addresses. The malcontents are therefore a war party, and they do not hesitate to declare that they do not greatly care what issue the war may have.* If they defeat the South in fair field, it is clear that the doom of Slavery, even in the present Slave States, is sealed. If, on the other hand, the seceding States succeed in making good their independence, the ultra faction in the North insists that it is infinitely preferable to continue national existence as a Confederacy of entirely free communities than to chafe under an unequal yoke with societies whose institutions are abhorrent to the freemen of a Democracy based on the equality of rights. The existence of this dissident section is pointed out by the more moderate Republican newspapers as a lamentable proof of the progress made by Abolitionism, pure and simple, in the Republican ranks since Mr. Lincoln's election. It is, indeed, most natural that the extreme form of Anti-Slavery opinion should gather strength through the force of recent occurrences. Every taunt and boast of the seceders, each disdainful rejection of the overtures of peace which proceed from the more timid Northerners, must add plausibility to the arguments of those who have always contended that there could be no peace with the slave-owner. There are men of much eloquence, and consequently of much influence, in the Northern States, who, though Americans born, have steadily refused to take the oath of allegiance to the Federal Constitution, lest they should seem to pledge themselves against undertaking a root and branch extirpation of Slavery if they should ever have it in their power. A year ago such persons, though to a certain extent admired and listened to, were regarded by the Republicans as dangerous allies, and by the mass of the people as half mad incendiaries, but now that events are apparently tending to bring about the state of things which they always declared to be inevitable, it is not wonderful that increasing numbers of Americans should be tempted to look upon them as prophets. *The longer the present provisional relation of North and South is continued, the more probable will be the consolidation of a great Northern party, sworn to readmit the seceding States to the Union on no terms except entire submission, or else to separate from them forever.*

FREE NAVIGATION OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

From the London Shipping Gazette.

We give elsewhere *in extenso* the Act of the Montgomery Convention for the establishment of the free navigation of the Mississippi. This Act, which is framed in a liberal spirit, provides for the free transit of vessels and their cargoes from Port to Port, within the limits of the Confederacy, "without any duty or hindrance, except Light money, Pilotage, and other like charges." The importance of this measure will be at once perceived by all acquainted with the features of the American Trade, and who know, as we pointed out some two months since, that *the grand object of the Southern States is to make the Mississippi the highway for the great Trade of the West, and so divert that Commerce from the Ports of the Atlantic to the Ports of the Gulf of Mexico.*

Atlantic Telegraph Company.

The directors of this Company have prepared a report from which it appears that the disbursements of 1860 amount to £5,156 4s. 1d. Of this sum £4,402 9s. 1d. is composed of old accounts incurred previous to the last annual balance-sheet, and of the expenses of the expedition to recover the cable. The balance of £753 15s. is the cost of conducting the Company's business during that year. There are now no outstanding liabilities against the Company, except the amount of £875 advanced by the directors at their own risk, in order to meet for a short period the current expenses of carrying on the affairs of the Company, until it is thought desirable to recommend further proceedings to the shareholders. The whole of the loans advanced by the shareholders for the purpose of attempting to repair the cable have been repaid to the lenders with interest. In the month of April last the directors sent out Capt. Kell to Newfoundland, in order to make an attempt to repair, or failing that to recover for sale, as much as possible of the cable in Trinity Bay. Mr. C. F. Varley also went out, to take charge of the electrical arrangements. The weather, however, was so bad, and the cable so weak in various parts of its external covering, that it was found impracticable to raise it along a sufficient distance so as to reach and repair the chief defect on that side. It was only possible to recover and bring away in detached lengths about five miles of cable altogether. The directors, nevertheless, can fully appreciate the difficulties with which Capt. Kell and Mr. Varley had to contend, and it is just that they should state their entire belief that every possible effort was made on their part to insure a better result. It was found that owing to insufficient survey of the bay, the cable had been laid—not in the deep muddy channel which is believed to exist along nearly the whole of its course, but over rocky strata in irregular depths, the rock being in parts metallic. At these points the external coating of iron having becoming chemically decomposed had broken away, and as a jagged surface was thereby presented to the water the friction in lifting it was greatly increased. The directors consider that in future, before submarine cables are laid, it will be necessary to examine much more accurately than has hitherto been done into the nature and configuration of the bottom in all situations near shore, and within a depth of 300 fathoms. The cable recovered and brought home by Capt. Kell has been stripped and overhauled, every portion of the core having been carefully examined and passed through the hand. It is satisfactory to find that there is not the slightest symptom of deterioration or decay in any part of the gutta percha. It has further been subjected to a severe electrical test, and a comparison between its present state of insulation and the records of original tests of the most perfect portions of the cable, when it first left the Gutta Percha Works three years ago, show that an actual improvement has taken place in its condition since it was laid down. This is probably due to the compression of its particles, and to the suitability of the sea water to its preservation. The Directors consider, therefore, that the failure of the cable must be attributed to the hasty manner in which it was manufactured, to the strain brought on it by machinery, and to the repeated coilings and uncoilings it has undergone, rather than to any defect arising naturally in the gutta percha. In addition to the operations in Newfoundland, the Directors, during the Autumn of last year, entered into an agreement for the recovery of cable at the Valentia end, but the proceedings not having been carried out, and the season being too far advanced, they determined to abandon the attempt for that year, and they intend, if possible, to adopt some plan for raising the shore end in the course of the ensuing Spring. As to the future position of the Company, the Directors consider it advisable, unless the wish of the shareholders be otherwise, to continue it—at all events for some time to come—upon its present economical footing. To wind up its affairs would be to sacrifice without any adequate object the valuable privileges of the Company—its agreements with the American Companies, and its direct connection with the Governments of England and the United States. The Directors are convinced that telegraphic communication between Europe and America having been so clearly demonstrated in practice by the efforts of this Company is a fact which must ere long be permanently realized. They believe that the experience now gained, in addition to some well-conducted experiments with different kinds of cable, in order to determine the proper weight and material for its external protecting sheath, would render it easy to lay with lasting security a well-working cable across the Atlantic between Ireland and Newfoundland. The Directors have no desire to speak invidiously of any plan for establishing a transatlantic telegraph by another route, still less do they feel even the wish to obstruct the progress of any reasonable association proposing to accomplish an object so grand and useful. As regards the commercial position of this Company, a cable can be constructed without difficulty which can be worked between Ireland and Newfoundland at the rate of 15 to 20 words per minute; and even the original cable, which, imperfect as were both itself and the apparatus applied to it, was worked at the rate of three words per minute, and would have yielded a dividend of over 15 per cent. at the very low tariff proposed by the Company. This Newfoundland route, under an agreement involving many important facilities and arrangements with the entire telegraphic system of America, is secured to the Atlantic Company; they have also a valuable act of Parliament, a guarantee of 8 per cent. on £600,000, and subsidies of £20,000 from the English Government, and £14,000 from that of the United States. The guarantee and subsidies are, it is true, conditional upon success; but the Board cannot avoid believing that ere long the Government will find it advisable to come forward more substantially in support of the zealous and costly exertions that have been made by this Company in practically carrying out a work so necessary to commerce, and so unprecedented in the annals of science. They would, therefore, deem it highly imprudent to wind up or dissolve the undertaking, since by so doing they would forego all hope of securing for the labors and sacrifices of this undertaking their best and most righteous reward, namely, the power of carrying out its objects to a legitimate and successful conclusion. The directors, on the contrary, consider that it will be necessary to make energetic efforts to bring before the public, at the proper time, the importance of the Atlantic telegraph; and they trust that by such means, and by presenting the matter in its true light before Government and the members of the House of Commons, they may be enabled to attain ultimately a successful result. To give effect to this proposal, however, it will be necessary to create a fund of about £3,000, and the directors hope that, having themselves contributed nearly £900 towards it, the shareholders will assist in completing the sum required, by voluntary contributions of moderate amount. The retiring directors are Mr. Francis Le Breton, Mr. J. W. Brett, and Mr. George Peabody, who are eligible, and offer themselves for reelection. The retiring auditor is Mr. Blackburn, who also offers himself for reelection.

Latest News per Africa.

Liverpool, Saturday, March 17.

The Duchess of Kent died yesterday.

The Paris Conference has agreed to extend the occupation of Syria till the 5th of June.

The Corps Legislatif have adopted the first ten paragraphs of the address to the Emperor.

English steamers left Constantinople for Galatz, and took possession of the arms landed from Sardinian vessels, and which had been seized by the Turkish authorities.

Commercial Intelligence.

London, Friday Evening.

The Stock market has again exhibited an increase of firmness, partly owing to the reduction of the rate of discount by the Bank of France from 7 to 6 ₩ cent., and partly to the steady influx of gold to the Bank. Consols for money opened at 91⅞ to 92, an improvement of ⅛, and experienced a further rise to 92⅛, which, however, was only temporary, the final prices being 91⅞ to 92 for money, and 92⅛ to 92¼ for the account. India Scrip remains at 100⅛ to 100¾.

In foreign Stocks, there has been a fresh rise in Turkish Six ₩ cents, the last price being 54¼ to 54¾. Mexican is also firm, at 24⅛ to 24⅜.

Railway Stocks improved in the morning, and closed steadily, although not quite so high as at one period.

In the Corn market the rates of Monday have been fully maintained.

About £44,000 in gold was sent to the Bank to-day.

Money was wanted in the Stock Exchange this morning, but the supply was good at a later hour. In the Discount market the demand was moderate, at 7½ per cent. for the best paper.

The heavy obligations of M. Mires, which fell due to day, are understood to have been all met.

The Continental Exchanges, this afternoon, were a fraction less firm, owing to the lowering of the rate of the Bank of France.

It is said that the *Africa*, for New-York to-morrow, will take out considerable orders for Wheat, owing to the absence of confidence as to the prospects of our next harvest.

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND RAILWAYS.

American Railways, &c.	Closing prices.	Business.
United States 5 ₩ cent. red. 1874	79 @ 81	
Virginia State, 5 ₩ cent.	70 @ 75	
Do. 6 ₩ cent.	68 @ 72	
Illinois Cen. 6 ₩ cent., red. 1875	85 @ 87	
Do. 7 ₩ cent. ....do....1875	89 @ 90	
Do. $100 shares, $80 paid	26 @ 25 dis.	26 dis.
Do. do. all paid	71 @ 73	
Mich. Cen. con., 1869	85 @ 87	
Do. (s. f'd) 1st m., '82	89 @ 91	
Do. $100 shares	50 @ 55	
Michigan S. & North. Indiana 7 ₩ cent. (sinking fund) 1885	68 @ 70	
Do. $100 shares	12 @ 15	
New-York Central 6 ₩ cent. (sinking-fund) 1883	85 @ 87	
Do. do. 7 ₩ cent. 1864	91 @ 93	
Do. do. 7 ₩ cent. (s. f.) 1876	92 @ 94	
Do. do. 7 ₩ c. con. bs, 1876	92 @ 94	
Do. $100 shares	69 @ 71	
New-York & Erie 1st m., 7 ₩ c., '67	92 @ 94	
Do. 2d mort., 7 ₩ cent., 1859	90 @ 92	
Do. 3d mort. 7 ₩ c., '83, assent.	79 @ 80	79½
Do. Bonds, 7 ₩ c., '62, '71, '75, do.	57 @ 60	
Do. shares, assented	27½ @ 28½	28
Panama Railroad 1st mort. 7 ₩ cent. 1865	99 @ 101	
Do. 2d mort. 7 ₩ cent. 1872	97 @ 99	
Pennsylvania Central Bonds, 1st mt., 6 ₩ cent., convert.	85 @ 87	
Do. 2d mort., 6 ₩ cent., ster.	89 @ 91	
Do. $50 shares	36 @ 38	
Philadelphia and Reading Bs., 6 ₩ cent., 1870	75 @ 80	
Do. $50 shares	22 @ 26	

Manchester, Friday, March 15, 1861.

An active demand for Cotton at Liverpool, somewhat improved accounts from Calcutta, the prompt way in which the Turkish liabilities are met, the reduction of the rate of interest by the Bank of France, and the rather easier state of home discounts, have given rise to a little more business in our markets, with a hardening in the prices of some things, and in those of others an increase of steadiness.

The Continental merchants have in some degree renewed their operations in Yarns; and it is found that bundles, especially water from 16s upwards, with 40s mule, are ⅛d. ₩ ℔. dearer; warps and weft being firmer. Some twofolds are similarly affected, but not the finer numbers. Prices are named for twist by Eastern houses, but not such as lead to any transactions worth notice. The sellers of spinnings suitable for the Blackburn District meet with but little encouragement in their attempt at a trifling rise.

Liverpool, Saturday, March 16—A. M.

Cotton—The *Brokers' Circular* says: "Under the influence of the very discouraging state of trade in the manufacturing districts, and the probability of short time being resorted to in some localities, the market relapsed into a dull state in the early part of the week, and prices, with only a moderate inquiry and a large supply offering, showed some irregularity at a slight decline upon American descriptions: on Wednesday afternoon, however, the advices by the *Kangaroo*, from New-York, imparted a firmer tone; prices have recovered the decline above noted, and close with firmness, at the quotations of last Friday." The week's sales have been 58,130 bales, of which 9,570 were taken for speculation, and 11,040 for export. On Friday (yesterday) the sales were about 15,000 bales, including 7,000 for speculation and export—the market closing firm. The authorized quotations are:

Fair Orleans	7⅝d.	Middling Orleans	7d.
Fair Mobiles	7½d.	Middling Mobiles	6⅞d.
Fair Uplands	7⅜d.	Middling Upland	6 11-16d.

Breadstuffs.—Richardson, Spence & Co., Wakefield, Nash & Co., Bigland, Athya & Co. and others, report the Corn trade generally firm. Flour, yesterday, was quiet at former rates—say 28s.@31s. Wheat sold only to a moderate extent at the full prices of Tuesday. Red, 11s. 3d.@12s.; White, 12s. 6d.@14s. 6d. Corn in fair request and in some cases a shade dearer. Mixed, 37s.@37s. 6d.; Yellow, 38s.@38s. 6d.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Liverpool, Sunday, March 17.

The sales of Cotton yesterday were 25,000 bales, including 8,000 bales to speculators and exporters. Jas. Herrick & Co. report the market buoyant, and fully ⅛d. higher. They quote middling Orleans 7⅛d., middling Mobile 6⅞d., and middling Uplands 6¾d.

The Breadstuffs market is unchanged and firm.

The Provision market is quiet.

London, Saturday, March 16.

Consols closed at 92@92⅛ for money and 92¼@92⅜ for account.

Havre, Friday, March 15.

Cotton—Market dull. New-Orleans *tres ordinaire*, 101f.; do. *bas*, 94f. Sales of the week, 7,000 bales. Stock in port, 240,000 bales.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....March 30.

$2,000	U. S. 6s,'81.Reg.	95	145	Hud. Riv. R.	45½
16,800	U. S. 6s, '81. Cou.	92⅞	200	do..........b30	45⅝
30,000	do...........	92¾	100	do...........	45½
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90.	75¼	16	do...........	45¾
7,000	Mo. State 6s.....	66¼	100	Harlem Railroad..	16⅛
10,000	do...........	66⅝	200	do...........	16¼
5,000	do.........s30	66⅛	100	Reading R......b10	44⅝
4,000	Vir. St. 6s......	76⅝	400	do...........	44⅜
3,000	Erie R. 4th M Bs	93	160	Mich. Cen. R.......	58
3,000	Hud.Riv., 2d mt.	100	100	do.........s10	58
2,000	Hud.Riv., 3d mt.	90	60	do...........	57⅞
1,000	Mich.Cent.8 ℔ct.		50	Mich.S.& N.In. R..	17⅝
	1st mt.Skg FdCon.	106	200	do...........	17⅜
1,000	Mich. S. Skg Fd.	85¾	50	M. S. & N. I. G. S..	38⅞
4,000	do...........	86	32	do...........	38¾
1,000	Ill. Cent. R. R...	102	50	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip..	81¼
500	do...........	101½	300	do...........	81⅜
6,000	C. B. & Q. R. 8		100	do.........s10	81⅜
	p. c. Bonds....	99½	50	do.........b10	81⅝
2,000	Chi &N.W. 1 m.	44	50	do...........	81⅛
100	Pac. Mail S. Co....	85½	50	Gal. & Chic. R..s30	73¼
20	do...........	85¾	50	do.........s30	73
6	Metropolitan B'k..	105	150	do...........	73¼
20	Merch. Ex. Bank..	85	900	do.........s30	72¾
80	N. Y. Central R...	78¾	150	Clev. & Tol. R..b10	36
500	do...........	78⅝	900	do...........	35⅞
25	Erie Railroad.....	31⅞	50	do.........b60	36¼
25	do...........	32	200	do.........b30	36
10	do...........	32¼	350	Chi. & R. I. R.......	57¾
50	do...........	32⅛	50	do.........s60	57⅛
25	Mil. & Miss. R.....	11	6	do...........	57⅜
50	Chi., Bur. & Q. R..	73¾	50	do...........	57⅝

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000	U.S. 6s,'81.Cou.	92⅝	1,000	Mich. S.1stM. Bs.	90
6,000	do...........	92⅛	3,000	Ter.H.& A. 2d M.	33
3,000	U. S. 6s,'81, Reg.	95	8,000	C. & N. W. 2d M.	18½
25,000	Mo. State 6s..s30	66¼	5,000	D.,L.& W.R. 1 M.	102½
1,000	do...........	66½	100	Reading R.....b30	44⅝
5,000	do...........	66⅝	100	do...........	44⅛
10,000	do...........	66¼	200	N. Y. Cen. R.......	78⅝
2,000	do...........	66½	100	do.........b60	78¾
5,000	do.........s15	66½	100	do.........b60	78⅝
1,000	Mich. C. 8 ℔c. 1st		100	Erie Railroad..b30	32¼
	M. S. F. C. Bs....	103	100	Panama Railroad..	117
3,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90.	75¼	350	Ill. Cen. R. S...b10	81⅛
5,000	do...........	75½	50	do...........	81⅛
5,000	do.........s30	74½	100	do.........b10	81⅝
5,000	do.........b30	75	25	Galena & Chi. R...	73
20,000	do.........s5	74½	300	do...........	73⅛
12,000	do...........	74¾	50	Chic.& Rk.Is.R.b30	57¾
20,000	do.........s15	74¼			

MONDAY, April 1—A. M.

THE NEW FEDERAL LOAN for $8,000,000 will be awarded at the Treasury Department at Washington to the best bidders for the Government, in a 20-year Funded Stock, registered or coupon, bearing 6 ℔ cent. per annum interest; provided the rates offered are such as the President of the United States and Secretary of the Treasury may deem fair in the view of the alternative placed at their discretion, by Act of Congress, to adopt the use of Convertible Treasury Bills, having one or two years to run at the same rate of interest. As usual, the New-York office will be kept open by Mr. CISCO, the Sub-Treasurer, to the latest hour consistent with the departure of the Washington mail this afternoon, (4 to 5 o'clock,) for the receipt of preliminary deposits. The interest manifested in this negotiation, being the first under the new Administration, is universally lively, an additional attraction being found in the recent sudden profits made on the Loan of March 1 by the fortunate takers, because of the mistaken views of the value of the stock by numerous other parties here and in New-England, who bid too low to supply their wants direct from the Government. The number of inquiries in Wall-street at the close of last week satisfy us that the bidding will again be in considerable excess of the sum to be awarded, and the probability is that whatever the average price may be, which the Government, under the circumstances of the case, may accept for a part or the whole of the $8,000,000, an early handsome advance will be realized on the re-sales of the stock, by speculative takers. During the past week, the cash Customs paid into the Treasury have materially increased at this point, and the immediate balance at the command of the Secretary will enable him to exercise a free discretion in awarding the stock, should the heaviest bids made first, by combination or otherwise, from New-York, fall short of his views of value, or his sense of the loss, by way of Discount, to which the Government ought to submit.

The talk of price on Wall-street varied with the increasing interest which was manifested through the week in the result of the negotiation. To name either the maximum or minimum figures which have been discussed, might only mislead, one way or the other, outside parties who mean to make independent offers on their own account. But it may be proper to say that at the close on Saturday the rates spoken of as the lowest which the Government would probably accept, were 1@2 ℔ cent. better than the earlier suggestions of a portion of the Banking interest of the Street.

The competition in the round or combination bids, through three or four leading parties, is likely to be quite spirited, while the number of private or independent offers will probably exceed the previous list for the Loan of March 1. And the difficulty of arriving at the lowest figure which it may be safe to adopt, is increased over the last two negotiations by the circumstance that no general uniting among the large Banks to-day will give out to the Street, directly or indirectly, the exact rate which they will offer, as they did before, thus affording other parties the opportunity to place their points the smallest fraction higher. The round bids spoken of on Saturday are being made up, it is said, at the Bank of Commerce, and by Mr. MORRIS KETCHUM, Messrs. READ, DREXEL & Co., and Messrs. E. WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORRISON. Mr. READ and Mr. MORRISON will go over to Washington to-night, to be present at the opening of the bids at 12 o'clock to-morrow, and Mr. KETCHUM will also, no doubt, have a representative present.

The steamer *Africa*, at this port from England, March 16, confirms the very favorable Grain news, which came to hand a few days since by the *City of Baltimore*. The London and Liverpool advices are of general firmness in the trade, and an advance of 1@2 shillings the quarter in Wheat during the week. They also intimate that heavy orders were preparing for the United States, to be sent out by the *Africa*. The tone of the Cotton trade had also been restored, at the close of the week, both at Manchester and Liverpool; the India advices just received, being favorably interpreted at Manchester, while our crop receipts on this side, reported out by the *Kangaroo*, had stiffened prices at Liverpool. The Money news is also satisfactory by this arrival. The Bank of England was gaining Specie from Australia and the Continent more than sufficient to cover the withdrawals for the United States, and a further sum of $2,700,000 was known to be near at hand from Australia. The Bank of France is also gaining Specie, ($2,720,000 on the March account,) while the Discount column is involuntarily running off, so that the management, at the close of the account, reduced the rate of interest from 7 to 6 ℔ cent. A reduction to 7 ℔ cent. in London was generally looked for the following week. The return from the Bank of England for the week ending the 13th of March gives the following results when compared with the previous week:

Public deposits........	£6,638,884	Increase..	£732,397
Other deposits..........	11,691,684	Decrease..	157,094
Rest....................	3,816,784	Increase..	13,535
Government securities.	9,479,729	Increase ..	524,953
Other securities........	20,021,017	Decrease .	516,982
Notes unemployed.....	6,883,645	Increase...	549,860

The amount of notes in circulation is £19,035,330 being a decrease of £257,640, and the stock of bullion in both departments is £12,329,412, showing an increase of £269,359, when compared with the preceding return. Both the English and American Railways in London were firm on the Stock Exchange, and the price of Consols fully equal to the advance reported by last steamer. With reference to the market for American securities, Messrs. W. BELL, SON & Co. report as follows:

The market for American securities during the past week has showed a decided improvement. The actual transactions in State and City stocks have been more numerous, at generally improved prices. There has also been a considerable demand for the best description of railroad bonds, more particularly for those of the New-York and Erie and Michigan Central lines.

The general trade at New-York the past week has been moderately good, though still partially distributed. The preparations for the late Spring business among the Importers are somewhat increased, a large amount of Goods being passed through the Customs. The New Tariff goes into operation to-day, but the practical effect upon the rates of duty will not be experienced for some weeks yet, as all Merchandise now in Bond, and all that may have been shipped from abroad within fifteen days after the passage of this Act, of March 2, will come in under the schedules of 1857. The Import entries of the week, including the Dry Goods table in our last paper, amount to $3,896,493, against $4,621,363 same time last year. The Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods amount to $1,411,242, against $1,688,836 same time last year. The Export of Specie is quite inconsiderable—$6,088, against $706,006 same week last year. While the additional receipts of English Gold, exclusive of the sum on the *Africa*, (not yet landed,) are $1,820,000. These arrivals and the dullness of employment for Money on this side, have induced a further advance in Exchange on London, which sold for Saturday's mail at 108 @108½, and is now quoted for Bank and Bankers' bills 108 to 108½ ℔ cent. Money is 5@6 ℔ cent. on call and on prime short paper.

According to the Official Custom-house returns of the Foreign Trade at New-York, for eight months of the current fiscal year, the Import entries of Foreign Merchandise (exclusive of Bullion) from July 1, 1860, to 28th Feb. ult., were of the value of.......$146,009,000

Add four weeks in March........	10,930,535
Total entered to date........	$156,939,535
Against same time last year........	175,983,202
Decrease since July 1........	$19,043,667

The same tables make the Export clearances of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods (including Foreign articles reëxported,) from July 1, 1860, to 28th Feb. ult., of the value of....$81,872,000

Add four weeks in March........	8,951,117
Total to date........	$90,823,117
Against same time last year........	56,404,993
Increase to date........	$34,418,124

The Exports of Specie from New-York from

July 1 last to date, are........	$21,901,000
Against same time last year........	40,732,000
Decrease since July 1........	$18,831,000

The receipts of Gold from California, Europe, and the West Indies from 1st July, 1860, to date, are as follows:

From California........	$26,392,000
Foreign Gold direct........	22,657,000
Foreign Gold *via* Boston........	4,599,000
Total since 1st July........	$53,648,000

COURSE OF THE STOCK-EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

New 6 ℔ cent. Stock of U. S. of 1881........	95¼@95
New-York Central........	78¾@78⅝
New-York and Erie........	32@32¼
Reading........	44¾@44⅛
Rock Island........	58¾@57⅛
Michigan Guaranteed........	39@38⅞
Michigan Southern........	17¾@17⅝
Michigan Central........	58@57⅞
Toledo........	35⅞@35⅞
Galena........	72¾@73⅛
Illinois Central........	82@81⅛
Panama........	116½@117⅛
Pacific Mail........	86¼@85½
Missouris........	66¼@66
Virginias........	79@76½
Tennessees........	75¾@74½
Illinois Central Bonds........	100¼@102
Hudson River........	45¾@45⅝
Harlem Preferred........	39¾@41⅛
Burlington and Quincy........	73¾@73⅛
Harlem, Common........	15⅝@16

The Stock report for the week presents few points for remark, beyond a somewhat remarkable steadiness of prices against a rather preponderating *Bearish* interest on the Street. The fluctuations from the opening to the closing quotations of the week, it will be noticed, are unusually light, on the Railway Shares, while the decline on the Government Stocks of 1881, pending a further negotiation of $8,000,000 of the same loan, is only ½ ℔ cent. on the registered Certificates, and ½@1 on the Coupon Stock; the latter being pressed at the close of the week, apparently on account of, if not purposely to affect the bidding at Washington to-morrow. On Saturday afternoon some considerable parcels of State Stocks were sold, on telegraphic order from the West, where a further liquidation of the Free Bank circulation, based on these Securities, is announced in a dispatch from Chicago. The Railway mortgages, both at the Brokers' Board, and by private purchase, continued firm, and a further rise on Michigan Southerns and Erie Fourths is noted for the week. The general market on Saturday afternoon closed steadily; New-York Central 78⅝ ℔ cent., with a moderate business doing.

As this is the last day for bidding from New-York for the new Government Loan, it would not be very surprising if the Street should be found with a number of *sensation dispatches*, about 2 or 3 o'clock, regarding some apprehended collision or other serious difficulty at the South, tending to produce the impression that the Government is soon to be brought into deadly conflict with the Confederated States of the Gulf. As there is no present evidence from Administration sources at Washington, or through the Commissioners from the Gulf now at the seat of Government, of the imminence, much less the deliberate intention of such conflict, the bidders for the Loan will, of course, be on their guard in regard to the authenticity of such dispatches, should they make their appearance at a critical hour.

The Shoe and Leather Bank has declared its usual half-yearly Dividend of 4 ℔ cent, which will be paid out of the earnings of the last six months, and then leave a handsome addition to the surplus or undivided fund of the Bank.

The *Commercial Advertiser* of Saturday afternoon remarks:

> "The principal topic of conversation at the close of the week is the Government Loan of eight millions to be awarded on Tuesday next. There are several private parties of bidders making up, but there has been thus far, no movement among the associated Banks to act as a body in the matter. There is no doubt that the offerings will be more than sufficient to absorb the whole loan, the only question being as to whether the rates will prove sufficiently satisfactory to the Government to induce their acceptance. *Our present impression is that the views on that head, held in Washington, are somewhat above those of capitalists here*, and that the Department may be induced to avail itself of the option permitted, of resorting to an issue of small Treasury Notes."

The Bull's Head Bank has declared a half-yearly Dividend of 4 ℔ cent.

Messrs. GREGORY and BANCROFT, purchasers of the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, at the late sale under foreclosure of the first mortgage, have issued a circular to the bondholders, announcing that after the 2d of April they will be prepared to purchase the bonds and detached coupons secured by the mortgage, at their office, No. 11 Pine-street, at the following rates, being the proportionate amounts of the bids:

"For each bond, with coupons from July, 1854, to January, 1859, inclusive, 10 coupons..........	$140
For each bond with 9 coupons of above dates....	126
For each bond with 8 coupons of above dates....	112
For each bond with 7 coupons of above dates....	98
For each bond with 6 coupons of above dates....	84
For each bond with 5 coupons of above dates....	70
For each detached coupon..........	14

Holders of bonds with ten matured coupons of above dates attached may receive, at their option, in lieu of cash, scrip for a new bond for 20 ℔ cent. of the par value of the principal, secured by a mortgage of the property purchased, and a lease to the Erie Railway Company upon its organization, to be issued upon the reorganization of the Company.

The bondholders are requested to present their bonds and coupons immediately, as the option to take bonds must expire on the 20th May, when the balance of the bid not paid by us in cash or scrip becomes payable to the referee."

The following is a synopsis of the bill which has passed the Legislature for the reorganization of the Erie Railroad:

SEC. 1. Provides that Dudley S. Gregory and J. C. Bancroft Davis, Trustees between the creditors and shareholders of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company, and such persons as may associate with them, shall become a body corporate upon filing with the Secretary of State articles of association, in which the capital stock of the Company shall be stated at an amount not exceeding that of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company; and the preferred stock shall be equal to the total unsecured and judgment-debt of said Company, with the interest thereon.

SEC. 2. The holders and owners of unsecured and judgment-debts against the Company, entitled to receive the preferred stock for their respective debts and interest, shall present the same before July 29, and in payment of the *pro rata* assessments as levied thereon by the Trustees, shall be entitled to receive said stock. In case of dispute as to any claims or the amount thereof, final adjudication shall be made by the referee as ordered by the Supreme Court under the fifth mortgage, or by such other reference as the Court may order.

SEC. 3. Upon the final report of the referee the Erie Railway Company shall file a further certificate with the Secretary of State, stating the whole amount of the preferred stock to be issued, which shall not exceed the amount settled by the trustees or adjudicated by the referee, and the amount of the preferred and unpreferred stock shall be as declared in said certificate.

SEC. 4. The preferred stock to be entitled to dividends out of the net earnings if earned in the current year, but not otherwise, not to exceed 7 ℔ cent. ℔ annum, payable semi-annually after payment of mortgage interest and delayed coupons in full. Holders of the preferred to have the same vote as the holders of the common stock.

SEC. 5. We cite in full: No suit or proceeding shall be commenced against the Receiver of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company, (unless founded on willful misconduct or fraud in his trust) except such as shall be commenced before the expiration of 60 days from the time of the discharge of such Receiver; but it is further provided that, after the expiration of the said 60 days, the Corporation that shall own or operate said railroad shall be liable in any action that may be commenced against said Company, and founded on any act or omission of such Receiver, (for which he may not as aforesaid be sued,) and to the same extent as said Receiver, but for this act, would be or remain liable, or to the same extent that such Corporation would be, had it done or omitted the acts complained of against such Receiver.

SEC. 6. The act to take immediate effect.

The earnings by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad line, in the third week in March, were:

	1860.	1861.	
Freight......	$29,755 00	$32,988 00	Inc. $3,233 00
Passengers..	12,537 37	10,519 79	Dec. 2,017 58
Totals......	$42,292 37	$43,507 79	Inc. $1,215 42

The following recent act of Congress is a relief to shipowners and importers in regard to the early discharge of foreign cargoes:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That whenever any goods, wares or merchandise shall be imported into any port of the United States, from any foreign port, in any ship or vessel, at the expiration of eight working days, if the ship or vessel shall be less than three hundred tons burden, and within twelve working days, if it be of three hundred tons burden and less than eight hundred, and within fifteen days, if it be of eight hundred tons burden and upward, after the time within which the report of the master, or person having charge or command of any ship or vessel required to be made to the Collector of the District, if there shall be found any goods, wares or merchandise, other than shall have been reported for some other district, or some foreign port or place, the Collector shall take possession thereof, but with the consent of the owner or consignee of any goods, wares or merchandise, or with the consent of the owner or master of the vessel in which the same may be imported, the said goods, wares, or merchandise may be taken possession of by the Collector, after one day's notice to the Collector of the District.—Approved March 2, 1861.

At auction on Saturday, A. H. MULLER sold $50,000 of North Carolina Sixes of 1886, supposed to be a portion of those abstracted, or said to have been abstracted, from the Indian Trust Fund, at the following prices:

$25,000........	54½ ℔ cent
10,000........	64½ ℔ cent
15,000........	63½ ℔ cent.

Messrs. TAYLOR BROTHERS, of No. 76 Wall-street, have to-day established a branch office at No. 247 Broadway, for the accommodation of their customers.

The following is the March report of business at the Office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York:

March 1, 1861, by balance........		$7,276,218 23
Receipts during the month:		
On account of Customs...	$2,288,647 27	
On account of Patent Fees........	4,238 85	
On account of Post-Office Department........	1,003,396 31	
On account of Miscellaneous........	25,834 82	
On account of Loan.....	739,516 75—	4,061,634 00
Total........		$11,337,852 23
Payments:		
Treasury Drafts........	7,446,113 23	
Post-office do........	843,643 00—	8,289,756 23
March 30, 1861, balance........		$3,048,096 00
By Balance, Cr. Disbursing Accounts........	$1,668,412 61	
By receipts during the month........	2,987,034 31—	$4,655,446 92
To payments........		1,868,895 90
Balance........		$2,786,551 02
By Balance Cr., Interest Accounts....		$65,351 65
To Payments........		10,045 69
Balance........		$55,305 96
By Receipts for Customs in M'ch 1861.		$2,288,647 27
By Receipts for Customs in M'ch 1860.		3,472,548 20
Decrease in March, 1861........		$1,183,900 93
By Balance Cr. Bullion and Expense Account for Assay Office........		$92,964 46
By Coin Received during the Month........	5,043,726 81	
By Fine Bars Received during the month........	71,225 42—	5,114,952 23
Total........		$5,207,916 69
To Payments in Coin....	$4,969,188 47	
To Payments in Fine Bars	39,098 55—	5,008,287 02
Balance........		$199,629 67
By Coin in hand in Assistant Treasurer's Office.	$5,889,952 98	
By Coin in hand in Assay Office........	1,383,190 92—	$7,273,143 90
By Fine Bars in Assay Office........	$67,447 49	
By Unparted Bullion in Assay Office........	202,513 00	
By Bullion at the Mint for Coinage........	3,257,000 00—	$3,526,960 49
Total........		$10,800,104 39
Less due Depositors........		4,707,262 40
Balance........		$6,092,841 99

Statement of business at the United States Assay Office, at New-York, for the month ending March 30, 1861:

Deposits of Gold.

Foreign Coins........	$2,700,000	
Foreign Bullion........	500,000	
United States Bullion........	1,840,000—	$5,040,000 00

Deposits of Silver, including Purchases.

Foreign Coins........	$60,000	
Foreign Bullion........	65,000	
United States Bullion, (contained in Gold,)........	16,800	
United States Bullion, (Old Coins)........	15,200	
Washoe........	8,000—	$165,000 00
Total Deposits, payable in Bars.	260,000	
Total Deposits, payable in Coins........	4,945,000—	5,205,000 00
Gold Bars stamped........		2,368,270 47
Transmitted to United States Mint, Philadelphia, for coinage........		$3,658,600 00

The following are the latest quotations for Exchange on New-York received by mail by Mr. J. T. VAN VLECK, No 4 Broad street:

March 29..	Philadelphia........	par.
March 29..	Boston........	par.
		Premium.
March 21..	New Orleans........	⅛@ ¾
March 23..	Mobile........	½@ ⅝
March 29..	Baltimore........	par.@1-10
March 29..	Washington........	½@ ⅞
March 26..	Charleston........	3 @ 3½
March 28..	Richmond........	5¼@ 5⅝
March 27..	Petersburgh........	5¼@ 5⅝
March 27..	Norfolk........	5¼@ 5⅝
March 27..	Augusta........	3 @ 3½
March 27..	Savannah........	3 @ 4
March 27..	Chicago........	5 @ 5½
March 27..	Milwaukee........	5½@ 6
March 27..	Cleveland........	⅝@ ¾
March 26..	St. Louis........	3 @ 3½
March 27..	Louisville........	⅝@ ¾
March 28..	Detroit........	1 @ 1¼
March 27..	Cincinnati........	⅝@ ¾
March 28..	Pittsburgh........	1¼@ 1½
March 21..	Houston, Texas........	1 @ 1½
March 26..	Montgomery........	3 @ 3¼
March 25..	Memphis........	2½@ 3
March 26..	Columbia, S. C........	3 @ 3½
March 28..	Canada........	⅝@ ¾
March 18..	Austin, Texas........	1 @ 1½
March 25..	Athens, Ga........	3 @ 4
March 27..	Raleigh, N. C........	6 @ 7

The Anthracite Coal trade sums up last week as follows compared with last season:

	1860. Week.	Total.	1861. Week.	Total
P. & R. R. R..	35,408	437,889	25,942	379,286
Schuyl. Canal..	29,819	51,180	15,396	21,890
L. Val. R. R...	14,860	226,923	9,371	227,407
Scranton S'th..	13,464	143,469	8,847	136,283
Do. North...	2,492	28,419	4,974	41,529
Broad Top....	3,223	37,068	2,769	30,130
Shamokin.....	2,157	21,596	2,168	32,618
Trevorton....	—	11,508	—	9,463
Sh. Mt., H. T...	1,288	6,050	205	4,777
Lykens Valley..	939	6,146	1,101	7,186
Total.......	103,650	970,850	70,413	890,509

At the annual election for Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Road, held on the 27th inst., there were 56,527 votes polled, and the old Board were elected without opposition.

The interest due April 1 by the City of Vincennes, on the securities issued to the Illinois Southern Railroad Company, will be paid on presentation to GILEAD A. SMITH, No. 207 Broadway.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 30, 1861—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 77 bbls. Ashes; 9,975 bbls. Flour; 675 bbls. Corn Meal; 11,228 bushels Wheat; 6,978 bushels Corn; 318 bushels Rye; 1,212 bushels Barley; 3,805 bushels Oats; 789 pkgs. Provisions and 653 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue in demand, including Pots at $5 31¼ and Pearls at $5 31¼@$5 37½ ℔ 100 lbs.; stock in the inspection warehouse, this morning, 263 bbls., including 183 bbls. Pots, and 80 bbls. Pearls.

COFFEE—Sales to-day 3,000 mats Java at 16½c., and 180 bags Rio at 11¾c. ℔ lb., usual credit.

COTTON—Is in moderate request, including Middling Upland, at 12¼c.@12⅜c.; and other grades at proportionate rates ℔ lb.; sales 2,500 bales, including 1,000 bales *in transitu*.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western Flour opened heavily to-day, and prices declined a shade. Toward the close the demand improved, and more firmness was apparent, holders refusing to sell at rates under those current yesterday. Receipts of Flour have been moderate. The reported transactions comprise 13,400 bbls., including superfine State at $5 25@$5 35; ordinary to choice Extra State at $5 40 @$5 60, chiefly $5 45, the lowest rate at the close; Superfine Western at $5 25@$5 35; Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois at $5 40@$6 25; Extra Indiana and Michigan at $5 45@$6 50; inferior Extra Ohio at $5 55@$5 60; round-hoop Extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 65@$5 75, mainly at $5 65@$5 70, ℔ bbl.

Superfine State........	$5 25 @$5 35
Extra State........	5 40 @ 5 60
Superfine Western........	5 25 @ 5 35
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois..	5 40 @ 6 25
Extra Indiana and Michigan........	5 45 @ 6 50
Inferior Extra Ohio........	5 55 @ 5 60
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping bds.	5 65 @ 5 75
Extra Ohio, trade brands........	5 80 @ 7 15
Fancy Genesee........	5 65 @ 5 75
Extra Genesee........	5 80 @ 7 25
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri....	5 75 @ 7 25

Southern Flour continues in good demand, at buoyant prices; sales 2,750 bbls., at $5 45@$5 90 for very poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $5 95@$7 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour is in moderate request, including inferior to very choice extra at $5 40@$7 50 ℔ bbl.; sales 575 bbls. Rye Flour rules quiet at $3 30@$4 05 for fine and superfine, ℔ bbl. Corn Meal continues in demand at $2 80@$2 85 for Jersey, and $3 20 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl. Buckwheat Flour is selling at $1 50@$1 75 ℔ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in fair demand, but rather lower prices. Shippers have been the principal buyers. The reported sales since our last reach 67,000 bushels, including White Western at $1 46@$1 66, the latter an extra price for small lots of very superior; red Western, in store, afloat, and delivered, at $1 35@$1 38; Milwaukee Club, in store and afloat, at $1 28@$1 30; Chicago Spring, part No. 1, in store, at $1 25; red State at $1 30; red Jersey and White Southern, on private terms, ℔ bushel. Corn has been depressed, and prices have favored buyers; sales 44,500 bushels at 64½c.@65c. for new mixed Western, from railroad dépôt; 68c.@70c., mainly at 68c.@69c. for old do. do., in store and delivered; 68c. @70c. for yellow Southern, and 70c. for white Southern, ℔ bushel. Rye is quiet at 65c.@65½c. ℔ bushel; sales 1,100 bushels. Barley is unchanged. Oats are in less demand, including Canada at 33½c.@34c.; Western at 33c.@34c.; and State, 34c.@35c. ℔ bushel.

HAY—Sales 500 bales North River, at 75c.@80c. ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been very quiet, including New, at 16c.@24c., according to quality, ℔ lb.

LEATHER—Sole has been rather more sought after, and prices have been supported. The week's receipts reach 23,000 sides.

METALS—Have been very quiet, here, to-day. In Philadelphia, it has been stated that contracts have been made for 15,000 tons, chiefly No. 1 Anthracite Pig, at $21 ℔ ton, on time, to be sent to the East; but including 2,000 tons Forge, to go West, on private terms.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been purchased to the extent of 500 bbls., in lots, at $16 75@$16 87½ for Mess; and $12 50@$13 for Prime, ℔ bbl. Cut Meats and Bacon have been quiet. Lard tends downward; sales 500 tcs. and bbls., at from 9c.@9¾c. ℔ lb. Beef has been sparingly sought after, and sales have been confined to 150 bbls., at $10@$11 for extra Mess, $8 50@$9 67 for repacked Western Mess, and $5 75@$6 25 for Country Mess, ℔ bbl. Beef Hams, $12 50@$15 50 ℔ bbl. Butter continues inactive at 10c.@15c. for Western, and 14c.@19c. for State, ℔ lb. Cheese is dull and heavy, at 8c.@10½c. ℔ lb.

RICE—Sales have been reported of 250 tcs., in lots, at $3 37@$4 ℔ 100 lbs.

SUGARS—Continue in good demand. The transactions since our last reach 2,800 hhds., chiefly Cuba, at 4¼c.@5½c.; and 500 boxes Havana, part at 6c.@6½c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been made of 350 bbls., at 17½c.@17¾c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been rather quiet, to-day, at our quotations: For Liverpool—Flour 3s. ℔ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 10½d.@11d.; Corn, 10d.@10½d. ℔ bush; Cotton, ½d.@5-16d. ℔ lb.; Resin, 3s.@3s. 3d. ℔ 310 lbs.; Beef, 5s. 6d. ℔ tierce; Cheese, Lard and Bacon, 32s. 6d.@35s.; Tallow, 30s.@32s. 6d. ℔ ton. For Glasgow—Flour, 3s.6d.@3s. 7½d. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 10d.@11d. ℔ bushel. Resin 3s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; Bacon and Lard, 40s. ℔ ton. For London—Flour, 3s. 6d.@3s. 7½d. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 11d.@12d. ℔ bushel; Resin, 4s.; Pork, 4s. 6d. ℔ bbl.; Beef, 8s. 6d. ℔ tierce; and Bacon and Lard, 40s.; Cheese, 40s.; Tallow, 37s. 6d.; Saltpetre, 35s. ℔ ton. The latest charters, according to the *Shipping List*, have been: a ship, 1,126 tons, to Acapulco, 1,600 tons Coal, at $14; one, 700 tons, (now bound to Liverpool) from Quebec to London, Deals, £5; an Italian bark, 313 tons, to Newcastle, England, Resin, 4s. 3d.; a schooner, 111 tons, from Jacksonville to Sagua and back to New-York, Sugar, 55c., and Molasses, $3 50 on deck; a brig, 227 tons, to Porto Rico and back, 42½c., and $3; a schooner, 225 tons, to Sagua and back to a port North of Hatteras, 40c. and $3; schooner *S. C. Evans*, to Havana, $1,450; a brig, 250 tons, to north side Cuba and back, 40c. and $3; one, 207 tons, and one, 295 tons, same voyage, Sugar, 38c., Melado, 34c., and Molasses, $3 50 under, and $3 on deck; one 211 tons, same, 40c., 34c., $3 50 and $3.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM THE UNITED STATES.

	Leave.	For.	
Teutonia........	New-York........	Southampton..	Ap'l 1
Northern Light..	New-York........	Aspinwall.....	Ap'l 1
Bienville........	New-York........	Havana........	Ap'l 1
John Bell........	New-York........	Glasgow........	Ap'l 2
Canada........	Boston........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 3
City of Baltimore	New-York........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 6
Illinois........	New-York........	Southampton..	Ap'l 6
Africa........	New-York........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 10
New-York........	New-York........	Bremen........	Ap'l 13
Kangaroo........	New-York........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 13
Borussia........	New-York........	Southampton..	Ap'l 15
Europa........	Boston........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 17
Baltic........	New-York........	Havre........	Ap'l 20
Edinburgh........	New-York........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 20
Persia........	New-York........	Liverpool.......	Ap'l 24
United Kingdom.	New-York........	Glasgow........	Ap'l 23

FROM EUROPE.

John Bell........	Glasgow........	New-York........	Mch 2
North American.	Liverpool........	Portland........	Mch 14
Borussia........	Southampton....	New-York........	Mch 18
New-York........	Southampton....	New-York........	Mch 20
Kangaroo........	Liverpool........	New-York........	Mch 20
United Kingdom.	Glasgow........	New-York........	Mch 23
Europa........	Liverpool........	Boston........	Mch 23
Hibernia........	Galway........	New-York........	Mch 26
Edinburgh........	Liverpool........	New-York........	Mch 27
Persia........	Liverpool........	New York........	Mch 30
Fulton........	Southampton....	New-York........	Ap'l 3
Glasgow........	Liverpool........	New-York........	Ap'l 3
Bavaria........	Southampton....	New-York........	Ap'l 4
Kedar........	Liverpool........	New-York........	Ap'l 6
Bremen........	Southampton....	New-York........	Ap'l 17
Hammonia........	Southampton....	New-York........	Ap'l 18

Departure of Ocean Mails.

The Mails for the Pacific by the steamship *Northern Light* will close at the Post-office to-day, (Monday,) at 10 A. M.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

Overland Mail leaves St. Louis City every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. [Letters for California, if intended for the Overland Route, should be marked "Overland."]

North mails close at........	5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South mails close at........	5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
East mails *via* Railroad........	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
East mails *via* Steamboat........	3 P. M.
The through Boston mail closes also at........	6:30 P. M.

On Sunday all mails close at 1:30 P. M.

PERSONAL

MR. HARVEY ALLEN OLNEY.—IF THIS should meet the eye of this gentleman, he is requested to communicate with his mother, and also with Mr. SALTWELL, and to return to England immediately, as his presence is required.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE NORTH-AMERICAN REVIEW.
NO. CXCI.—FOR APRIL, 1861.

CONTENTS.

ARTICLE I.—Criminal Procedure.
II.—Smith's Tables of Ecclesiastical History.
III.—Explorations in Eastern Africa.
IV.—Documentary History of the Revolution.
V.—De Gerando.
VI.—Temporal Power of the Church.
VII.—The Literature of Power.
VIII.—Slavery; its Origin and its Remedy.
IX.—Appleton on the Rules of Evidence.
X.—Travel in Europe.
XI.—Critical Notices.
XII.—New Publications Received.

THE REVIEW is published on the first of January, April, July and October, in numbers of nearly three hundred pages each, at five dollars a year.

The Dubuque *Daily Times* says: "This Review is one of the oldest, ablest, most vigorous and interesting periodicals published either in America or Great Britain. It has now reached its ninety fifth volume; having been steadily published for nearly half a century. From the first it has been essentially, almost exclusively, literary; and maintained the front rank of literary culture. Its editors have been in succession as we name them: William Tudor, Judge Willard Phillips, Jared Sparks, Edward T. Channing, Edward Everett, Jared Sparks, (second time,) Alexander H. Everett, John G. Palfrey and A. P. Peabody. It has always commanded the highest class of talent. Among its contributors have been President John Adams, Daniel Webster, Chief Justice Shaw, Lewis Cass, Edward Everett, R. C. Winthrop, Charles Sumner, George Bancroft, Washington Irving, W. H. Prescott, J. L. Motley, Percival, Bryant, Longfellow, Nathaniel Bowditch, Prof. Farrar, Prof. Gray, Prof. Wyman, and Dr. Worcester. It has done more than any other periodical to call out and sustain that scholarly ability of the American mind, which, within the last thirty years has placed several of our writers among the first of the age. It was this Review which developed the rare editorial and biographical ability of Mr. Sparks; here Bancroft, Prescott, and Motley published those early papers, which have been succeeded by their masterly histories; here Everett, contributing no less than one hundred and sixteen lengthy articles, perfected that classic style which is hardly equaled by any other living writer. Here, in short, we may trace the growth of a large number of our most eminent minds; here they love to linger, publishing condensed, brilliant papers, which often contain more important matter, and afford keener gratification, than any of their elaborate works."

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IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. A Boarding School for Boys. The Forty-seventh Semi-Annual Session, will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 1st. Circulars may be obtained of Jas. N. Whitehead, rooms of A. B. H. M. Society, No. 117 Nassau-st., or by addressing the Principal, D. S. ROWE, M. A.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, Washington-square, G. W. CLARKE, A. M., and JAS. FANNING, A. M., Proprietors and Principals, opens the closing term of its eighteenth school year April 17, 1861.

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Chas. Ferrero,
E. Gellibrand,
Samuel Woodward,
&c., &c.

The following unsolicited communication (among a multitude of similar ones in possession of the Principals) we have the author's permission to mention:

No. 128 BROADWAY, March 11, 1861.

G. W. CLARKE, Esq.

MY DEAR SIR: In the pressure of professional engagements I forgot to excuse the withdrawal of my two sons last November. I desire now to say to you that a change of residence to the country rendered it necessary, and that at an early day they will, I trust, return to your excellent Institution, to remain until fitted for College. Of the unsurpassed advantages of your School I can bear witness, for the progress of my sons under your care was *all and more* than I could have expected. Their residence in the country has led me to believe that *New-York City is the best place for the instruction and training of youth*—as I doubt not that your school is one of the best in the City. Yours truly,

JOHN LIVINGSTON.

P. S.—Parents are invited to visit the school, where catalogues of particulars may be obtained. Mr. CLARKE (the resident Principal) may be conferred with at all hours of the day and evening.

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YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL, STAMFORD, CONN.—The next term opens April 15. Terms, including board, tuition, vocal music, drawing and Calisthenics, $250 per year. No extra charges except for modern languages, music and oil painting. The school is delightfully located on Strawberry Hill, affording an attractive and beautiful home, as well as many advantages for a thorough and accomplished education. Professors and Lecturers from New-York City are engaged at the school. For circulars apply to

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TO TEACHERS.—A FAMILY RESIDING IN A pleasant locality, a short distance in the country, would like to receive into their family a young lady of refinement, thoroughly competent to instruct in French and music, who would be willing to teach two hours each day as compensation for board and a pleasant home during the Spring and Summer months. Best references given and required. Address W. S. WILLIAMS, New York City Post office.

AS TEACHER.—A GENTLEMAN OF COLLEGIATE education, and of ten years' experience in public, classical and boarding schools, invites the correspondence of parties really desiring the services of a thoroughly accomplished teacher, disciplinarian and linguist. Address ENERGY, Box No. 192 Times Office, or call at No. 205 Ewen-st., Williamsburgh, for two weeks.

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SILK AND VELVET ROBES,
At less than Half the Cost of Importation.
LACES, EMBROIDERIES,
LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
At a Great Reduction.
REAL INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR, BROCHE, CASHMERE, STELLA, PLAID and other SHAWLS,
At a great Reduction on Cost of Importation.
MOURNING GOODS, IN EVERY VARIETY,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
10,000 yards Best Quality PRINTED FRENCH LAWNS and ORGANDIES, at 18¾ cents per yard.
450 Best Quality FRENCH ORGANDIE ROBES, very elegant and desirable styles—At Less than Half the Cost of Importation.
BAREGE AND GRENADINE ROBES, IN GREAT VARIETY—At an Immense Sacrifice on Cost.
100 pieces BAREGE ANGLAIS, at 10 cents per yard, worth 18¾ cents.
250 pieces SUMMER POPLINS, for Traveling Dresses, at 10 cents per yard.
CLOTHS, CLOAKINGS DOESKINS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,
AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.
Also, an UNSURPASSED ASSORTMENT of COTTON, THREAD, MERINO, LAMB'S WOOL and SILK HOSIERY and UNDER GARMENTS, at a great sacrifice on Cost. Also, in addition to the above, will be offered a GREAT VARIETY OF GOODS NOT BEFORE EXHIBITED, viz: A Choice Assortment of TRAVELING DRESS GOODS, MOZAMBIQUES, BAREGE ANGLAIS, GRENADINES, SILKS, CHALIES, LAMA CLOTHS, POIL DE CHEVRES, CALICOES, MUSLINS, BRILLIANTS, LINEN DAMASKS, TABLE CLOTHS, FLANNELS, &c.,
AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
No. 355 Broadway.

AT KINZEY'S,
GREAT PANIC SALE;
COMMENCING MONDAY MORNING, 9 A. M.,
OF NEW SPRING GOODS.
GREAT SACRIFICE OF GOODS
At the Auction Sales, opening $20,000 worth of Goods from Auction,
AT KINZEY'S,
Nos. 221 and 223 Eighth-av.,
LACES, EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, STRAW GOODS.
GREAT RIBBON SALE.
2,500 yards Trimming Ribbons, 3c., 4c., 6c.
2,500 yards Spring Bonnet Ribbons, 6c., 8c.
2,500 yards Spring Bonnet Ribbons, 9c., 10c.
3,500 yards Rich all Silk Plaid Ribbons, 12½c.
3,500 yards Rich all silk Corded Edge, 12½c.
3,500 yards Rich Striped, all Silk, 12½c.
8,000 yards Splendid Ribbons, 15c., 18c.
NEW SPRING FLOWERS, 3c. Spray.
NEW SPRING FLOWERS, 6c. Spray.
NEW SPRING FLOWERS, 8c. Spray.
NEW SPRING FLOWERS, 12c Spray.
STRAW BONNETS.
3,600 STRAW BONNETS, 6c., 12c.
2,000 STRAW BONNETS, 25c., 31c.
2,509 Split Straws Rough and Ready Cantons, Pedals. Tuscans, Neapolitans, Fancy Straws, 37c., 50c., 75c., $1 00.
Bonnet Silk Blond Laces and Millinery Goods.
OPENING NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS,
OPENING NEW DRESS BUTTONS.
KINZEY SELLS CLARK'S COTTON, 3c. Spool.
KINZEY SELLS WILLAMANTIC COTTON, 3c. Spool.
KINZEY SELLS SPOOL COTTON, 6c. a dozen.
KINZEY SELLS BEST PINS 3c. a paper.
KINZEY SELLS BEST NEEDLES 3c. a paper.
KINZEY SELLS HOOKS AND EYES, 2c.; Twilled Tapes, 1c.; Skirt Braids, 2c.; Working Cottons, 2c., and all other Fancy Goods at same rate of prices.
PANIC SALE OF HOSIERY.
3,000 pairs Ladies' and Misses' Hose, 8c.
3,000 pairs Ladies' and Misses' Hose, 6c.
2,500 pairs Gent.'s and Boys' Half-Hose, 8c. and 6c.
10,000 Ladies', Gent.'s and Misses' Hose, from auction, closing out at 8c., 10c. and 12c.
KINZEY SELLS LISLE GLOVES at 6c. and 8c.
KINZEY SELLS LISLE GAUNTLETS at 12c. and 15c.
KINZEY is opening over 8,000 pairs ladies' misses' and gents.' Gloves from auction, about half price, from 10c. to 25c.
GREAT BARGAINS IN EMBROIDERIES.
KINZEY has a job lot of Collars closing at 6c., 12c.
KINZEY has a job lot of Collars closing at 18c., 25c.
KINZEY has a job lot of Collars worth $1, at 50c.
OPENING 2,000 new style Collars, rich goods.
OPENING 750 new style Sets, rich goods.
From auction, 1,500 fine linen sets Sleeves and Collars, in colors and white, at 75c. the set, half-price.
KINZEY has job lots of Bands very cheap, 5c. to 25c.
KINZEY has 2,000 fine French Lace Barbes, 12c., 18c.
BARGAINS IN HANDKERCHIEFS.
5,000 gents' colored bordered, fast colors, 5c., 6c., 10c.
2,000 ladies' white, all styles, 5c., 6c., 8c., 10c.
2,000 ladies' and misses' hemstitch, 10c., 15c.
1,000 fine needle work and hemstitch, 50c.
OPENING ENGLISH CRAPE COLLARS, 25c. to 50c.
KINZEY is opening an entire invoice of rich Embroideries, at one half Broadway prices.
KINZEY has a job lot of Dress Trimmings at 12½c. per piece.
OPENING LARGE INVOICE OF LACE VEILS CHEAP, with many other Goods, bought at regular panic prices.
MILLINERS SUPPLIED.
GOODS OF ALL KINDS AT WHOLESALE LESS THAN JOBBERS' PRICES
WM. KINZEY, Nos. 221 and 223 Eighth-av.,
Between Twenty-first and Twenty-second-sts.

BANKRUPT STOCK OF DRY GOODS.
GREAT SALE OF THE BANKRUPT STOCK
from the Assignees of the late firm of
FRIEDHOFF & MEYER,
No. 289 GRAND-ST., corner of Eldridge.
The above goods have all been purchased within one year, and are the most desirable stock of DRY GOODS ever offered to the public at a bankrupt sale; embracing a large variety of
SILKS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, LINENS, HABERDASHERY,
and a large line of Dress Goods, from a 6d. calico to a $4 Silk Dress.
LADIES should embrace this splendid opportunity, and avail themselves of the
GREAT BARGAINS
now offered at No. 289 GRAND-ST.,
(corner of Eldridge.)

AN IMPORTER'S SALE
OF
BLACK PUSHER LACE FLOUNCINGS,
Removed to our premises for
Convenience of Sale,
THE WHOLE ARE TO BE SOLD
AT HALF PRICES,
In order to convert them into Cash at once.
Regular Prices, $2 00, will be sold at $1 00.
Regular Prices, 2 50, will be sold at 1 25.
Regular Prices, 3 00, will be sold at 1 50.
Regular Prices, 4 00, will be sold at 2 00.
Regular Prices, 4 50, will be sold at 2 50.
[illegible] Broadway.

RICH SPRING SILKS,
Reduced from
$1 25 to 75c.
BLACK SILKS,
Reduced from
$1 25 to $1.
JAMES GRAY & CO.,
No. 729 Broadway, corner Waverley-place.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS
IN SILKS.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Will offer on MONDAY, April 1,
500 Pieces BROCHE, LANCE AND CHENE
POULT DE SOIES,
At 75c. per yard.
(Cost of Importation, $1 to $1 25.)

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
A SPENDID ASLORTMENT
NOW OPEN.
A. T. STEWART & CO.

ZEPHYR WORSTED, BEST QUALITY, FROM 12½ CENTS.—The up-town thread, needle and trimming store. Cottons, bobbins, braids, buttons, [illegible], bindings, tapes and ribbons; best Italian sewing silks, black and colored; English and American pins; [illegible] genuine needles, &c. Ladies will always find a complete assortment of goods at SHEPHERD'S, (late Orr & Shepherd,) No. 1,209 Broadway, between 28th and 29th sts., one block above Fifth-av. Hotel.

DRY GOODS.

BRODIE
Will make his annual
Display of
SPRING MANTLES
On
WEDNESDAY, April 3,
It being the anniversary of the
Opening of his new store
Under the
FIFTH-AV. HOTEL,
Corner 23d-st.,
When a magnificent
Assortment of
MANTLES,
In every variety of style, in
CLOTH, SILK, and LACE,
Will be exhibited at his
New store, corner 23d-st. and
5th-av., and at
NO. 300 CANAL-ST.
The ladies are invited to call
and examine before
PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

ALL HOUSEKEEPERS
Are respectfully requested to call at our store and examine the goods enumerated below.
IT IS OUR BELIEF
that the assortment which we offer is not equaled in the City of New-York.
COME AND SEE
for yourselves.

A choice from 500 French china tea sets, from	$3 00 to $10 00
A choice from 100 fancy French china dinner sets, from	50 00 to 149 00
A choice from 300 dozen cut-glass goblets, from	1 75 to 6 00
A choice from 500 pairs cut glass decanters, from	1 00 to 4 00
A choice from 300 dozen Bohemian glass finger bowls, from	1 80 to 4 00
A choice from 300 dozen silver-plated table spoons, from	3 25 to 4 00
A choice from 300 dozen silver-plated table forks, from	3 25 to 4 00
A choice from 300 dozen silver-plated tea spoons, from	1 25 to 2 00
A choice from 200 silver-plated castors, from	4 25 to 8 50
A choice from 100 silver-plated cake baskets, from	3 75 to 8 00
A choice from 150 silver-plated ice pitchers, from	6 00 to 7 50
A choice from 200 silver-plated tea sets, 6 pieces, from	15 50 to 25 00
A choice from 500 dozen ivory-handled dinner knives, from	4 50 to 6 00
A choice from 300 dozen ivory-handled tea knives, from	4 00 to 5 00

WE SHALL OFFER
during the present and coming week extraordinary
BARGAINS IN GAS FIXTURES.

A choice from 200 hall lights, from	$2 00 to $7 00
A choice from 100 two-light chandeliers, from	3 00 to 6 00
A choice from 50 three-light chandeliers, from	6 00 to 12 00
A choice from 75 four-light chandeliers, from	8 00 to 20 00
A choice from 50 six-light chandeliers, from	25 00 to 50 00

LIKEWISE
A complete line of brackets, pendants, &c., &c.,
EMBRACING IN ALL,
Complete outfits for dwelling houses,
Complete outfits for stores,
Complete outfits for hotels,
Complete outfits for public buildings,
Complete outfits for all establishments
REQUIRING GAS FIXTURES.
A fresh importation of
FANCY DINNER SETS,
of the newest
PARISIAN STYLES
will be exhibited this week. Goods bought and
PAID FOR NOW,
will, if desired, be stored until the 1st of May, without additional charge.
ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY
must inclose the cash, with the addition of a sufficient sum to pay for packages. Par funds only taken.
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
No. 631 Broadway.

R. H. MACY,
6th-av., corner 14th-st.,
IS NOW OPENING
FROM THE RECENT FORCED SALES,
500 Boxes
500 Boxes
500 Boxes
LATEST STYLES
SPRING HAT RIBBONS,
SPRING HAT RIBBONS.
200 Boxes
200 Boxes
200 Boxes
FINE FRENCH FLOWERS,
FINE FRENCH FLOWERS,
RUCHES,
TABS,
BONNET FRAMES, &c.
MANTILLA LACES,
LACE MANTILLAS,
EMBROIDERIES,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
CURTAIN MUSLINS,
DOTTED MUSLINS,
WHITE GOODS,
FROM THE
RECENT FORCED SALES, VERY MUCH UNDER REGULAR PRICES.
FULL STOCK YANKEE NOTIONS.
Now opening,
2,000 doz. OUR WELL KNOWN PARIS KID GLOVES,
63 cents a pair.
None better in the City at any price.
R. H. MACY.

1861.—SPRING IMPORTATION.
CARPETS—1861.
A. T. STEWART & CO.
Have opened their SPRING SUPPLY of
AXMINSTER, WILTON,
VELVET, BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY AND SUPER INGRAIN
CARPETS,
From the most celebrated
EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS.
ALSO,
A Splendid Assortment of
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH OIL-CLOTHS,
COCOA MATTINGS, RUGS, MATS &c., &c.,
With every article connected with the
CARPET TRADE,
AT UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.
Notwithstanding the increased value by reason of the operation of the NEW TARIFF.

303 CANAL-STREET. 303
NEW DEPARTMENT.
On and after TUESDAY, April 2,
Infants' Embroidered Robes, Cloaks, Blankets, Caps, Slips, Nursery Baskets, &c.
Complete Wardrobes on hand and made to order.
Misses' Cloth, Silk and Marseilles Saques, Dresses and Walking Coats.
Boys' Suits in
Cloth,
Silk, Poplin
and Marseilles.
The inspection of ladies respectfully solicited.
303 THOMAS REYNOLDS, CANAL-STREET. **303**

HOUSEKEEPERS WILL FIND, AT
A. T. STEWART & CO.'S,
GREAT BARGAINS IN 4-4 IRISH FAMILY LINENS,
LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS,
PILLOW LINENS,
TABLE DAMASKS, AND NAPKINS,
TOWELS AND TOWELINGS, HUCKABUCKS,
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH SHIRTINGS, LONG CLOTHS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
MARSEILLES QUILTS, &c., &c.,
All manufactured expressly for their
RETAIL TRADE.

AMAZING BARGAINS
IN DRESS GOODS.
2,500 yards Barege Anglaise, 6¼c. a yard, worth 1s. 6d.
2,500 yards Mottled Medenas, 12½c., worth 2s.
2,000 yards Poil de Holands, 12½c., worth 2s.
1,500 Chine, Broche figure, 1s. 3d., worth 2s.
1,500 Chine, Broche figure, 1s. 6d., worth 2s. 6d.
and a large variety of other goods, purchased at the recent auction sales, at equally low prices.
CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM,
No. 252 Bowery
W. R. ROBERTS.

J. A. BLUXOME,
No. 1,117 Broadway,
Corner of 25th st.,
Will open on MONDAY,
NEW STYLES OF RIBBONS,
NEW STYLES OF DRESS TRIMMINGS,
NEW STYLES PARIS FLOWERS,
NEW STYLES EMBROIDERIES,
NEW STYLES LACES,
Many of which have been purchased at recent auction sales, and of which our customers shall have the benefit.

FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, No. 653 BROADWAY.
PINE APPLE DRESS GOODS, Plaid, Checked, Plain.
SUMMER Wash Silks, Plaid and Checked, Wide.
SEERSUCKERS, Nankeens, Pongees, Handkerchiefs, Crapes, &c.
PINE APPLE for Summer Bonnets, all colors.
ALSO, GOODS [illegible] French and China FANS, American Indian Curiosities.

FRENCH CLOTHS, COATINGS,
CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Of the LATEST SPRING STYLES and FABRICS,
FOR MEN AND BOY'S WEAR,
AT RETAIL,
AT POPULAR PRICES.
A. T. STEWART & CO.

BOYS' FURNISHING GOODS.
WHITE SHIRTS, ENGLISH COTTON HALF HOSE,
MERINO UNDER SHIRTS and DRAWERS,
GLOVES, [illegible]
COLLARS and [illegible]
C. TAYLOR,
[illegible] Broadway.

JUST OPENING TO-DAY—FROM AUCTION.—Great bargains in dress trimmings of every description. Gimps for 37 cents per dozen, worth 75 cents; great bargains in bonnet ribbons, all Spring goods, for 25 cents, worth 37 cents.
Clearing out JOUVIN'S KID GLOVES for 75 cents a pair, sold everywhere for $1.
ALL KINDS OF REAL LACE GOODS.
INFANTS' MEDALION CAPES CHEAP.
A good assortment of EMBROIDERIES of every kind, from auction, very cheap.
Clearing out SHAWL BORDERS for less than half price.
Great bargains in FANS, from auction.
A good assortment of ENGLISH and FRENCH PERFUMERY.
A. EMBERSON'S,
corner 23d-st. and 6th-av., New-York.

BLACK THREAD LACE VEILS, FROM $3 50 and upwards.
Black Pusher and Guipure do., new styles, all prices.
1,000 pcs. Valenciennes Laces, 1s. per y'd and upwards.
Real Point Lace Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Paris Embroidered Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Coiffeures, Barbes, Capes and Centres, in all styles.
Bands, Flounces, Edging and Insertions.
All of which we now offer at very low prices.
E. WILLIAMS & CO., (late Peter Roberts,) 429 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

LACE CURTAINS
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Are now offering at
WHOLESALE and REATAL
An immense stock of
RICH LACE CURTAINS,
Varying in price from $2 50 to $50 per pair.
ALSO,
NOTTINGHAM,
MUSLIN AND
LENO CURTAINS,
DRAPERY MUSLINS and
VESTIBULE LACES.
Canal-st., corner Mercer.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT.
New Spring Shapes now ready.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDER GARMENTS,
Ready Made, in great variety. Orders taken for Garments of every description. This department is under the superintendence of
LADIES OF ADMITTED GOOD TASTE.
And all orders will receive prompt and careful attention.
PRICES MODERATE!

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway.
LINENS AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
(SPRING IMPORTATION NOW READY,)
MUCH BELOW REGULAR PRICES.
Also at Stores Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
and Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

1,000 FRENCH ORGANDIE ROBES
TO BE GIVEN AWAY.
STRANG, ADRIANCE & CO.,
NO. 355 BROADWAY,
In addition to their extensive stock of
DRY GOODS,
Now open at retail, will offer for CASH, on
MONDAY, April 1,
1,000 PRINTED FRENCH ORGANDIE ROBES, from $1 50 to $5 per robe, actually worth $6 to $15, comprising some of the most select and elegant styles ever before offered at retail.
NOT BEFORE EXHIBITED.
No. 355 Broadway.

MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS.
We invite the attention of wholesale buyers to our Spring Styles of
MANTELS, GARIBALDIS, SACKS, &c.,
in cloth, silk and lace goods, which are entirely new in shapes and patterns. Also new and desirable
SPRING SHAWLS,
from auction, at extremely low prices.
E. S. MILLS & CO.,
Nos. 342 and 344 Broadway, New-York.

NEW SPRING CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway,
HAVE NOW OPENED
THEIR NEW STYLES SPING GARMENTS
In BLACK SILK and CLOTHS,
And INVITE THE SPECIAL ATTENTION
OF THE LADIES THERETO.

NEW SPRING SILKS,
SOLD AT GREAT REDUCTION,
By BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 BROADWAY.
GREATEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED!
In BLACK AND FANCY SILKS.

SPRING PARIS FLOWERS,
FEATHERS AND BRIDAL SETS,
GARNITURES AND VEILS.
JAMES TUCKER, No. 759 Broadway.

A SPLENDID OPENING ON SIXTH-AVENUE!
FANCY GOODS, ATTRACTIVE AND CHEAP,
at
ARMSTRONG & BUTTERLY'S,
No. 140 6th-av., near 11th st.
LADIES:
The stock to which we invite your attention and inspection is the most attractive, most extensive and decidedly the cheapest stock of
FANCY GOODS
ever offered on 6th-av.
Come, then, on and after Monday, and you shall find the following lots:
JUST RECEIVED,
JUST OPENED,
JUST MARKED
TO PRICES THAT WILL ASTONISH YOU.
3,000 Thread and Pusher Veils, new designs.
1,000 Thread and Pusher Barbes and Coiffures, beautiful patterns.
5,000 cards Thread, French and Pusher LACES, in black, all widths and patterns.
FULL LINES VALENCIENNES, English Thread and Imitation Laces and Edgings.
Large lots Point lace and Maltese lace Sets and Collars, New Jaconet and Swiss Sets and Collars, elegantly wrought.
1,000 dozen Ladies' Gents' and Misses' Hemstitched and Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, containing some decided bargains.
ALSO, COMPLETE LINES OF
Hamburgh Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings.
Jaconet Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings.
Swiss Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings.
French Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings.
Infants' Waists and Infants' Robes.
There are several JOB LOTS included in the above that we shall sell off at less than ONE-HALF THE IMPORTERS' PRICES.
We invite special attention to our
NEW STOCK ENGLISH MOURNING CRAPES,
selling at one-half the importers' prices.
We can do well for our customers
in
TIDIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES,
JACONET, CAMBRIC, SWISS, WAINSOOK AND PLAID MUSLINS,
and in
NOTIONS, NOTIONS, NOTIONS,
such as Brushes, Combs, Pins, Needles, Tapes, Bobbins Spools, Sewing Silks, Ruffling, Boys' Belts, Dress bones,
&c., &c.
P. S.—We intend to sell out our present stock of RIBBONS and TRIMMINGS,
as they are—as they are,
AT ONE-HALF THEIR COST!
AT ONE-HALF THEIR COST!
Open, 7½ o'clock A. M.
Close, 7½ o'clock P. M.
ARMSTRONG & BUTTERLY,
No. 140 6th-av.

A SPECIAL NOTICE.
RICHMOND & CO.
Will open their new store
No. 783 Broadway,
April 3, with a very large and well selected stock of
EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS
LADIES' DRESS CAPS, HEAD-DRESSES, &c.
RIBBONS AND MILLINERY GOODS.
Possessing all the advantages of knowledge and capital, we buy goods second to none, and intend to make this a leading store up town, both for style, quality, quantity and low prices.
The REAL BAJOU GLOVES only kept.
Price 90 cents; misses', 63 cents.
RICHMOND & BRUNT,
No. 783 Broadway,
between 9th and 10th sts.

RICH LYONS SPRING SILKS.
500 PIECES
EXTRA QUALITY SPRING DRESS SILKS,
Comprising all the latest PARISIAN NOVELTIES, viz.:
ARMURES, GRISAILLES, RAYE,
CADRILLE, DOUBLE-FACED, DROGUETS, CAMAIEUX, LANCE, BROCHE, &c., &c.,
Purchased at the recent large
AUCTION SALES,
At an IMMENSE REDUCTION from the COST OF IMPORTATION.
A. T. STEWART & CO.

ENGLISH CARPETING
and
ENGLISH OIL-CLOTHS,
for Spring Sales
of 1861,
At the lowest market prices, at
J. HYATT'S
Carpet Emporium,
No. 270 Bowery.
Housekeepers will do well to call and examine.

SPRING STYLE.
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
SHIRTS, COLLARS, DRAWERS,
UNDERWEAR, SUSPENDERS,
SCARFS, TIES, GLOVES,
HDKFS., HALF-HOSE,
AND
ROBES DE CHAMBRE.
C. TAYLOR, No. 713 Broadway,
First corner below N. Y. Hotel.

PARIS PRINTED FOULARDS,
IN CAMAIEUX, ENLUMINEE,
AND PLAIN COLORINGS,
IN NEW SPRING STYLES.
A. T. STEWART & CO.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, NEW STYLES—Also, a great variety of buttons, bindings, tassels, velvets, belt ribbons, velvet ribbons, girdles, ribbons, laces, dress linings, and a full assortment of thread and needle goods, magic ruffling and cotton trimmings, N. B.—Alexander's gloves and English hosiery at ELGER'S, No. 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

300 FIVE AND SEVEN FLOUNCED
GRENADINE BAREGE
ROBES, IN NEW AND CHOICE STYLES.
Just received per recent steamer.
A. T. STEWART & CO.

DENTISTRY.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST DENTAL Establishment in the United States—M. B. GRIFFEN & BROS., No. 276 Grand-st., New-York, and No. 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of teeth on their improved Atmospheric Plates, with or without extracting the roots. On Platina, $[illegible]; Gold, $[illegible]; Silver or Rubber, $[illegible]. Partial sets of teeth on gold, $2 per tooth; silver, $1; teeth filled with gold, $1; with silver, tin, bone and cement, 50 cents. Extracting, 25 cents.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid, and to assist in fine washing and ironing; understands fluting and doing up muslins; or would be willing to take a place as waiter in a private family; is fully competent to take either situation. Good references given. Call at No. 89 6th av.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children in a private family. Good reference from her last place. Call at No. 62 6th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third story, back-room.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG SCOTCH woman wants a situation to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen Monday and Tuesday at No. 841 9th-av., between 49th and 50th sts., top floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and fine washer; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 114, corner of 18th-st. and 7th av.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A young girl of excellent character and well recommended, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; can do all sorts of embroidery. Can be seen for two days, at No. 451 2d-av., fourth story.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A competent young woman, a situation in the capacity of chambermaid and waitress, in a small respectable family, or chambermaid and to do sewing; no objection to take care of growing children; has the best of City references from her last place, where she has lived years. Call at 85 19th-st., in the store, between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family, or as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing; three to six years City reference. Call at No. 216 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, front.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, nurse and seamstress, chambermaid and laundress, or waitress only, by a Protestant young woman, with the best City references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as chambermaid and laundress in a first class family; is willing to spend the Summer in the country; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 129 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing, or as general housemaid for a small family, by a respectable girl. City reference. Call at No. 36 West 13th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A girl, of excellent character and well recommended, a situation as chambermaid and plain sewer. Inquire at No. 128 Dean-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a competent young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and fine washer; is willing and obliging; has first-class City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE, TRUSTWORTHY woman, thoroughly competent for her duties, desires a situation in City or country as meat and pastry cook; can do all kinds of cooking in the best styles, as also jellies, blanc manges, cakes, biscuits, pies, &c.; can be highly recommended. Apply at No. 61 West 29th-st., basement, between 6th and 7th avs. Can be seen till engaged.

AS COOK.—A COOK WANTS A SITUATION IN a private family; understands cooking in all its different branches—games, soups, and pastry of all kinds; is an excellent baker. None but first-class families need apply. Also, a respectable girl wishes to go in the same house as chambermaid and do fine washing. Both Protestants. Apply for 2 days at No. 144 East 21st-st., room 16.

AS COOK.—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT WOMAN, with excellent reference, wishes a situation; understands all kinds of meats, soups, game, gravies, fish, poultry, &c.; is also an excellent bread and pastry baker; gets up side dishes and dessert in style. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in all its branches; understands meats and poultry, baking and pastry, game, and can make good butter; wages $10; or as regular laundress; does up linen in style. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st.

AS COOK.—A SCOTCH PROTESTANT FIRST-class cook, with good City reference, wants a situation. Inquire at the Employment Society's Office in Clinton Hall, on Astor-place and Eighth-st., near Broadway, formerly Bible House.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook; understands all kinds of made dishes, soups, game, and is a first-class pastry cook; best of City reference. Apply at No. 13 Minetta-st., near Bleecker-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A PERSON as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing in a small private family, or as laundress; good City reference can be given. Apply at No. 41 9th st., between 5th and 6th avs., her last place.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by a good plain cook; is a good washer and ironer; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 362 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts., second floor, back room.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED woman, as cook, who understands her business; best of City references from her last place; is a good washer and ironer. Call at No. 114 7th-av., corner 18th st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED woman a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches, soups, meats, jellies, and French cooking, in a private family only. Can be seen at No. 41 6th-av., cor. 4th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, IN A PRIVATE family, by a first-class cook; best of City reference given. Apply at No. 120 East 13th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY TWO RESPECTABLE young women, situations—one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing, or as chambermaid and waiter; has good City references from their last place, where they have lived for five years; would prefer living together again. Call, for two days, at No. 246 West 16th st., second floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS cook, by a respectable woman, in a private family; understands her business, and is an excellent maker of bread and biscuit; is willing to take the coarse part of the washing and ironing; has two years' reference from her last place. To be seen, for two days, at No. 73 West 17th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS cook, washer and ironer, laundress, chambermaid and laundress, or to do general housework, by a Protestant young woman, who is an excellent cook and a first-rate washer and ironer; no objection to the country; good City reference given. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A CAPABLE woman, a situation as good cook; understands her business thoroughly, and would assist in the washing; no objection to a private boarding-house; has excellent City reference. Call for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A NEAT AND tidy young woman, a situation; she is a good plain cook, and baker of bread, biscuit and pies; is also an excellent washer and ironer; is willing to work and make herself useful; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE German woman, a situation as first-rate cook; can cook in French and American styles; is a good baker, and would assist with the washing if required. Address M. O., Box 191 Times Office.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE middle-aged woman, a situation as cook in a private family; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing, if required. Call at No. 67 West 18th-st., near 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable Protestant girl as cook, washer and ironer; can come well recommended; is willing and obliging. Can be seen for two days, in rear building, at No. 172 Mulberry-st.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged Protestant woman wishes a situation as plain cook, or would do housework in a small private family; is a good washer and ironer, and is neat in her kitchen. Call at No. 43 Perry-st., top floor.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two young women, sisters, situations, one to cook, wash and iron, the other to do the chamberwork and waiting, or would take care of children. Can be seen at No. 399 6th-av., third floor, front.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A German young woman; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; can bake bread and cake, and make herself useful; is of kind disposition and clean in person and work. Apply at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS COOK AND CHAMBERMAID.—SITUATIONS wanted by two capable and trustworthy Protestant servants—one as cook, washer and ironer, or cook and to assist in washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; can also assist in washing and ironing. Will be found very desirable help to any lady requiring good servants. Will hire together or separate. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—A PROTESTANT young woman, highly recommended, desires a situation in City or country, as good cook and baker; excellent washer and ironer; also, a neat girl for chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and plain sewing. The latter can be seen at her present employers. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., first floor, front room.

AS COOK—WAITRESS.—WANTED, BY A respectable woman, a situation as cook; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 192 7th av., one door from 23d-st., second floor. Also by a young woman, a situation as waitress; who has lived for the last two years in her last employ; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 192 7th-av., one door from 23d st., second floor.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young girl as good cook; an excellent washer; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 105 West 33d st., between 6th and 7th avs., top floor, front room. Has the best of City references. Can be seen for two days.

AS GENERAL HOUSEWORK SERVANT.—Situation wanted for a very smart, industrious, and trustworthy girl, who understands good plain cooking, washing and ironing, and all kinds of general housework; has the best of references; would not object to the country, and will hire for moderate wages. Apply at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG American widow of education and refinement, a situation as housekeeper, in the family of a bachelor or widower preferred; references exchanged. For further particulars, address Mrs. GRAFTON, Brooklyn P. O.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—SITUATION WANTED by a respectable widow as housekeeper in a widower's family. Respectable reference given and required. Address U. L. I., for two days, Station F., New-York Post-office.

AS LAUNDRESS.—SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable Protestant woman, as first-class laundress; understands French fluting; has lived in the best of private families. Can be seen at No. 1 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse, by a steady person that is thoroughly capable of taking care of children a baby from its birth, or grown children; can do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 162 8th av., corner 15th-st., first floor over the millinery store.

AS NURSE AND NEATSEWER.—SITUATION wanted by a neat, efficient girl, as nurse; is a girl of genteel appearance, experienced with children; patient and kind to them, and willing to discharge her duties faithfully. Has excellent references. Wages expected, about $6. Apply at No 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a steady, competent woman, a situation to take entire charge of an infant; has good City reference, and is willing to go to the country. Can be seen at No. 36 West 13th st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a Protestant girl, as nurse and seamstress; best of City references. Can be seen at No. 219 Avenue A, for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a first-class seamstress, who can cut and fit and do all kinds of sewing and embroidering in the neatest manner; can make ladies' and children's dresses; will have no objection to assist with chamberwork; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 222 West 21st-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young Englishwoman, a situation as seamstress; is accustomed to all kinds of family sewing, and also to cutting and fitting; would be willing to make herself generally useful and obliging in her situation; has satisfactory recommendations. Can be seen at No. 224 3d-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A PROTESTANT SCOTCH woman wants a situation as seamstress and to care for one or two children; understands cutting and fitting their clothes and all kinds of plain sewing; has best of City references. Apply at No. 42 6th-av., near 4th-st., in the store.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young woman as waitress, or chambermaid and waitress, and is willing to assist with washing and ironing if required; no objection to go a short distance in the country; has the best of City references. Call for two days at No. 383 7th-av., southeast corner of 34th-st.; entrance on the avenue.

AT THE SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, NO. 149 Grand-st., employers are respectfully informed there are now in attendance first-class cooks, laundresses and other desirable servants, male and female.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SERVANTS—ALWAYS ready for City or country—German, English, Scotch, Irish, &c., at the Institute and Home, conducted by an American Lady. No. 135 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. Open from 7 A. M. till 9 P. M.

MALES.

AS CLERK—TO STATIONERS.—A YOUNG man acquainted with the business wishes to obtain a situation as clerk. Address T. C. V., Box No. 192 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a single man, as coachman; he is a strictly temperate man; he understands his business in the very best manner, and can be recommended as such by his late employers, who are in the City. Any person in want of such a man would do well to apply, or address a note to D. A., No. 96 East 13th-st., for two days, between 3d and 4th avs., New-York.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a steady, sober young man, who is acquainted with City and country; is a first-rate groom and careful driver; can produce the best City reference for honesty, capability and sobriety, and knows how to take care of flower and vegetable garden. Address N. E., Box No. 208 Times Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—COACHMAN'S SITUATION wanted by a first-class man, who can give the best of reference, and has a thorough knowledge of horses, and is a perfect groom; has no objections to go in the country. Can be seen, or address a note, for two days, to P. B., at Mr. Disney's harness-store, No. 60 East 14th-st., New-York.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED IN the above capacity by a married man without incumbrance, and who thoroughly understands his business; can be seen at his present employer's by applying at Bradley & Co.'s livery stables, Nos. 8 and 10 East 31st-st., or a note addressed to J. D., at the same, shall be punctually attended to.

AS COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO find a situation for his man as coachman; he is a respectable, trustworthy man; he can be seen at his present employer's for one week, if not engaged. Call, between the hours of 8 and 12 or 4 and 5 in the afternoon, at No. 111 West 14th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED AS coachman and vegetable gardener, by a single young man, who perfectly understands his business; can produce good City and country reference; he is about to be disengaged. Apply to his present employer, Mr. CURTIS, No. 50 Wall st., for one week.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young man, a situation as coachman and assist in the garden; has had long experience in the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; has good reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for three days at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION as coachman by a married Englishman who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; has good City references. Address A. L., at Lowry's, No. 932 Broadway, or Box No. 196 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young man, a Protestant, a situation as coachman for a private family. City and country references given if required. Address S H.H., Box 205 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—COOK.—WANTED, situations together, by a Protestant Englishman and his wife, without incumbrance; the man as coachman and gardener, the woman as first-class cook; both perfectly understand their business, and have good City reference; no objection to the country. Address A. B., Box No. 199 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER, &c.—An industrious young man desires a situation in the above capacity; will be found capable of giving the greatest satisfaction as to proficiency; can milk and attend a furnace. Advertiser is single, aged 21 years, a Protestant, and highly recommended. Terms reasonable. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 219 Times Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED—A situation by a man of long practice and highly experienced; has served in some of the first families of Europe as upper coachman and stud groom; he is a member of the Episcopal Church; he will be found an acquisition to any respectable family, by inquiring at his last place, where he served for some years, in the City and country. Address R. H. N., at the harness store, No. 63 University-place, between 12th and 13th sts.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A HIGHLY-recommended Protestant single man wishes a situation as above; understands his business; is a strictly careful driver; acquainted with the treatment of horses perfectly; temperate, willing and obliging, would make himself useful in everything required. Good reference. Country preferred. Address J. W., Box No. 219 Times Office, 2 days.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a young Englishman, a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses perfectly; has no objection to City or country, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 208 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A RESPECTABLE Englishman wishes a situation as coachman and groom; is a good and careful driver, and can produce the best of references from his last employers. Address W. H. L., or apply at No. 355 8th-av., for two days, in the store.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation by a single man as coachman and groom; no objection to do garden work if required; he understands his business in all its branches. Address B. H. W., Box No. 191 Times Office.

AS ASSISTANT GARDENER, &c.—WANTED by a young married man, without children, a situation as assistant to a gardener, or general work, with a gentleman on a farm; wife understands poultry, milk, butter, &c.; wages moderate; would prefer a good home. Address JOHN HUGHES, Box No. 198 Times Office, for one week, or call at No. 475 Pearl st., to M. Long.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener by a Scotchman, (single man,) aged 27 years; has a practical knowledge of his business in all its branches, including green-house, cold and hot graperies; is sober, honest and industrious, and not afraid to work. Apply or address B. M., at Mr. W. Elliot's, seedsman, No. 31 John-st., New-York. Can be seen between the hours of 12 and 2 P. M.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT married man, without incumbrance, a situation as gardener and farmer; perfectly understands the growing of fruits and flowers; is also a good farmer; has good reference. Can be seen for three days at the Employment Agency of the Protestant Episcopal Brotherhood, No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener, by a single man, who understands his business, in the laying out of new grounds; also, in the culture of vegetables and flowers. If required, will take charge of a horse and cow; and also willing to make himself generally useful. Will produce the most satisfactory reference. Address GARDENER, Box No. 220 Times Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS gardener, by a married man (no children) who thoroughly understands the management of a gentleman's place, greenhouse, grapery and vegetables; would superintend a farm and garden if required. City reference. Address C. M. C., Box No. 198 Times Office, for three days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a single man who understands all kinds of vegetables and keeping a place in order; can take care of all kinds of stock; is willing to make himself generally useful; has good reference as to honesty and sobriety. Call or address J. B., Box 206 Times Office.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED BY A practical German gardener, who has been several years in this country and understands his business in all its branches; sober, honest and industrious; is married; without children. Inquire at JOHN SCHMIDT'S, No. 84 Delancey-st., New-York.

AS GARDENER.—A YOUNG MAN WANTS A situation as vegetable gardener; will take charge of a horse and cow, or will work on a farm; is willing and agreeable to make himself useful to everything; good reference from his last place. Address P. L., Box No. 198 Times Office.

AS GARDENER.—A GARDENER WANTS A situation; is a married man, has a small family; he understands the business in all its branches; would see to a farm if required. References to the effect. A line sent to A. Smith's, No. 71 Liberty-st., for R. K., will be attended to.

AS GARDENER AND FARMER.—WANTED, by a Protestant man a situation as gardener and farmer; is competent in every respect; his wife is a good laundress; has nine years satisfactory reference. Address A. W. TAYLOR, Station D., Bible House.

AS GARDENER, FRUIT GROWER AND FARMER.—An American, of large experience in plain, ornamental, and landscape gardening, farming, and fruit growing, of strict New-England habits, and good City reference, wishes to superintend a place where there is plenty to do, either for pleasure or profit; would not object to [illegible]. Address, stating name, [illegible] and location, ALPHA, Box [illegible] Times Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS PLAIN GARDENER, &c.—WANTED BY a young man, a situation as plain gardener; understands the care of horses, cows, &c. Best of reference given. Address T. F., Box No. 208 Times Office.

AS GROOM OR COACHMAN.—WANTED, A situation as groom or groom and coachman by a Protestant man; thoroughly understands the care and treatment of gentlemen's horses; has the best of City reference; would be found willing and obliging. Address GROOM, Box No. 205 Times Office.

AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—WANTED, a situation by a Protestant young man, of strictly sober habits, as groom and coachman; understands thoroughly the care of horses; good reference if required. Address T. SIMSON, No. 596 6th av.

AS PORTER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS porter in a store; wages very moderate; applicant not much acquainted in the City, but can be recommended. Address PORTER, Box No. 198 Times Office, for one week.

AS SHORT HAND WRITER.—A YOUNG Scotchman, writing with facility one hundred and twenty words in a minute, desires a place as amanuensis, copyist, or teacher of phonography; being a stranger in this country, he would accept the lowest wages; offers the best of references, and guarantees the greatest exertions on his part to please. Address J. R., Box No. 404 Post-office.

AS USEFUL MAN.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG man, a situation in any light business, where he would be pleased to make himself generally useful. He can speak French, German and English; can write well, and is of temperate habits. He is acquainted with stencil cutting, and would be a good acquisition to a merchant or manufacturer, requiring to have their goods neatly marked. Address F. K., Box No. 196 Times Office.

AS USEFUL MAN.—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT young man, with good reference, wishes a situation; is a careful and judicious driver; understands the care of horses and stock thoroughly; can work in the garden and farm, and make himself generally useful. Apply or address WILLIAM, No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS VALET OR FOOTMAN.—AN ENGLISH Protestant young man with good testimonials, desires a situation; no objection to travel, or any part of the country. Address W. H., No. 149 Grand-st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family by a respectable Protestant man, who fully understands his business; has lived with some of the most respectable families in City and country; no objection to any distance in the country; can be heard of for three days by addressing R. C. W., No. 149 Grand-st.

AS WAITER.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, who has lived for 7 years in Ireland in one of the first families, desires a situation as waiter in a private family; is fully competent and has the best of City reference for sobriety, honesty and faithfulness; no objection to the country. Address R. F., at J. J. Morris', corner University-place and 12th st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A single man, as waiter in a private family; has the best of City references from most respectable families in the City, and can be highly recommended from where he has lived at different times for the last seven years. Can be seen at No. 64 University-place, near 12th-st.

AS WAITER.—A RESPECTABLE FRENCHman from Montreal, who can be highly recommended from his last employer, desires a situation as waiter in a respectable family in this City or country. Address, by letter, to the initial E. J., at the Cooper Institute, 4th-av., corner of 8th st., in the store.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family, country preferred, by a respectable Englishman; City reference. Address W. B., No. 149 Grand-st.

A SCOTCHMAN AND HIS WIFE WITHOUT any incumbrance, want situations; the one as farmer, the other as dairy-maid; both experienced and well recommended. Address W. W., Box No. 201 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A STRONG YOUNG MAN (6 FEET 6 inches) from the country, a situation in any kind of business in the City or country; would like to assist as porter in a paper store, or any other kind of business where a tall man is required; he is temperate, willing and obliging. Address G. S., Box No. 202 Times Office.

TO FAMILIES GOING TO EUROPE.—Wanted a situation as courier or traveling servant, by a young man, who speaks with equal facility, German, French and English; best City references given. Address JOSEPH BROWN, No. 13 Walker st.

TO YACHTMEN.—WANTED, A BERTH ON board a yacht by a young Englishman recently arrived in this country; has had 5 years' experience. Address, for one week, J. Z., Box No. 218 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, AN unmarried man to go a short distance in the country; he must thoroughly understand his business in all its branches, and be willing to make himself generally useful; none others need apply. Address, with reference, B., No. 4 154 General Post-office.

A COOK.—WANTED, A HIGHLY COMPETENT cook for a good home a short distance from the City; she must have satisfactory City reference of some length of time; wages $8 per month. Apply at No. 11 East 30th-st., between 5th and Madison avs., between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, on Monday, April 1.

AN ASSISTANT GARDENER.—WANTED, A young single man for assistant gardener, that is willing to make himself generally useful. Apply at BRIDGEMAN'S Seed Store, No. 816 Broadway, N. Y.

A LAUNDRESS.—A GOOD LAUNDRESS, ONE capable of doing fine washing and ironing, may call at No. 2 Pierrepont-place, Brooklyn, second house from Montague-st., near Wall-st. ferry, to-day and to-morrow.

A NURSE.—WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED child's nurse; an English or Scotch Protestant preferred; she must have the best recommendations, and be willing to go to the country. Apply, between 10 and 1, for two days, at No. 18 East 16th-st.

A SHOPWALKER OR MANAGER.—Wanted, a man thoroughly acquainted with the first-class dry goods trade, to go West, as shopwalker or manager; one who has filled a similar situation would be preferred; he must be a person of good habits and undoubted integrity, and the best reference will be required; none others need answer. Address B. S., Box No. 170 Times Office.

WANTED.—A WOMAN THAT UNDERSTANDS the manufacturing of mantillas, cloaks, &c., to go South to take charge of a manufacturing establishment for a first-class retail store; a practical dressmaker would be preferred. Address B. S., Box No. 170 Times Office, with real name and where an interview may be had.

FARMERS WANTED THAT UNDERSTAND all kinds of farm work, one single and one married man, to work on a farm on the Hudson River. Apply immediately at No. 643 Water-st., or at No. 62 East 21st-st., in the evening.

TO FARMERS.—WANTED, AN AMERICAN (single,) who understands farming and the care of horses and stock. Apply to S. T. BROWN, Mechanics' and Traders' Bank, No. 153 Bowery, between 9 and 10 o'clock.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, AT A MODERATE salary, who understands the hat and cap business, and has traveled and taken orders. Address Post-office Box No. 3,016, stating salary and references.

CLOTHING.

F. DERBY & CO.,
TAILORS AND IMPORTERS,
Have the good fortune to announce that they have now in store, ex. *Australian*, transhipped per *Europa*,
10 CASES ENTIRELY NEW STYLES,
Adapted to the wants of gentlemen of taste in all sections, which they will have pleasure in making up to measure, in their well-known style of excellence, WITHOUT ANY ADVANCE IN PRICES, and on their usual liberal credit.
No. 57 WALKER-ST.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.—I have a large stock of ready-made clothing adapted to the coming season, new goods, and well made, to which I would invite the attention of cash and short time buyers. Linen coats, overalls, &c., cheap.
N. A. KNAPP, No. 19 Cortlandt-st.

BOOTS & SHOES.

$3 SHOES AND GAITERS, A NEW STYLE, at JONES', Nos. 10 and 12 Ann-st. P. S.—Call and see them.

STATIONERY.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL.
No. 45 Maiden-lane.
Every style of Blank Books, Paper and Stationery, for business, professional or private use, at lowest prices. Job Printing, Lithographic work and Bookbinding.
Orders respectfully solicited.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely and doesnot corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally.
JESSE G. KEYS.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT ON THE Chemical Bank of the City of New-York for Five Thousand Dollars, in favor of JOHN J. JACKSON, and indorsed by him, dated March 25, 1861. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the aforesaid, as payment has been stopped.

LOST.—ON SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, IN going from No. 34 Hammond-st through Hudson and Bank to No. 20 Bethune-st., a child's ERMINE CAPE. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to the owner, No. 20 Bethune-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ESTABLISHED 1809.—DUNLOP'S ALES AND Porter on draught, at G. E. Mendum's, corner of Cedar and Broadway; W. H. Prescott's, No. 75 Chambers; T. Richardsons, corner Maiden-lane and William; N. McLeod, Maiden-lane; J. C. Force, High-st., Brooklyn; J. J. Russel, Washington-st., Brooklyn; A. P. Holbrook, No. 604 Broadway, New-York. Depot, No. 56 Liberty-st., New-York. WM. MARR, Agent, and most other first-class houses.

WANTED—A HOME AND SMALL SALARY, BY a young lady, accomplished as organist, church singer, contributor or corrector of manuscript, teacher of piano, melodeon, vocalization, higher and lower English, drawing, painting; as copyist, letter-writer, accountant, reader aloud and companion to some lady of standing; has abundance of testimonials, experience and references to prominent persons. Address "INTERVIEW," Box No. 10 Brooklyn Post-office, N. Y.

CLAIMS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS ON any of the Federal Departments, before Congress or the Court of Claims, or against any [illegible] government; and debts, legacies, inheritances, &c., in the United States, as well as foreign, [illegible] efficiently prosecuted and recovered, by the undersigned, Counsellor of the Supreme Court of the United States and Consul General of Ecuador.
AARON H. PALMER.
WASHINGTON, Feb., 1861.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1861.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts.

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All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Proprietors of the New-York Times, New-York City.

The Times for California.

The Times for California, designed for circulation in Spanish America, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and the Sandwich Islands, and embracing a complete Digest of American Events and Events in Europe during the past ten days, will be issued This (Monday) Morning, in readiness for the regular mail steamship which sails for Aspinwall at 12 M. The Mail closes at the Post-office at 10 A. M. Price of the paper, in a neat wrapper, ready for mailing, 5 cents a copy. Agents will send in their orders as early as possible.

Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Afternoon—Nixon's Royal Circus. Evening—Virginius.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Seven Sisters.

WINTER GARDEN—The Babes in the Woods—Turning the Tables.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—Henriette—Popping the Question.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Fifteen Years of a Boatman's Life—The Schoolmaster—The Merry Monarch.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon—Horseshoe Robinson. Evening—Ruth Oakley. Curiosities all Hours.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Notwithstanding all the assertions which have been made that the Administration would follow the order for the evacuation of Fort Sumpter with a similar one for the evacuation of Fort Pickens, it seems to be now pretty well understood in Washington that no such course will be taken. On the contrary, it has been determined, according to the dispatch of our correspondent, to hold that, as well as the other forts in the Gulf now in possession of the Government, at all hazards, and the necessary orders to that effect will soon be issued. The Southern Commissioners now at Washington, after consultation, have come to the conclusion to "wait a little longer" for the course of the Administration to be decided.

There is still no indication as to how the New-York appointments will be bestowed, and it is now considered probable that definite action upon them will be some time longer delayed. At present, there seems to be trouble and vexation enough about those for other localities, as may be inferred by the account of a scene which occurred on Saturday, between the President and the California delegation, as given in our dispatches.

The steamship *Daniel Webster*, Capt. Miner, which was chartered, some time since, by the United States Government, to convey relief to the United States troops in Texas, and to transport portions of them to Northern posts, arrived here on Saturday, from Brazos, which place she left on the 19th of March, having called at Forts Jefferson and Taylor on the 24th and 25th. She brings as passengers some twelve officers of the different companies recently quartered in Texas. The steamer *General Rusk* left Brazos at the same time, with eight companies, and the officers attached, for Fort Jefferson, Tortugas, and two companies and their officers for Fort Taylor, at Key West.

At Richmond, Va., on Saturday, the State Convention resolved to terminate the debate in the Committee of the Whole next Thursday, when the Committee will proceed to vote on the various propositions before it. Mr. Wise offered a substitute to the majority report. The House was all night long considering the joint resolutions relative to the movement of troops and arms in Virginia, growing out of the proposed transfer of guns from the Bellona Foundry. The Senate's amendments were finally adopted, amended so as to authorize the Governor to call out the public guard to arrest the contemplated removal of arms, and directing him to employ the needful force to resist any attempt to place them beyond the control of the State Government.

The steamship *Africa*, which left Liverpool on the 16th ult., and called at Queenstown on the 17th, arrived here yesterday morning. She brings £110,000 in specie. The news is without special importance. An animated discussion had occurred in the House of Commons, in regard to the needless activity of the Police in investigating the business of the Hungarian notes, thus obtaining evidence for the Austrian Government in its suit against Kossuth. The suit itself had been postponed to the ensuing term of the Exchequer Chamber. The debates in the French Legislative Chambers were increasing in violence and acrimony. The Ultramontanists were indulging in unmeasured censure of the Imperial policy, and denouncing the scheme of Italian unity. The Spanish Cortes had also its topic of angry debate in continuation of its treatment of the language used by Lord Palmerston in regard to the Slave-trade. Ex Captain-Gen. Concha had denounced America as the sole offender; and pointed out the propriety of England directing its Anti-Slavery crusade against this country. The Duke of Tetuan declared that when the Spanish Squadron took its place on the slave coast, "every suspicious vessel, of whatever nationality, England being no exception, should be overhauled and searched." The movement in Italy had assumed no new development since the surrender of the citadel of Messina. The officers and troops of that garrison, although the surrender was unconditional, were to be treated with all possible generosity. The capitulation of the Civatella del Tronto was looked for hourly. The rescript of the Czar, received at Warsaw, granting important war cessions to Poland, and promising others, had afforded great satisfaction. The mails from India and China had not arrived when the *Africa* left.

Among the bills reported favorably in the New-York State Senate, Saturday, was one allowing the Croton Aqueduct Department to do work other than by contract, and another providing for a submission to the people of the question of a Constitutional Convention. Of the bills passed, the most important were the New-York Post-office site bill; the act to allow the Supervisors of this County to procure a site for a new Court-house; and that amending the revised statutes in regard to wife-desertion. The Assembly amendments to the Albany and Susquehannah Railroad bill were concurred in, and the resolution in favor of appointing a Committee to investigate the action of the Mayor, Common Council and other officials of this City, in regard to the Street Contract and other matters, was adopted after a long discussion. The entire morning session of the Assembly was occupied in the discussion of the bill to amend the Insolvent laws, by requiring the consent of one-sixth instead of one-third of the creditors, in order to the discharge of an insolvent debtor on an assignment. It was ordered to a third reading.

An interesting case has been decided at General Term of the Court of Common Pleas, in which it is held that for the purpose of enforcing a lien upon a Public School building, the local School Board and the Board of Education are vested with powers incident to ownership of such edifices.

The Stock Market closed steady on the Railways, but lower on State Stocks, on Saturday. There was much interest manifested on the Street in the new Federal negotiation for $8,000,000 to be determined at Washington to morrow.

Breadstuffs were in fair demand, on Saturday, but at somewhat irregular prices, with very moderate freight engagements reported. The transactions in Cotton amounted to 2,500 bales, including 1,000 bales *in transitu*, at full rates. Provisions were inactive; Pork advanced a shade, while Lard tended downward. Java Coffee, and Cuba Sugar were in good request. Metals, Oils, Naval Stores, Hides, Fish, Hops, Seeds, Tobacco, Whisky and Whalebone were sparingly purchased. Rice, Hay, and Tallow attracted considerable attention. There were 433 vessels of all classes in port.

Foreign Intervention in American Affairs.

The startling intelligence which we published on Friday from our Paris correspondent in regard to the preparations being made by European Powers to send out a fleet of war steamers "for observation" on our coasts, and perhaps, in certain contingencies, to take a hand in our intersectional quarrel,—confirmed, too, as it was in at least one important particular on Saturday, by the news of the seizure of Dominica, by a Spanish naval and military force, and the probable speedy reduction of the whole Island of Hayti to Spanish domination,—marks by far the most portentous consequence of our Great Conspiracy. It is, however, but what our most sagacious statesmen long ago forewarned us would be the inevitable corollary of domestic rupture, and what, in such event, the prophetic Washington predicted three quarters of a century ago. Europe and its Governments have been transformed wonderfully since his time, it is true, and so also have the power and position of America; but the traditional ambitions of Governments seldom die out, and the aggressive lust of despotism is as enduring as despotism itself.

French fleets in American waters—Spanish cruisers hovering in our Gulf—English men-of-war along our coasts;—significant rumors from France of her assuming new relations with her old province of Louisiana—burning, secret sympathies of England with her enslaved black "men and brothers"—menacing attitude of the Spanish Government, which, in its days of feebleness, we in our strength insulted with impunity, but which now, in our time of trouble, taunts and defies us by stationing ten thousand troops within fifty miles of our shores, to keep eye upon us, and possibly, in the domestic *mêlée* she hopes for, to repossess herself of the splendid provinces which, as Florida, Texas, etc., we now call sovereign States of the Union.

"The fleet," reports our correspondent "Malakoff," "probably does not go out with any hostile intent; its ostensible errand will be the protection of French and English subjects." With ghastly sarcasm he further suggests that "it may be intended as a sort of escort of honor for the funeral of the Great Republic."

The Veiled Divinity who from the Tuilleries rules half the world inquires curiously of Mr. Faulkner about the American rupture—listening to the recital with that ominous silence which is said in him to portend dark designs. One of his high automatons, however, breaks the silence—maybe there is imperial inspiration here: "Your (our) Republic is going to pieces," says he; "self-government is a Utopia, Sir; you (we) must have a *strong Government* as the only condition of a long existence." Who knows but that he, whose legions even now illegitimately garrison Rome, and illegitimately intervene in the affairs of Turkey—who, during the brief decade of his power, has humbled the great Czar, and broken the colossal power of Austria, and who has just brought the lord of a third of the human race to his footstool—may find in the distracted States of the Gulf another opportunity for displaying the glory of French arms?

"The suggestion (of this Anglo-French war-fleet,) it is said, came from England"—from Napoleon's *alter ego*, Palmerston, doubtless, the vigor of whose foreign policy gives him position as virtual dictator of England—whose intense hatred of Slavery is shown in his recent remarkable speech on the Slave-trade in the House of Commons, and who can now back up whatever policy he may adopt with an army and navy such as never before set sail from the sea-girt isle.

Spain audaciously opens the new American programme; for we cannot consider the reported seizure of St. Domingo, if indeed it be confirmed by further advices—in any other light than as the first step in the policy of reconquest which has been now for some time foreshadowing itself in the utterances of Spanish statesmen and journals. The splendid island over two-fifths of which her flag now waves, is situated but fifty miles southeast from Cuba, while at about the same distance north from the latter is Spain's other ancient possession of *Florida*. It is well known that when Florida was annexed to the United States, nearly all the old Castilian residents of the Peninsula became so disaffected with the change of Government that they forsook their homes and estates, and exiled themselves to Cuba and other places under Spanish sway. But they have never ceased to long for the reassumption of Spanish power, nor to dream of their lost homes by the St. John. With Pensacola and the forts at the Southern extremity of the peninsula in the hands of the Gulf filibusters, a quarrel would doubtless speedily enough be improvised; and it would be an easy matter for Spain, with the fleet she is concentrating in the Gulf, to take possession of the forts we now propose to evacuate, and garrison them with a force which it might require years to reduce. From thence her navy would effectually command our prodigious Gulf commerce; and, for a time at least, buccaneer and filibuster might reënact, in the Carribean Sea, the bloody drama of centuries gone by. It must be remembered that within the present century Spain has owned all the territory bordering on the Gulf of Mexico; and within the memory of men now living has had the most active—and, indeed, at one time the most promising—projects for still further annexations.

Such an event, indeed, seems incredible enough—quite as incredible as the present insane action of the Cotton State filibusters seemed but a year ago. But we all know that within the last few years Spain has renewed the vigor and the ambition of her youth; she has awoke from her long but not dreamless slumber, and the glories of the past seem to her heated brain a possible realization of the future. Her magnificent career on this Continent in other days, when her monarch stood the autocrat of one-third of the world and the inhabitants thereof—when her couriers hourly left the royal presence bearing hither dispatches freighted with the destiny of countless millions of the world's inhabitants—has once more flitted before her. She has now a powerful army, commanded by the most accomplished generals, as finely disciplined, and as daring as any troops in Europe, who have just tasted of victory in Morocco, and are now represented as burning for further action; her navy is third in strength in the world, and has recently been brought into high efficiency. In fact, Spain is more warlike to-day than she has been any time since her epoch of conquest.

Spain has watched, closely and anxiously, the distractions in the United States. The only pean over the threatened disruption of the great Republic that has yet been uttered comes from Madrid. Who knows but that her undying love of conquest may now see a prospect for the recovery of at least some of her long-lost possessions? Certainly there has never been so good an opportunity for her to assert her ancient rights.

One thing, at all events, now seems certain from these ominous movements of European Powers—that if we do not speedily and vigorously commence the settlement of our affairs, and the assertion of our existence, a settlement may very speedily be commenced for us. If the weak man do not govern his household, the strong man will govern it for him. United and at home, these Free States are a match at arms for any Power on earth; distracted by faction or guided by pusillanimity, we may at any moment become the prey of the most contemptible schemers. The United States cannot afford to exist by the mercy or forbearance of any power or party whatever. They must have an assured, decisive, self-asserting existence, or they will speedily cease to have any existence worth having at all. The Government, and the people too, must now make a stand. True men, from Maryland to the Gulf, must take position. Union men in Texas, in Louisiana, in Georgia, Florida, and everywhere, must speedily fall into line. The hour of the crisis approaches. Shall the vaticination of the Emperor's mouthpiece be allowed to fulfill itself, and the Republic "go to pieces?"

Monsieur le Ministre! the Republic has *not yet* fallen!

A Cab Reform.

The Albany correspondent of the *Courier and Enquirer* writes as follows:

> "There is an enterprise urged to incorporation, of the projectors of which I know nothing, which, if it could be concluded to action, would be of great utility. It *is the Metropolitan Cab Company*, designed to introduce the Hansom cab into New-York, and with the neat and convenient vehicle define a system of reasonable charges and rigid discipline—one by which it shall be rather among the pleasant and the agreeable, instead of the alarming, to 'take a cab.' To reforms or regulations of this kind, in regard to carriage and to luggage, the Metropolis *must* come, as surely as it has to a Police. *It can only be a question of years*, and the present year seems a very suitable one for promoting the convenience, with the economy, of the tens of thousands of strangers whose money is saved for and spent in New-York."

Only a question of years! And so it has been for half a century, and is likely to be as much longer. A City without a Cab System would seem to be an enormity,—an absolute impossibility. But this metropolis of the Western continent has existed without one thus far, and is likely to do so a good deal longer.

Where the difficulty in the case lies it is not quite easy to say. The livery stable and hack influence is strong, but hardly strong enough, one would think, to deprive a million of people of what has always been regarded as an absolute necessity of City life. It is very strange, too, that our livery-stable men do not favor the adoption of a cab system, and become themselves the principal proprietors of it. There is no better chance in the world to make money. A thousand cheap cabs could be kept in constant employment in this City. There is no country where people would ride more if the means for riding were more generally accessible.

We should be very glad to have such a bill as the one referred to passed. But it would be a mistake to introduce Hansoms only. They are very neat and convenient for business purposes. They are easily entered, and one can step out of them without difficulty. But they are good for nothing but to run on business errands. They are not adapted to the use of ladies. Baggage cannot be carried on them, and for general visiting purposes they are useless.

Any Company that may organize a system of cabs must have a variety of vehicles suited to different purposes. Hansoms for Wall-street and the business part of the town,—light *coupés* for shopping and up-town calls, and open carriages for driving in the Park, will all be needed. With such a system, well organized and vigorously administered, New-York would become for a stranger, as well as for its own people, one of the most enjoyable cities in the world.

Negro Regiments to be Raised.—The latest sensation in the Cotton States has been caused by an announcement in the New-York correspondence of the Charleston *Mercury* that the loan of eight million dollars for which Secretary Chase has issued proposals, is to be used for the purpose of "arming the free blacks of the North to aid insurgent negroes in the South,"—the *Mercury* gravely reminding us that Lord Chatham rebuked the Government of George III., "because it employed the scalping-knife and the tomahawk of the savage against the white men of its own race." What is to be done with a journalism that circulates, and a people who believe such monstrous inventions as this? All Northern papers contradicting these fictions are rigidly excluded from general circulation in the Confederacy; and thus the public mind of the extreme South is poisoned systematically, while rigid care is taken that no antidote of truth shall be administered.

How long the secession leaders hope to be able to maintain this supremacy of misrepresentation, it is, of course, impossible to say. But that a lull must eventually come to the excitement—a cooling off to the present red-hot fury, is as inevitable as the decree of death. When this reaction has once fairly set in—and there are indications that it is widely beginning to operate—how will the desperate and reckless men who have raised the storm by falsifying Northern opinion and manufacturing a sectional hostility that has no existence outside of their own selfish and ambitious breasts, face the currents of popular indignation that will then be directed against them? The fire-eating leaders need no punishment at the hands of the Government whose laws they have violated and set at defiance. Sooner or later the truth must become known to the people of the Cotton States, and on their own plantations will then arise the Nemesis that is to exact full retribution.

An Interesting Trial—The two Confederacies.—The telegraph was mistaken in reporting the seizure of a United States supply vessel off Pensacola a few days since. The seizure was at Mobile and not off Pensacola, and the sloop detained was the property of a Mobile Captain. As our correspondent reported at the time, when the order of Gen. Bragg was issued forbidding the inhabitants of Pensacola to supply the United States fleet with provisions, this Captain volunteered to procure them from Mobile, saying that he was willing to trust the United States Government to any extent. Gen. Bragg got wind of the movement and telegraphed to Mobile at once to have the vessel, the *Isabella*, seized. This was promptly done, and the Captain, whose name was Jones, was committed to prison.

His wife next day sued out a writ of *habeas corpus*, which was returned on the 22d. It turned out, however, that he was in custody not of the civil, but of the [illegible] —and it was not quite [illegible] disposition should be made of [illegible]. The argument was postponed. In [illegible] facts the Mobile *Register* says:

> "There are some nice points of [illegible]. *Are we in a state of war*, whereby the furnishing of supplies to the enemy would amount to treason? If so, has Gen. Bragg been *invested with a command that embraces Mobile*, and does the loading of the vessel with actual intent to furnish the supplies complete the offence? If Jones has violated the orders of Gen. Bragg, have the civil Courts jurisdiction?
>
> Has he not already violated the orders of Gen. Bragg, and is now simply held subject to his order by a subordinate officer, who has a right to use any jail for the safe keeping of a violator of the army regulations?"

The Revenue Laws—An Important Step.—We have already noticed the fact that foreign goods were received at St. Louis through New-Orleans, *duty free*, in consequence of the failure of the Government of the United States to enforce the revenue laws at the latter port.

The St. Louis *Republican*, of the 26th, states that steps have been taken at Washington to remedy this state of things. The Collector has received instructions to appraise and collect duties upon all foreign goods arriving at that port,—in effect making St. Louis a port of entry. The *Republican* says:

> "Foreign goods, on arrival in St. Louis, will be delivered to the Collector here, and appraised, and the *duty paid, in accordance with the revenue laws of the United States.*
>
> Such goods on arrival at any of the Southern ports, will no doubt have to be bonded by the importer, for reshipment out of the Southern Confederacy. Therefore, foreign importations arriving at any of the ports of the Southern Confederacy, intended for reshipment to any of the States of the United States, or to any foreign port, will be regarded as goods *in transitu*, and the regulations will be as heretofore in the United States on all foreign imports entered for reshipment to foreign ports—duty not collectable at the port of entry.
>
> With regard to goods on which duties have been already paid at any of the ports of the present Southern Confederacy, such payments *will be recognized by the Collector of this port, if paid prior to the 4th of March, instant, and such goods will not be subject to additional duty. If paid since the 4th of the present month, the payment will not be recognized.*"

So far as St. Louis is concerned this regulation, if it can be enforced, will check, if it does not wholly stop, the evasions of the revenue laws which have excited so much interest in commercial circles. Similar regulations will doubtless be adopted for Cincinnati and other considerable ports on the Western rivers. But if goods are permitted to enter New-Orleans duty free, it will not be easy to prevent them from entering the free States. It would require an enormous increase of our revenue force, and we are inclined to think additional legislation, to attain this end.

Secession Rebukes Secession.—The politicians of the Southern Confederacy are entitled to take rank as a peculiar people. They deny the proposition to-day in favor of which they invoked the God of Battles yesterday. The ordinary standard of fact does not obtain amongst them, but all matters are proclaimed true or otherwise just as it may suit their pride, their interest, or temporary convenience.

It is but a few days, comparatively, since the seceded States declared it to be their inviolable right to withdraw at pleasure from any bond or confederation, contract or union, into which they may previously have entered,—the consent of their partners being not in the least needful. For this doctrine they were willing, as they always declare themselves to be when excited, to "shed rivers of blood;" but judging from the records of the Louisiana Convention, now in session, a change of the most marked nature has come over the spirit of their very disorderly dream.

It seems that the delegate named Rozier had become so thoroughly imbued with the theory of secession as advocated two months ago, that he actually strove to incorporate in the ordinance adopting the Confederate Constitution a "clause declaring the right of Louisiana to withdraw peaceaby from the Southern Confederacy whenever her interests demanded." Nothing could be more clearly in order than this motion; nothing more tersely expressing the idea which every Confederate fire-eater was urging on the stump and through the newspapers about the beginning of last December. But Mr. Rozier's motion was nevertheless tabled by the decisive vote of ninety-two against eleven,—the military disposition which Jefferson Davis and his associates are attempting to build up, requiring this prompt reversal of the very doctrine on which the new order of things is founded.

New Centres of Trade.—The Grand Trunk Railway of Canada has just given notice that it can no longer pay the rent on the lease of its main outlet to the sea—the Portland Branch—thus virtually confessing to the failure of the idea on which this great work was founded—the possibility of diverting from the New-York routes the trade of the interior.

The history of the public works of this country is but a series of similar attempts. Philadelphia—no mean city—has spent millions in a similar attempt, and has established we know not how many lines of steamships to England, all of which had to be given up or transferred to New-York. Boston, that in the outset had a monopoly of steamships between this country and Europe, now retains only a fortnightly steamer. Everything to the North and South tends, by irresistible attraction, toward New-York.

First and last, all the Atlantic Cities must try their hand at this experiment and purchase experience at a round rate. One of the first acts of Charleston is to establish her line of European steamers. What would be folly, under one condition of political affairs, becomes wisdom under another. If neither Philadelphia nor Baltimore can maintain a line of sea-going steamers, with their large populations and trade, and means for distribution, it puzzles us to see how Charleston is going to. But all these things must be learned, they cannot be taught. We hope, therefore, our Southern rivals will hurry up their ships, and go through what seems to be the necessary pupilage, which has had but one result. This uniformity is quite enough to assure ourselves of our position and to regard without the least anxiety all attempts to undermine it.

Our City Post-Office.—A correspondent urges the Government in the selection of a site for a new Post-office, to consult numbers instead of wealth, in estimating the sentiment of the merchants. This is very good advice, but it is needless. The Legislature, as we understand it, has settled the location of the Post-office.

The bill they have passed, it is true, authorizes the conveyance to the Government of any site which it may select. But as the Government has already made a bargain with the owners of the Old Dutch Church, conditioned only on obtaining the sanction of the Legislature, this bill closes the whole case. If the act had authorized the Government *hereafter* to make such a selection as it might think fit, we should have been quite content. But it really sanctions a step already taken, and confirms a selection which has the distinction of being, probably, the very worst that could possibly have been chosen.

Reduced City Railroad Fares.—While the Legislature is manifesting a wholesome desire to meet the requirements of these "hard times" by reducing the ferry rates between New-York and Williamsburgh from three to two cents per passenger, would it not be as well for them to carry their public spirit one step further, and supervise with a view to reduction the fares charged on all the City Railroads now in operation, and on which the various companies have made enormous yearly profits,—in some cases enabling them to double or treble their capital in the course of a very few years, while also declaring handsome annual dividends and paying, or pretending to have paid, perfectly fabulous prices for the running stock and road-bed to contractors having relations of friendly acquaintance with the directors?

We think that if our City members could properly estimate the amount of public gratitude they would earn by unanimously and zealously pressing a bill to reduce the fares on our City Railroads from five to three cents per passenger, they could not but arrive at the conclusion that as a political investment, looking to the future, no better opportunity is ever likely to arise. The Railroad Companies of our City are making enormous and wholly unprecedented profits out of a suffering public, while taking no more care for the comfort or health of their passengers than Cincinnati drovers are in the habit of exhibiting towards the pigs they are carrying to the slaughter-house. Every journey up or down town is accomplished in cars crowded almost to suffocation, and with nearly one-half of the passengers obliged to swing on, in an erect position, to the leather straps suspended at intervals along the car-roofs.

If our City Assemblymen will but give this matter their humane and liberal attention, we guarantee that they shall have no reason to regret their action when next appealing for popular support. A measure so obviously just and in favor of the rights and comforts of the people, no country members could oppose who were not willing to suffer the stigma of suspected affiliation with the monopolists. It rests, therefore, with the members from the City of New-York to say whether their constituents shall have railroad accommodation on the avenues at the fair and liberal price of three cents per passenger, with provisions that no car shall carry more than it can seat; or whether we shall continue to pay five cents per head—certainly forty per cent. more than a just price—and be jammed, rammed and crammed, twice at least every day, into vehicular "black-holes of Calcutta"—only too happy if we escape therefrom at the end of our journey not infected with any contagious disease, not insulted by any drunken brawler, and not fatally injured in health by the noxious poison of an exhausted and polluted atmosphere.

The Industrial School Bill.—We observe that a sharp debate occurred in the Assembly over the report of the School Committee in favor of allowing the schools of the Children's Aid Society a share in the School Fund. The Irish Catholic members from this City made a dead onset upon it, while the more intelligent members from the country supported it vigorously.

Why any man, who had the least regard for the public welfare, should oppose a simple humane act of that nature, we cannot understand.

Here are certain persons who, at their own heavy expense and with much labor, have been doing, for six or eight years, duties which the public ought to have done; they have been educating to be good citizens and useful women, the neglected street children. They have carried this on quietly, without bigotry or sectarianism, asking no public support until they have demonstrated that *gamins* and little vagabonds have the capacities of improvement, and can become useful to the world, and then the worthy ladies and the managers ask a simple privilege, which is extended to similar schools, both Roman Catholic and Protestant, all over the State. They ask for a share in the proceeds of the School tax in this City.

They might claim that they have more right to this appropriation than, for instance, the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylums, inasmuch as their schools are for all creeds, and are not sectarian; and according to the wording of the act, are to be put under the supervision of the Board of Education.

They do claim, however, that it is not fair that the burden of the education of the poorest should fall entirely on the shoulders of a few, but that the public generally should support what is for the public benefit.

This seems to us most clear and just. And we cannot believe that the Legislature, for the sake of whatever log-rolling interest, can throw overboard so humane and just a measure.

The Brooklyn Election.—The Brooklyn Charter election takes place to-morrow. We have always insisted, and still believe, that our Municipal elections should be decided without any controlling regard to national politics. The welfare and good government of great cities like New-York and Brooklyn are matters of sufficient intrinsic interest to demand the most vigilant attention of our citizens; and they ought never to be sacrificed to a desire for partisan success.

We believe that in Brooklyn, however, the interests of the City in the present canvass coincide fully with the support of the National Administration. The candidates of the Republican party are those whose election is demanded by the welfare of the city, as well as by the interests of the Nation. And in such a case it is doubly the duty of every citizen to give them his support. The result of every election that is held just now will have an important bearing upon the National Administration. A Republican defeat will weaken the ability of the Government to maintain the honor, and to defend the interests, of the Union; and will thus give increased confidence and vigor to the secession movement. We trust that the result of the election in Brooklyn will show no diminution in the strength of the Republican party.

Aid for the New-York State Woman's Hospital.—We are glad to learn that a movement is being made to aid the Board of Governors of the State Woman's Hospital,—which Institute is, at present, occupying temporary and very insufficient quarters at No. 83 Madison-avenue, in this City,—by a timely and generous donation from the State Treasury, conditioned upon the raising, by the Board, of double the sum to be donated by the State, within twelve months from the date of the passage of an act for that purpose. As an evidence of the character of this Institution, it is proper to mention that the Common Council, during the administration of Mayor Tiemann, made a *free gift* of an entire block of ground, comprising an area of 200 feet by 405 feet, and lying between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets, and Fourth and Lexington avenues, in this City, and at present valued at $160,000. The location is one of the most desirable and elevated in the City, and it is proposed to erect a Hospital building which shall cost not less than $150,000, and to accommodate at least two hundred patients.

The Woman's Hospital is one of the most interesting and charitable enterprises ever originated, and has the sympathy and earnest support of all who have been made acquainted with its objects.

The Legislature cannot make any mistake in adopting a liberal policy in aid of this admirable and most deserving charity, which has already, with its temporary facilities, freely bestowed benefits not elsewhere to be obtained, on hundreds of suffering women in all parts of the State and country.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Associate Artists of the Italian Opera troupe have met with so much success in Boston, and have been greeted there with so liberal a spirit, that the season, instead of ending on Saturday night, as previously announced, will be continued for another week. This is Boston's gain, and our loss. We must wait until next Monday for a resumption of those meritorious entertainments which last season insured the success of an enterprise considered at the time as more than doubly hazardous. It is said that the stockholders of the Boston Theatre were so pleased with the efforts of the Associated Artists, that they agreed unanimously to let them have the theatre this present week without any consideration. The precedent is worth putting on record, even if it is not likely to be followed.

At the theatres to-night we notice one important change in the announcements. This is at the Winter Garden, where, after various experiments with provincial artists, we are promised a *début*, which will assuredly claim the critical attention of the Metropolis. We refer to the first apperance of Mr. J. S. Clarke, a Comedian who, in Philadelphia, is regarded as the best now living. The Philadelphians have supplied us with our best actors, and their opinion is usually confirmed here. Mr. Clarke produces for the occasion, and also for the first time in New-York, Tom Taylor's latest success, "The Babes in the Wood." With a new piece and an actor of great reputation, it will be strange indeed if Mr. Jackson does not secure for the Winter Garden a great house.

Mr. Wilkins' new play, "Henriette," has been received with so much favor at Wallack's Theatre, that its position in the bills for some weeks to come may be taken for granted. Now that it is played more rapidly, it gains in interest. It is unquestionably one of the most amusing comediettas of the day.

At Laura Keene's Theatre the "Seven Sisters" will be repeated for the one hundred and twenty-eighth time. Nothing we can say will add to this strong indorsement of the piece's merits. There is no appeal from the public verdict.

At Niblo's Garden Mr. Forrest will repeat his great performance of *Virginius*, and in the afternoon there will be a grand equestrian *matinée*.

At the New Bowery Theatre, a new local drama, in four acts, called "Fifteen Years of a Boatman's Life," will be produced, with all the company in the cast. The pantomime of the "Schoolmaster," and the petite drama of the "Merry Monarch," will also be played.

At Barnum's Museum great preparations have been made for the holidays, full particulars of which can only be obtained from our advertising columns. The attraction in the "lecture room" is the moral drama called "Ruth Oakley."

Lloyd's Minstrels, a new combination, which is said to embrace all that is good in the profession, commence a season at Niblo's Saloon this evening.

Mr. Gustav Satter, the pianist, will give a special *matinée* in aid of the German Hospital, on Thursday next, at Dodworth's Saloon. Miss Emma Rowcroft and Mr. Henry Appy (the violinist) will assist on the occasion.

Mr. Richard Wagner's opera of the "Tannhaüser" has been produced in Paris, and, notwithstanding the presence of M. Liszt, has met with but a poor reception. The Parisians, who live so much and so contentedly in the present, cannot appreciate the beauties of the future as mapped out in Mr. Wagner's music.

The members of the Arion Society gave their second concert on Thursday evening, at Irving Hall, and the attendance, although not fully equal to the merits of the occasion, was an improvement on that of the previous concert. The programme opened with Schumann's best work, the symphony in D—a composition which, in treatment and design, may be fairly ranked with the best works of the modern school. It was superbly played, under the steady direction of Mr. Bergmann, who, on this kind of music, we may here add, is without a rival. Mr. Noll—an artist who is not sufficiently known in this community—played one of Mendelssohn's concertos for the violin, very finely. Why are these splendid productions so much neglected? A march, by Franz Liszt, ("Gœthe,") excited the curiosity of the musical portion of the audience, but scarcely satisfied it. The "Song of the Spirits on the Face of the Waters"—one of the most difficult of Schubert's vocal compositions, was admirably rendered by the members of the Society, and excellently accompanied by the orchestra. Mr. Anschutz conducted, and his clear and intelligent phrasing of every vocal idea, his poetic susceptibility of every orchestral suggestion, were the secrets of the success which attended the effort. Mr. Henry Mollenhauer played a concerto for the violoncello in a highly popular way, and later in the evening the march and chorus from the "Tannhaüser" was given by the Society, assisted by the members of the "Sing Academy," in an extremely effective style. The concert was one of the best successes we have attended this season, and in art importance rivaled the best efforts of the Philharmonic Society. The third of the series takes place on the 18th of April.

Mr. R. J. de Cordova, the lecturer, and the only one who possesses the faculty of being truly humorous before an audience and not merely witty, announces a final reading of his great comic poem on the "Prince's Visit" for Wednesday next, at Irving Hall. There will be other things to interest the audience, notably a recitation by Miss Sara Stevens, (who, by the way, has been reading the "Prince's Visit" in the country with great success,) and vocal and instrumental music by Mr. Millard and Miss Pearson.

Gottschalk, the most original composer for the piano of the present day, and a man of genius of whom America may well feel proud, will return to this City in a few days. He has been engaged by Mr. Max Strakosch, and with Miss Carlotta Patti will give a series of entertainments under that gentleman's management. Those who love the piano for the poetry that is in it, and not for its power of mummery; those who regard it as a medium of tone-language, and not as a caricaturist of the orchestra; those, in a word, who wish to hear a quaint and exquisite fancy elaborated mellifluously and without affectation, will receive this announcement with joy. Mr. Gottschalk is distinguished from other great pianists in this respect: He is a poet, not a mechanic. His talent for striking chords and playing scales is large enough—perhaps unsurpassed—but his genius for touching the heart is greater. The first concert in which this worthy artist will take part is announced for the 17th. At present he is receiving the homage of the Havanese, who have insisted on giving him a testimonial concert, with auxiliary assistance to the extent of 800 performers.

The Rhode Island Election.

New-York, Saturday, March 30, 1861.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

My attention has been called to a couple of letters which have appeared in your paper relating to the approaching election in Rhode Island. Being a Rhode Islander myself, and having a considerable knowledge of affairs there, though not a voter, I must say that of the two tickets to be voted for, that headed with the names of Jas. Y. Smith and Simon H. Greene is by far the most *conservative*. This I can say without prejudice, for I freely admit that if I had been a voter at the last election in that State my vote should have been given for Mr. Sprague, but in the present contest Mr. Smith should not only have my vote, but my whole influence and energy. He is a man respected by all who know him, and as for Mr. Greene, the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, there is not his superior as a man in the State. This I can say from my own personal acquaintance.

Nothing can be said against Mr. Sprague's official course, that I am aware of, but the exigencies which called him to the Gubernatorial Chair have passed, and it now behooves every Rhode Island Republican to stand by their own candidates and their cause.

A RHODE ISLANDER.

NEW-YORK STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Saturday, March 30.

A number of bills, mostly of a local character, were moved forward by the Grinding Committee, to be reported complete.

Among the bills reported favorably by Committees were the following:

For the preservation of game in Queens County.

To allow the Croton Aqueduct Department to do work other than by contract.

Requiring foreign Insurance Companies to file an annual statement of their condition.

To submit the question of a Constitutional Convention to the vote of the people.

Relative to the sale of land.

Mr. BELL introduced a bill fixing the future compensation of legislative officers and employes.

On motion of Mr. HAMMOND, the Senate resolved to hold two sessions daily, from 10 till 2, and from 3½ till 6 o'clock.

BILLS PASSED.

To amend the Revised Statutes relative to wife desertion.

To incorporate the Master's Lodge of Masons in Albany.

To allow the New-York Supervisors to procure a site for a Court House.

The New-York Post-office site bill.

The bill to prohibit the publication of a tax sale in the State Paper was lost.

The Senate concurred in the Assembly amendments to the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill, which now goes to the Governor.

The resolution to appoint a Committee to investigate the action of the Mayor, Common Council, and other officials of New-York City, in relation to the street contracts and other acts, was taken up. A warm debate ensued upon it.

A large number of amendments were proposed, on all of which the Ayes and Nays were demanded.

The resolutions were strongly opposed by Messrs. LAWRENCE, COLVIN and PROSSER, and favored by Messrs. SPINOLA, MANIERRE and HAMMOND.

The resolution of inquiry, as offered by Mr. MANIERRE, was to the effect that an investigation into the acts of the Mayor and officials be instituted by a Committee to consist of the New-York delegation, with power to sit during the recess and send for persons and papers, and report to the next Legislature.

To this, after much debate, Mr. SPINOLA offered an amendment to refer the investigation to a select Committee of five, to be appointed by the President of the Senate.

The amendment was adopted, and the resolution, with Mr. SPINOLA's amendment, prevailed by a vote of 17 to 10.

All of the New-York members voted in the affirmative, and Messrs. LAWRENCE and GARDNER voted "no."

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Saturday, March 30.

All orders of business, down to the general orders, were laid on the table, thus defeating any attempt to move the Broadway Railroad bill.

The House in the Committee of the Whole took up the bill to amend the present Insolvent laws, by requiring the consent of one-sixth instead of one-third of the creditors, to enable insolvents to clear themselves by an assignment, and entitle them to a discharge.

Discussion on the bill occupied the whole morning session.

An amendment was adopted, providing that no one who made an assignment or transfer should be entitled to the benefit of the act until twelve months had elapsed.

Several attempts were made to extend this time, but lost.

Mr. DWIGHT offered an amendment, that the law shall not apply to past indebtedness. Lost.

The debate was led by Mr. TOWNSEND, who argued in favor of the bill, Messrs. Bingham, Pierce, Morgan and Benedict, all of whom supported the bill as constitutional and just in policy, and by Messrs. Kernan and Dwight, in opposition to the bill.

Mr. MERRITT favored the bill as amended so as to conform, in his judgment, with the Constitution.

After a lengthy debate the bill was ordered to a third reading.

From Denver City.

FORT KEARNEY, Thursday, March 28.

The Western stage, with mails and passengers, and HINCKLEY's Express for Omaha, passed here at 4 P. M.

DENVER, Monday, March 25.

The daily yield of gold in the mines is very rapidly increasing. The mills are nearly all getting to work, many of them with the new gold-saving process. The population on the Blue Rim slope has doubled in the last month. That district will be a great theatre of gold mining operations. The road over the snowy range, between the South and Middle Forks, is open for pack animals, but not for wagons. Emigrants from the States are beginning to arrive. The weather is very fine.

The Illinois Banks.

CHICAGO, Ill., Saturday, March 30.

The Banks of this city, on Monday, the 1st of April, will throw out the notes of the following thirty-two Illinois Banks:

Albion,
Benton,
Carmel,
Chester,
Federal Union,
Quincy,
Republic,
Belvidere,
Canal,
Citizens',
Commercial of New-Haven,
Continental,
Corn Planters',
Farmers' and Traders',
Farmers' Bank of Illinois,
Frontier.
Farmers' Bank of New-Canton,
Grand Prairie,
Illinois State,
Lancaster,
Merchants' and Drovers',
Mississippi River,
New Market,
Panret,
Prairie State,
Railroad,
Shawneese,
Union,
Pike County,
Edgar County,
Morgan County,
Southern Illinois.

These banks have a circulation of about three and a half millions of dollars based upon Missouri, Tennessee and Louisiana stocks.

The present market rate of the securities of the notes is 85 to 90 cents on the dollar.

The Chicago Post-Office—Alleged Arrears.

CHICAGO, Saturday, March 30.

THOMAS P. SHALLCROSS, special agent of the Post-Office Department, took charge of the Post-office in this City to-day, by order of President LINCOLN, for causes of alleged arrears and faulty accounts running through even a longer period than the present quarter.

The City is rife with rumors in regard to the matter. Many of them are doubtless exaggerated.

The Old Colony and Fall River Railroad.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 30.

The Senate yesterday, after ten hours' debate, passed to its first reading the bill allowing the Old Colony and Fall River Railroad to extend the road to the State line, in order to establish a railroad connection with Newport. The vote was 16 to 12.

Loss of Ship Wm. Hammond.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 30.

The British ship *Wm. Hammond*, from New-Orleans for Cork, was abandoned on the 16th inst., in lat. 35°, lon. 65°. The crew, twenty-four in number, were taken off by the Dutch brig *Sirene*, which has arrived here from Rotterdam.

Death of Ex-Chief Justice Shaw.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 30.

LEMUEL SHAW, late Chief Justice of Massachusetts, died this morning at his residence, Mount Vernon-street. He fell dead while conversing and being in the act of dressing himself in his room. He has lately been in feeble health.

The United States District Court, Judge CLIFFORD presiding, adjourned this forenoon on the announcement of the death of Judge SHAW.

Presentation of a Service of Silver to Collector Whitney, of Boston.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 30.

Collector WHITNEY, who retires on Monday, was to-day presented with a service of silver plate, costing $600, by the employes of the Custom-house. Mr. GOODRICH, who assumes the office on Monday, has appointed E. W. B. CANNING, of Stockbridge, Deputy-Collector.

The Great Western Railway.

HAMILTON, C. W., Saturday, March 30.

The Great Western Railway traffic for the week ending yesterday was $50,800—an increase of $4,500 over the corresponding week of last year.

Lake Navigation.

CLEVELAND, Saturday, March 30.

The screw-steamer *Olean*, of the New-York and Erie Railroad, arrived here this morning from Dunkirk. All the steamers of this line will now run regularly for the season.

IMPROVEMENTS AT THE CITY HALL—THE NEW AREA TO BE BUILT.—On Friday of last week ground was broken for the construction of the area around the City Hall, the contract for which was awarded some months since, and at that time noticed in the TIMES. The intention is to have an area of six feet in width, and as many in depth, around the entire building, the whole to be inclosed with a handsome iron railing. This will give to the occupants of the basement rooms and offices air and light, and at the same time do away with the dampness. Added to this, it will be an improvement upon the appearance of the building, which looks now too compact and cramped to correspond with the present style of building.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

PRESENTATION TO COL. DURYEA, OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT.—Probably the most beautiful service of plate ever presented in this country is now on public exhibition for a few days, with the consent of the recipient, at Messrs. BALL, BLACK & Co.'s, the manufacturers, on the corner of Prince-street and Broadway. It has a testimonial from the officers and privates of the Seventh Regiment, to their late Colonel, DURYEA, under whose fostering care the corps had earned and received a world-wide reputation for superiority in all that pertains to an organized volunteer corps. The service was manufactured by Messrs. BALL, BLACK & Co., at a cost of $5,000, and, aside from its magnificence, it is a masterpiece of workmanship. It consists of eight pieces, a centre piece or epergne, one soup tureen, two gravy tureens, two vegetable dishes, and two meat dishes, with stands for lamps. The epergne is of circular base, about twenty inches in circumference, with three small external bases, on the summit of which are the arms of a cuirassier, with flags on each side. The middle base is thirteen inches in diameter, surmounted by all the arms of modern warfare, stacked in graceful style. From the centre of this pile protrudes a cannon, in the mouth of which is a bundle of spears, with halberts. Six arms extend from above, at the extremity of which are holders for glass dishes. Above these are three branches, surrounding the centre around which are wreaths, with all the arms and instruments of ancient warfare. This sustains a glass dish, eighteen inches in diameter. From the centre of the dish protrudes a small pyramid, upon the summit of which is perched an eagle, with wings spread for flight. Upon the other dishes are cannon, cartridge boxes, muskets, swords, caps, and, in fact, all sorts of military equipments. In addition to the above, Col. DURYEA was the recipient of a magnificent service from the merchants of New-York, upon the occasion of his resignation of the command which he had held for so many years with such distinguished honor.

FLUSHING STEAMBOATS—CHANGE OF HOURS FOR SUMMER TRAVEL.—The first of April brings the usual Spring changes in the time tables of the boats traversing the East and North Rivers, and also inaugurates the opening of several routes of Summer travel. On and after to-day, April 1, the steamer *Flushing*, Capt. NIMMO, commences to make three trips a day to and from New-York, leaving Flushing at 7:30, 11 A. M. and 3 P. M., and New-York at 9:30 A. M., 1:30 and 5 P. M. She has been repainted and put in thorough order for the Summer passenger and excursion business. The steamer *Emily* commences running to-day to High Bridge, connecting with the Harlem steamers and the Third-avenue Railroad, making six trips per day. The Staten Island Railroad also announces a new schedule of time for running on that route.

FIRE IN ROOSEVELT-STREET.—LEVI ROSENBLATT, tenant of the basement of No. 74 Roosevelt-street, while preparing for bed at 10 o'clock last night, accidentally upset a lamp, from which the house caught fire. He suffered loss to the extent of $100; uninsured. LAZARUS LEVI, dealer in window glass, and JOHN JOHNSON, the other occupants of the building, estimate their losses respectively at $150 and $59. The former is said to be insured in the Rutgers', and the latter in the Citizens' Insurance Companies. The building is not very much injured. It belongs to Mrs. ANN TICE.

STABBING AFFRAY BETWEEN ITALIANS.—Last evening two Italian organ grinders, living at No. 21 Baxter-street, Five Points, quarreled, and began to beat each other. While the affray was in progress, LOUIS HASTONE, one of the combatants, stabbed his antagonist, named DIAMORICE, twice in the breast with a stiletto. The wounds are highly dangerous, and the sufferer is at the New-York Hospital. The Sixth Ward Police have HASTONE in custody.

CLOSING LECTURE.—Mr. DIX will give the last lecture of his course on the "Andes," before the Mercantile Library Association, this evening, at Clinton Hall. These lectures have been pleasant and well attended. The subject for this evening is peculiarly interesting.

COLORED ORPHAN ASYLUM.—We understand that the Fair for the benefit of the Colored Orphan Asylum will be continued at No. 744 Broadway, until Tuesday next.

Services of Easter Sunday.

TRINITY CHURCH.

The services at Trinity Church, yesterday, were of a very elaborate and imposing character, and drew together a much larger audience than could be accommodated with sitting or even standing room within its walls. The chancel was tastefully decorated with bouquets of flowers, the chief of which, a colossal pyramid of lilies and roses towering from the baptismal font, attracted particular attention.

At 11 o'clock, Rev. Dr. VINTON opened the services by announcing the Easter Carol, taken from the sixty-ninth hymn—"Christ the Lord is risen to-day." He next intoned the exhortation, confession and prayers following. The service, "Christ our Passover is sacrificed for us," was substituted for the *Venite*, in accordance with the rubric. The Litany and prayers were then intoned by Dr. VINTON, following which the anthem, consisting of HANDEL's solo, "Thou didst not leave his soul in hell," was sung by Master WARD. This was succeeded by CUTLER's celebrated anthem—"Oh, Jerusalem, thou that bringest Good Tidings to Zion." In this anthem occurs a solo commencing, "He shall feed his flock," which was sung by Mr. MAYER. The ante-communion service was then intoned by Rev. Dr. VINTON—Rev. Dr. OGILBY reading the epistle. After singing the sixty-eighth hymn, Rev. Dr. VINTON ascended the pulpit and preached an appropriate sermon from the text:

> "Thy dead men shall live, together with my dead body shall they arise; awake and sing, ye that dwell in dust, for thy dew is as the dew of herbs, and the earth shall cast out the dead."—Isaiah xxvi, 19.

The discourse was appropriate to the day, embracing a review of man's fallen and sinful condition, and his elevation by the death and resurrection of Jesus Christ.

After the service, a large number partook of the Holy Communion.

The organ was used for the first time since the opening of Lent, and its tones were in powerful contrast to the comparatively weak instrument previously used. During the offertory sentences, which were intoned by Rev. Dr. VINTON, Mr. CUTLER, the Organist, played the beautiful and well known air, "Sound the loud timbrel o'er Egypt's dark sea."

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.

St. Patrick's Cathedral was crowded in every part yesterday morning, on the occasion of the Pontifical High Mass. Many persons were obliged to depart without having effected an entrance to the building, and the patience of the obliging Sexton and his corps of assistants was sorely tried by the persistent and sometimes obstreperous applications for admission, so eager was the desire of the Catholic population to participate in this service.

The Mass was said by the Most Reverend Archbishop HUGHES. Father PRESTON preached the sermon; Dr. MURRAGH officiated as deacon, Father WOODS as Sub-Deacon, Rev. Father STARR, Vicar General, and Father MCVIERNEY as Master of Ceremonies.

The church altar was decorated for the occasion by M. DE GRANVAL. There were nine stars, each containing eight lights, independent of the usual lights.

The music was on a scale commensurate with the occasion. The choir was enlarged by the addition of four competent assistants, and the music of the Mass comprised selections from HAYDN's No. 4, MOZART No. 13, DIETSCH, and equally celebrated composers. Mr. HARRISON, as usual, presided at the organ.

The collection of the day was in aid of the Catholic Orphan Asylum, and amounted to several hundred dollars.

After the Communion, and before the end of the Mass, the Most Rev. Archbishop pronounced the Papal Benediction.

The sermon was from the Gospel of Mark—commencing at the first verse, and ending with the seventh.

Police Reports.

ATTEMPT TO STEAL A MAIL-BAG.

On Saturday night, about 10 o'clock, when the Hudson River train reached the Chambers-street dépôt, an attempt was made, on the part of two thieves, who had been loitering about the premises for some hours, to carry off one of the United States mail bags, containing a large amount of moneyed correspondence. The mail pouches had been transferred from the car to a wagon, in which they were to be conveyed to the General Post-office, and Mr. J. A. Stephens, the mail agent, was about to whip up his horses, when he saw a man lean over the dash board and grasp the handle of one of the bags with one hand, while with the other he held fast to the iron railing of the car platform, thus expecting to retain the bag when the wagon had departed. Mr. S. quickly jumped down and pulled the robber away, first having to strike him severely with the whip in order to loosen his hold of the booty, which he did not seem at all desirous of relinquishing. Finding himself foiled, the thief ran away, and a confederate who had stood ready to assist in removing the bag followed after his principal. One of the rascals—he who had been most active in the matter—was overtaken, however, by Officer DORAN, of the Third Ward, and yesterday Justice KELLY committed him, pending an examination before a United States Commissioner. The prisoner is a young man giving the name of Francis Henry.

SCOT FREE FROM LOSS.

On Saturday morning, a quantity of portfolios, valued at $92, were stolen from the manufactory of Mr. Albert Scott, No. 235 West Thirty-fifth-street, by Bernard Nasmut, a bookbinder of dishonest inclination. The theft was witnessed by Mrs. Scott, through whose exertions Nasmut was arrested before he had time to dispose of his booty. Notwithstanding the evidence of his guilt was so palpable, the prisoner tried to make people believe that he was honest, but he was not successful, and Justice CONNOLLY committed him to answer.

WHO IS THE VICTIM?

About 5½ o'clock yesterday morning, Officer Dazet, of the Fifth Ward, saw a young man named Thomas Moore walking hurriedly along Greenwich-street, and acting so furtively that his suspicions against him were aroused. Following the man to West Broadway, the officer decided to arrest him. Having been taken to the Station-house and searched, it turned out that the prisoner had probably been engaged in a burglary, as evidence of his guilt, consisting of a pair of nippers for opening doors, a cold chisel, and an assortment of silver and plated ware, were found in a bundle beneath his coat. One of the articles was a goblet marked "F. E. S.," which can easily be identified by the owner. The burglar had taken the precaution to break up the spoons, forks and other portions of his plunder, in order to destroy the evidence against him, but had not had time to enable him to accomplish his purpose thoroughly. Justice KELLY committed him for examination.

Arrivals in the City.

Hons. Philip Dorsheimer, of Buffalo; O. B. Matteson, of Utica, and J. T. Simmons and Truman Smith, of Rhode Island; Gen. Van Valkenburgh, of Bath; Major F. B. Ellsworth, of Chicago Zouave memory; Capt. Bullock, of the *Bienville*, and Capt. Durker, of N. T., are at the Astor House.

Hons. B. C. Butler, of Luzerne, and L. B. Peck, of Vermont; R. C. Parsons, Consul to Rio Janeiro; Capt. De None, lady and servant, passengers by the *Africa*, and J. Wallingford, of Kentucky, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Ex-President Miramon, family and suite, of Mexico, are stopping at the Gramercy-park House.

Hon. Washington Hunt, of Lockport; Madame Blanchot, of Washington; and C. P. Hemenway, of Chili, are at the Everett House.

Capt. Cook, of the *Africa*; Samuel D. Cram, of Boston; R. A. Oakes, of Arkansas; Alfred Ely, of Rochester; W. R. Bell, of Mississippi; D. B. Lexton, of Cleveland, Ohio; G. R. Babcock and Elijah Ford, of Buffalo; G. S. Colgate, of N. T.; and Capt. G. B. Todd, of Dacotah Territory, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

J. de Zangb, of Paris; H. F. Budge, of Manchester, England, and P. Blake, are at the Brevoort House.

G. H. Phinney, of Washington, and B. W. A. Wetterstedt, of N. H., are at the Clarendon Hotel.

Capt. J. C. Ainsworth, of Oregon, J. M. Bradford, of the U. S. A., and B. Wilson, of the U. S. Navy, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Mantillas. Mantillas.

DISPLAY OF SPRING FASHIONS FOR 1861,
At Nos. 296 and 298 Canal st.,
Brandreth Building.

I respectfully offer to the public my new and rich stock of Mantillas, all of them being
FIRST-CLASS GOODS,
and at prices which will astonish every one.

My stock consists of
FINE SPRING CLOTH CIRCULARS,
SACKS
AND BASQUES,
From $3 to $12 each.
THE RICHEST PARIS-MADE
SILK
AND LACE MANTILLAS,
of the latest patterns, at from $5 to $50 each.

The best and cheapest place in the City to buy your Mantillas for this season is at
McKENZIES OLD STAND,
Nos. 296 and 298 Canal-st. Brandreth Building.
ADOLPH NEW.

China, House-Furnishing Goods.
COMPETITION DEFIED!

White China Dining Plates	$0 80 per dozen.
Gold-Band Tea Sets—44 pieces	5 50 per set.
Stone-China Tea Sets—44 pieces	2 00 per set.
Silver-Plated Tea Spoons	1 00 per dozen.
Decorated Dining Sets—188 pieces	40 00 per set.

A large assortment of Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware, Table Cutlery, Silver Plated, Japanned and Britannia Ware. E. M. BRUNDIGE, No. 232 Bleecker-st., N. Y.

Every Cake of my Oriental Fig Paste has on it my trade-mark, the Star and Crescent and my initials, H. T. This is so excellent for the weakly and the feeble, so nourishing and so palatable, and so good for the Bowel Complaint and Dysentery. Sold at all the first-class grocery-stores and saloons; made by me these nineteen years. HACHADOOR TATEOSYAN, of Constantinople.

Batchelor's Hair Dye produces a perfectly natural black or brown; no staining the skin or injury to the hair; the ill-effects of bad dyes removed; the hair invigorated for life by using this dye. Factory, No. 81 Barclay-st. Sold and privately applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond st.

Now Within Reach of All.
GROVER & BAKER'S
CELEBRATED NOISELESS SEWING MACHINES.
$40 and upwards. No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

Kingsford's Oswego Silver-Gloss Starch
Gives a beautiful finish to the Linen.
CAUTION.—Use less than usual, as it is very strong.
Be sure you get *Kingsford's Silver-Gloss*.

Finkle & Lyon's Sewing-Machines.—Prices Reduced. New Adjustable Hemmer. New style Tucker. New Binder, &c., &c. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents wanted. No. 538 Broadway, New-York.

Dyspepsia Cured by Dr. Gifford's Homœopathic Remedy, as thousands can testify who have used it. Price 25 cents per box.
PHILIP LEE, No. 562 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines—At reduced prices with Glass Cloth Presser, improved Loop-Check, new style Hemmer, Binder, Corder, &c.
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Batchelor's new invented Wigs and Toupees are truly wonderful specimens of art. Call and see them at No. 16 Bond-st., or send for a measure card.

Moldavia Cream forces the Hair and Whiskers to grow luxuriantly. Sold at W. A. BATCHELOR'S new invented Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

MARRIED.

REYNOLDS—BRIGGS.—On Wednesday evening, March 27, by Rev. John Poisal, Mr. E. REYNOLDS, Jr., to Mrs F. M. BRIGGS.

ROBINSON—CODINGTON.—At Brier Cliff Church, on Saturday, March 23, by Rev. A. H. Gesner EDWARD A. ROBINSON to Miss JOSEPHINE A. CODINGTON, daughter of David C. Codington.

DIED.

BENNETT.—In this City, on Sunday, March 31, at her late residence, No. 134 East 13th-st., AMELIA MATILDA, wife of Francis Bennett, aged 25 years.

Friends of the family will please attend the funeral, from the above address, on Tuesday, April 2 at 1 P. M.

PAULISON.—In this City, on Sunday morning, March 31, JOHN P., youngest son of John P. and Margaret A. Paulison, aged 2 years and 3 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral on Tuesday, April 2, at 11½ A. M., at the residence of his parents, in 8th st., near 9th av. Stages leave 33d-st. and 6th-av. every 20 minutes.

PUDNEY.—In this City, on Saturday, March 30, of diphtheria, CHARLES STANLEY, only son of Charles W. and Addie E. Pudney, aged 4 years and 26 days.

The funeral will take place from No. 123 Hudson-st., this day, (Monday,) April 1, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend.

HARPER.—In this City, on Saturday evening, March 30, suddenly, ADELINE SCOTT, youngest child of Joseph W. and Ellen U. Harper, aged 1 year, 11 months and 11 days.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning, April 2, from the residence of her parents, No. 14 West 22d-st.

MILHAU.—In this City, on Saturday March 30, AUGUSTE MARY, only daughter of Philippine Guillon and John Milhau, aged 18 years and 5 months.

The funeral will start from her late residence, No. 41 Lafayette-place, this (Monday) morning, at 9½ o'clock, and proceed to the Church of St Vincent de Paul, 23d-st., near 6th-av., and from thence to the 11th-st. Cemetery. The friends of the family, and of her brother Dr. John J. Milhau, U. S. A., are respectfully requested to attend, without further notice.

MCCOY.—In this City, on Saturday evening, March 30, after a painful illness, CATHERINE MCCOY, wife of John McCoy, in the 67th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 318 Bleecker-st., on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

SPEAR.—In this City, on Sunday morning, March 31, JOSEPHINE, daughter of Charles and Margaret Spear, aged 3 years, 6 months and 3 days.

The friends are invited to attend her funeral, from No. 244 West 12th st., this day, (Monday,) at 3½ o'clock.

MALLERY.—In this City, on Sunday, March 31, SARAH LOUISA, daughter of John R. and Isabella J. Mallery, aged 2 years and 3 months.

The relatives and friends of the family, and also of her grandmother, Mrs. James Harrison, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, No. 80 Jane-st., on Tuesday, at 3 P. M.

SILLECK.—In Brooklyn, at his residence, No. 184 Adelphi st., on Saturday evening, March 30, ISAAC U. SILLECK, aged 41 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, without further notice. His remains will be conveyed to the Cemetery of the Evergreens for interment.

GILBERT.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 30, JAMES GILBERT, aged 40 years.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock P. M., from No. 161 York st.

BENNIT.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 30, suddenly, Miss MARY E. BENNIT, aged 32 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her brother, Wm. H. Bennit, No. 81 Orange st., Brooklyn, this day, (Monday,) April 1, at 3 o'clock P. M.

LOESCHER.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, March 30, HENRY CHRISTIAN, only son of John C. and Susan N. Loescher, aged 8 years and 29 days.

COCKBURN.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 30, JANET, infant daughter of George and Mary E. Cockburn.

CLARKE.—In Brooklyn on Sunday, March 31, ARTHUR ISLEY, son of Stephen F. and Charlotte A. Clarke, aged 3 years and 8 months.

His funeral will take place this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 32 1st-place.

WHITNEY.—In South Orange, on Friday, March 29, J. S. WHITNEY, aged 49 years.

His funeral will take place from his late residence, South Orange, on Tuesday, April 2, at 10 A. M. Carriages will be in attendance at South Orange Dépôt, to meet the 8:30 train from New York.

STRATTON.—In Morrisania, on Sunday, March 30, ANGELINE M., widow of the late Alexander M. Stratton, aged 43 years.

Funeral on Tuesday, at 1 P. M., from her late residence, Washington-av., Morrisania. Cars leave Harlem Dépôt at 11 o'clock.

☞ Troy papers please copy.

TUTTLE.—In West Farms, Westchester County, on Friday, March 29, after a protracted illness, Mrs. CORNELIA TUTTLE, in the 56th year of her age.

HICKS.—In Flushing, at his residence, on Seventh Day, March 30, SILAS HICKS, in the 84th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from Friends' Meeting House, Flushing, on Third Day (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further invitation.

HUNTINGTON.—In Norwich, Conn., on Tuesday, March 26, WOLCOTT HUNTINGTON, Esq., aged 65 years.

ROBBINS.—In Kensington, Conn., on Tuesday, March 26, Rev. ROYAL ROBBINS, in the 73d year of his age.

MARSH.—In Hong Kong, China, on Sunday, Dec. 16, of typhoid fever, JAMES MARSH, eldest son of Nathaniel Marsh, of this City, in the 26th year of his age.

SECOND LETTER OF
SAMUEL WILKESON
TO
THURLOW WEED.
THE TRIBUNE of to-day contains Wilkeson's second letter to Weed on "Corruption in Politics." Price two cents. Six dollars per annum.

ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES.
From 6 to [illegible] inches diameter
Of cylinder, for sale
At the Agency, No. [illegible]
Duane-st.
SEND FOR A PAMPHLET.
Various applications of the Engine to pumping, turning machinery, and to Sewing-machines, hoisting-machines, &c., may be seen at the Agency.
These Engines require no water.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH,
OF THE LEGALIZED
LOTTERIES.
WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS
OF THE
DELAWARE, KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE
LOTTERIES,
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.

The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawings of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:

DELAWARE LOTTERIES.
Extra Class, No. 203, March 30, 1861.
10, 69, 3, 6, 29, 2, 26, 28, 45, 52, 74, 51, 1.
Class No. 204, March 30, 1861.
54, 3, 58, 50, 56, 55, 31, 49, 26, 13, 70, 41, 74.

Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., March 30, 1861.
GEORGE C. GORDON,
JOSEPH SEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN.

Circulars containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or St. Louis, Mo.

IMPORTANT TO CASH BUYERS.
BLISS & WHEELOCK
Having purchased from the Assignees, for cash, the entire stock of the late firm of
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
in which, besides a great variety of other Staple Goods,
is included about
600 CASES OF WAMSUTTA
and
AMOSKEAG PRINTS,
And nearly
1,000 PACKAGES OF DOMESTIC COTTONS,
Will offer it all
FOR SALE FOR CASH,
AND
ON SHORT CREDIT,
ON
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3,
At their Store, No. 390 Broadway,
Between Walker and White sts.

A NEW AND THRILLING STORY
BY
NED BUNTLINE,
ENTITLED
THE DEATH MYSTERY:
A
CRIMSON TALE
OF
LIFE IN NEW-YORK,
WILL COMMENCE IN NEXT WEEK'S
NEW-YORK MERCURY.
☞ Send in your orders immediately.

NEW-YORK
KEROSENE OIL COMPANY,
AT PRICES TO COMMAND THE MARKET,
KEROSENE ILLUMINATING OIL,
PARAFFINE ILLUMINATING OIL,
PETROLEUM ILLUMINATING OIL,
MACHINERY OILS.
DEPOT,
COZZENS & CO., No. 89 WATER-ST., NEW-YORK.

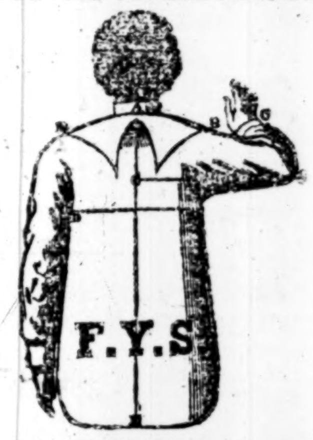
ASTONISHING PRICES FOR CHINA,
GLASS, &c., FOR CASH.
We have just received large quantities of CHINA, GLASSWARE, and other goods per Ships ADMIRAL and GERMANIA, which we are desirous to sell
FOR CASH.
Look at the following *bona fide* list of prices and compare them with any bills ever purchased.
Samples of the goods on exhibition in our windows.

FRENCH CHINA TEA SERVICES, 44 pcs., for	$3 50.
FRENCH DECORATED TEA SERVICES, 44 pieces, and upwards	6 25
FRENCH CHINA COVERED DISHES, best quality, each.	62
AND OTHER CHINA GOODS IN PROPORTION.	
IRONSTONE CHINA DINNER SETS, 186 pieces,	16 00
IRONSTONE DINNER TOILET SETS, six pieces	90
SILVER-PLATED TEA SETS, six pieces,	16 00
SILVER-PLATED TABLE FORKS, per dozen	3 50
SILVER PLATED TABLE SPOONS, per dozen,	3 50
SILVER PLATED TEA SPOONS, per dozen,	1 75
CUT-GLASS GOBLETS, per dozen	1 50
CHAMPAGNES, $1 25; WINES,	1 00

A great variety of other goods, such as GAS FIXTURES, CUTLERY, &c., at equally low prices.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner Broome st.

STODART PIANOS.
GRAND, SQUARE AND PICCOLO.
The best manufactured.
Warerooms,
No. 508 Broadway.

PATENTED NOVEMBER 1, 1859.



THE MEASURES ARE
A, the distance around the neck. B to B, the Yoke. D to D, distance around the body, under the armpits. C to C, the Sleeve. E to E, the length of the Shirt.

BALLOU'S
PATENTED IMPROVED FRENCH-YOKE SHIRTS.
A NEW STYLE OF SHIRT, WARRANTED TO FIT

By sending the above measures per mail we can guarantee a perfect fit of our new style of Shirt, and return by Express to any part of the United States, at $12, $15, $18, $24, &c., &c., per dozen. No order forwarded for less than half a dozen shirts. Wholesale Trade supplied on the usual terms.

Also, Importers and Dealers in MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

BALLOU BROTHERS,
No. 409 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

J. L. BROWN'S
STANDARD SCALES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
AND WARRANTED IN ALL RESPECTS,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Purchasers are invited to examine our stock and price list.
J. D. BROWER & CO.,
No. 16 Beekman-st., near Nassau-st.

11TH WARD, BROOKLYN.
For Alderman,
CHARLES H. KIMBALL.
Indorsed by Smith J. Eastman, Wm. M. Muchmore, Edward A. Lambert, R. S. Roberts, Wm. Belcher, W. M. Newall, Loomis Ballard, Alfred Smithers, A. S. Barnes, G. T. Jenks, and others.

WESTERN TESTIMONIALS
OF
HOWE'S
STANDARD SCALES,
GIVEN
VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.,
GENERAL WESTERN AGENTS,
NOS. 199 AND 201 RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
FRANK E. HOWE,
NO. 203 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
SECOND BLOCK BELOW ASTOR HOUSE.

MUSCATINE, Iowa, Feb. 11, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co, Chicago:
GENTS: In reply to your favor of the 4th instant, would say we are well pleased with the working of our ten tons "HOWE'S SCALE," and would cheerfully recommend it as the most accurate, least liable to injury by frost or otherwise, and the cheapest scale in existence. While our neighbors have found it impossible to work their scales at times, on account of frost and ice, ours has not been out of repair in the least, and have tested it in various ways, and always found it accurate. We remain very truly yours, &c.,
LELAND & CO., PER O. W. BROWN.

WHEATLAND, Iowa, Feb. 14, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago, Ill.:
GENTS: I have one of HOWE'S IMPROVED FOUR TON SCALES in use for three months past, and I find it to be perfectly accurate and correct, and very easy set up in working order. I take pleasure in recommending it to others who may want scales. They are superior to any others I have ever used. Respectfully yours,
J. D. FAGAU.

RANTOUL, Champaign Co., Ill., Feb. 11, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
GENTLEMEN: I purchased one of HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES of you about one month since, and have weighed over fifteen hundred loads of corn on them since, and they have never failed to give entire satisfaction. I do most cheerfully recommend them to any one wishing a good scale. Respectfully yours,
J. PENFIELD.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 12, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago, Ill.:
GENTS: I am satisfied that the "HOWE'S SCALES" are the best in use. Respectfully yours,
H. J. RUDISILL.

PRINCETON, Kosciusko Co., Indiana.
TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
This is to certify that I have one of HOWE'S IMPROVED THREE-TON STANDARD SCALES in constant use, and it works perfectly satisfactory to myself in every respect. I weigh a great deal on this scale for railroad transportation, and must say that I never saw anything that would compete with it.
I have also one of HOWE'S IMPROVED COUNTER SCALES in constant use in my store, that works very nice and I would recommend to any person wishing to purchase a scale that will weigh accurately, to get one of HOWE'S IMPROVED STANDARD SCALES.
D. P. NICHOLS.

PANTON MILLS, Mendota, Ill., Feb. 9, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago, Ill.:
GENTS: Having used the "HOWE (THREE-TON HAY) SCALE" in connection with our mill, we take pleasure in recommending it to be superior to any scale we have ever used. Respectfully,
BLACKSTONE & PANTON.

MENDOTA, Feb. 7, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
GENTS: I have weighed over 4,000 loads of coal, wheat, corn and oats in the last 90 days, and I think the HOWE SCALES are durable and correct.
Yours, respectfully, WM. CONNELL.

JOLIET, Ill., Feb. 6, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
DEAR SIRS: I take pleasure in attesting to the superior merits of the HOWE SCALE, having had both a three-ton and six hundred scale in constant use for several months, and can but speak in the highest terms of their accuracy and principle of construction.
I am very truly yours, S. NILES.

KANEVILLE, Ill., Feb. 9, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
GENTLEMEN: I have given the HOWE HAY SCALE you sold me, nearly six months' trial in weighing heavy and light drafts, and am convinced that it is perfect in durability and precision.
Yours respectfully, B. A. COY.

FRANKLIN, Ind., March 18, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
GENTLEMEN—Your favor of the 14th inst. has come to hand. In reply, state, that the three-ton scale you set up for me some two months ago, works to my entire satisfaction, and cheerfully recommend HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES to all parties wishing to purchase.
Yours truly, JOHN TRESSLER.

PONTIAC, Ill., Feb. 6, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
GENTS: We have had a set of HOWE'S FOUR-TON SCALES in constant use for the past six months, and find them accurate in every instance, and we are perfectly satisfied that they are the best scales in use. The small COUNTER SCALE gives perfect satisfaction.
Yours, etc.,
RUSSELL, BABCOCK & BRO.

PERU, Ill., Feb. 7, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago:
GENTLEMEN: The HOWE SCALE that I purchased of T. S. Dickerson, last November, is a No. 1 article. I have two of Fairbanks' in use, but prefer the Howe's. The same priced scale costs a good deal less to set up, and I think quite as reliable, and must be as durable.
Yours respectfully, L. E. PARSONS.

OFFICE OF T. & H. SMITH & Co., Pekin, Ill.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago, Ill.:
Having now in constant use one of Mr. HOWE'S IMPROVED FOUR-TON SCALES, and finding it to weigh very correctly, and for its simplicity, not liable to get out of repair, we cheerfully recommend it to the public.
T. & H. SMITH & CO.

DECATUR, Ill., Feb. 24, 1861.
MESSRS. VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & Co., Chicago.:
DEAR SIRS: I am in receipt of your favor of 21st inst.; have the Scale up; find it fully up to your recommendation; would prefer the HOWE SCALE to any scale I have ever seen, both for accuracy and durability, and will take pleasure in recommending them to the public.
S. J. METTLEN.

IVESDALE, Platt Co., Ill., Feb. 20, 1861.
MR. DICKERSON:
SIR: This is to certify that I have been using one of Mr. HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES, and can say to those that are in want of a scale that they can find in those all that can be expected in a scale, and they far excel anything that I ever saw for accuracy and durability. They require no pit, and they are easily moved from place to place, with little or no inconvenience. I find they are taking the preference to all others wherever they have been introduced.
I most heartily recommend them to all in want of scales.
Yours, most respectfully,
WM. H. JOHNSON.

We would also refer to the following parties, who are using different varieties of the Howe's Scales:
JEWETT & BUTLER, Chicago, Illinois.
E. W. BLATCHFORD, Esq., Chicago, Illinois.
C. H. McCORMICK & BRO., Chicago, Illinois.
G. L. DUNLAP, Esq., Supt. N. W. R. R. Co., Chicago, Illinois.
CHICAGO GAS LIGHT AND COKE Co., Chicago, Illinois.
S. ALDERSON, Esq., Council Hill, Illinois.
TANNER & FREDERICK, Paxton, Illinois.
WORCESTER, BRAYTON & Co., Momencie, Illinois.
M. B. HARDEN, Esq., Abingdon, Illinois.
FULLER & GARDNER, Abingdon, Illinois.
MARVIN DIMICK, Esq., Ottawa, Illinois.
GEORGE KLINK, Esq., Arcola, Illinois.
L. E. PARSONS, Esq., Peru, Illinois.
T. & H. SMITH, Pekin, Illinois.
H. ELDRIDGE, Esq., Dwight, Illinois.
MARK CARLEY, Esq., Urbana, Illinois.
L. CHAPIN, Esq., Mattoon, Illinois.
ROBERT TIMMONS, South Macon, Illinois.
POPHAM & COSGROVE, Warsaw, Indiana.
J. ARNOLD & Co., Springfield, Indiana.
P. HOAGLAND & Co., Fort Wayne, Indiana.
JOHN ORFF, Esq., Fort Wayne, Indiana.
J. W. SMITH, Esq., Fort Wayne, Indiana.
MERRIAM, RICE & HOW, Logansport, Indiana.
CHAS. LUY, Esq., Logansport, Indiana.
F. S. HACKLEY, Esq., Peru, Indiana.
ROSS & DORAGHTY, Peru, Indiana.
LEVI BRUNER, Esq., Wabash, Indiana.
STRICKLAND & BRIDGLAND, Richmond, Indiana.
BEARD, STARR & Co., Richmond, Indiana.
B. W. MYERS, Esq., La Porte, Indiana.
GEO. F. JONES, Esq., Elkhart, Indiana.
McDONALD, BRO. & Co., Attica, Indiana.
C. BIGELOW, Esq., President of Rippon and Wolf River Railroad Company, Rippon, Wisconsin.
P. KANE & SON, American House, Milwaukee, Wis.
THOMAS SEVERN, Esq., Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
C. C. GILMAN, Esq., Dubuque, Iowa.
W. J. ACKLEY, Esq., Waterloo, Iowa.
Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Co., Dubuque, Iowa.
W. S. TODD, Esq., Birmingham, Iowa.
ROBERT R. BIRGE, Peoria, Marshall County, Iowa.
JOHN R. PARSONS, Parsonville, Iowa.

HOWE'S STANDARD SCALES.
Claim the following advantages—Receive the Wear, Tear and Friction on Chilled Iron Balls. Have no Check Rods. Will Weigh when Out of Level. Very Compact and easily Transported. The Large Scales Require No Pit. Can be set up with printed directions. No Jarring of the Platform affects the working of the Scale. Cost of construction less than any other Scale.
The public are invited to examine references and a large Stock of Scales also a Railroad Track and a 4 Ton Hay, Coal, and Cattle Scale, set up on the floor and Working on Balls, which can be easily taken apart and set up again, to show its wonderful simplicity.
Have been awarded numerous first-class premiums by County and State Fairs, some of which are the following:
NEW-YORK STATE FAIR.
VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL FAIR.
FRANKLIN INSTITUTE FAIR, PHILADELPHIA.
VIRGINIA STATE FAIR.
VERMONT STATE FAIR.
UNITED STATES FAIR.
CHICAGO MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, 1860.
STATE FAIR, JACKSONVILLE, Ill. 1860.
VERMONT STATE FAIR, 4 years in succession, 1860.
N. Y. STATE FAIR, (Portable Scales) ELMIRA, 1860.
ERIE COUNTY FAIR, BUFFALO. 1860.
WISCONSIN STATE FAIR, MADISON, 1860.
OHIO STATE FAIR, 1860.
MAINE STATE FAIR, 1860.
MASS. CHARITABLE MECHANICS' ASSOCIA'N, BOSTON, 1860.
Call and examine Scales of all varieties and sizes, also a Four-Ton Scale, set up on the floor, working on balls.
These scales are not only Warranted to be Accurate and Durable, but are warranted to give entire Satisfaction, or they will be taken back without charge.

FOR SALE BY
VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.,
GENERAL WESTERN AGENTS,
NOS. 199 and 201 RANDOLPH-ST., CHICAGO, ILL.
FRANK E. HOWE,
NO. 203 BROADWAY, N. Y.,
SECOND BLOCK BELOW THE ASTOR HOUSE.

NEW BOOKS.
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In Duodecimo Volumes, Muslin, Forty Cents Each.
☞ The volumes sold separately, and sent, postage free (for any distance in the United States under 3,000 miles,) on receipt of the money.

HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin-square, New-York,
HAVE NOW READY:
LORD MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.
The History of England, from the Accession of James II. By THOMAS BABINGTON MACAULAY. With an original Portrait of the Author.
IN FIVE VOLUMES.
DUODECIMO EDITION, COMPLETE. With Portrait and elaborate Index. Printed on Fine Paper, Muslin, 40 cents a volume; Sheep, 60 cents a volume; Half Calf, $1 25 a volume.
☞ The Fifth Volume contains a complete Index to the entire work.
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History of England, from the Invasion of Julius Cæsar to the Abdication of James II., 1688. By DAVID HUME. A New Edition, with the Author's last Corrections and Improvements. To which is prefixed a Short Account of his Life, written by Himself. With a Portrait of the Author. 6 vols., 12mo., Muslin, $2 40; Sheep, $3 60; Half Calf, $7 50.
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History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire. By EDWARD GIBBON. With Notes by Rev. H. H. MILMAN and M. GUIZOT. With Maps and Engravings. A New Cheap Edition. To which is added a Complete Index of the whole Work, and a Portrait of the Author. 6 vols., 12mo., Muslin, $2 40; Sheep, $3 60; Half Calf, $7 50.
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OF
LORD MACAULAY'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.
Octavo Library Edition, Complete. With Portrait and elaborate Index, of indispensable value to a Library Edition. Printed on Superfine Paper, Five Volumes. (In a few days.)

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
REVISED EDITION NOW READY.
AN ORIGINAL WORK ON NERVOUS DEBILITY,
AND OTHER AFFECTIONS OF IMPORTANCE TO THE SEXES.
By C. D. HAMMOND, M.D., formerly Professor of Anatomy, &c., in the Syracuse Medical College, New York.
"Dr. Hammond's book is worth every one's owning."—From the New-York Home Journal.
The treatment laid down in this book on Nervous, Seminal and Consumptive Diseases, is new, entirely original, and perfectly reliable in competent hands.
Published by GODFREY, Bookseller, 831 Broadway. Author's address, 658 Broadway, cor. Bond-st., upstairs.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.
The following is an extract from a letter written by Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger," at Chambersburgh, Penn.
A BENEFACTRESS.
"There is a woman in the public eye, whose name has all along been associated, in our mind, with the 'Yankee,' 'Quack,' and 'Humbug.' But it is so no longer, and we desire to wrest her name from all such suspicious association in all other minds. Whatever notions we may have of womanly delicacy and propriety, we will all admit that woman alone is the Nurse—the GOOD Nurse—the BEST Nurse. Whether we shall have female physicians or not is a question which must be decided by time and principle, and not as a matter of taste. Pride, prejudice, caprice and custom may as well behave themselves, for if there is really a want there will also be a supply—if there be a 'calling,' there will be a 'coming.' Nature and Human Society are always self-supplying, and though Art and Fashion may hinder, they cannot prevent.
Mrs. Winslow does not want to treat you, gentlemen, nor does she prescribe a regimen for your wives; but modestly appears as a messenger of health and happiness to your INFANTS in the cradle. Is there anything improper in that? A nurse of 'ten years'' experience can boldly say what is or is not good for a babe—and ought to be listened to. God speed her on her humble but happy mission. She is the most successful physician and most effectual benefactress our little ones ever enjoyed—her doting parents not excepted. Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the nursery. Of this we are so sure, that we will teach our 'Susy' to say, 'A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW,' for helping her to survive and escape the griping, collicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform—every part of it, nothing less. Away with your 'Cordial,' 'Paregoric,' 'Drops,' 'Laudanum,' and every other narcotic, by which the babe is drugged in stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life!
We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her 'SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.' If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant race."
HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the only thing that you can rely upon to give rest to yourself, and relief and health to your infant.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been the means of restoring the drooping spirits in many mothers.
This is the season of the year to use MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
To every mother who has children suffering from any of the complaints incident to the period of teething, we say do not let your own prejudices, or the prejudices of others, stand in the way of the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Druggists everywhere now keep MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. No medicine in the United States sells like it. It is a standard medicine, and its fame world-wide. Physicians order and use it wherever its magical effects have been witnessed.
During the thirty years of unprecedented and increasing popularity of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, innumerable "CORDIALS" and other nostrums, prepared by pretended M. D.'s, have sprung up and lived but a mushroom existence, while the SOOTHING SYRUP has been constantly increasing in popularity, and become a household word, and thousands of mothers thank Mrs. Winslow for the health of their children by the use of her invaluable article.
When the present race of "Cordials" have followed in the footsteps of their "illustrious predecessors," MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP will continue to be a popular favorite and a blessing to every mother.
None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New-York, is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world.
Principal office, No. 13 Cedar-st., New-York.
Price only 25 cents per bottle.

NEW STORE!!
RUSHTON'S, No. 489 Broadway, corner of Broome-st., branch of No. 10 Astor House and No. 417 Broadway.
F. V. RUSHTON has much pleasure in inviting notice to his new stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Family Medicines, Toilet Articles, embracing French and English Pomatums, Cosmetics, Soaps, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Combs, and a variety of fine Perfumes.
Ladies and gentlemen's Dressing Cases, of superior style and finish, with other fine goods appertaining to this branch of trade.

A RADICAL CURE FOR HERNIA OR RUPTURE.
WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS
Is a new and improved instrument, differing in principle and action from all others. A RADICAL CURE is effected in almost every case, as hundreds will testify. Our FEMALE SUPPORTERS on the same principle. BRACES for men, women and children, unsurpassed. Pamphlets gratis.
GREGORY & CO., No. 35 Bond-st., New-York.

CONCENTRATED LEAVEN.
To have healthy, nutritious Bread, Rolls, Buckwheat and other Cakes, mix a small portion of the CONCENTRATED LEAVEN (vide directions on canister) in the flour intended for those purposes. Its total freedom from deleterious ingredients is guaranteed.
For sale by all the principal Grocers and Druggists.
GEORGE H. BATES, Wholesale Agent,
No. 189 Pearl-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK
KANSAS RELIEF COMMITTEE.
WM. C. BRYANT, Chairman. J. E. WILLIAMS, Treas.
Chas. H. Marshall, Seth B. Hunt, R. H. McCurdy,
Morris Ketchum, G. C. Bronson, Chas. W. Elliott,
Daniel Lord, Daniel Drew, J. S. Wadsworth.
Donations of money may be sent to J. E. WILLIAMS, Treasurer, President Metropolitan Bank, New-York. Bundles of Clothing, Boots and Shoes, may be sent to the office, No. 25 Cooper Institute.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
In consequence of the stagnation of business,
VE. J. MAGNIN, GUEDIN & CO.
Will sell for cash,
AT COST OF IMPORTATION,
[illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE OF
ELEGANT FIRST-CLASS FURNITURE,
AND RARE AND COSTLY WORKS OF ART.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT will sell, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, the entire elegant rosewood parlor, chamber, dining-room and library furniture of house No. 152 21st-st., between 7th and 8th avs., comprising over 400 lots, by catalogue, of everything desirable in the housekeeping line, all new and in perfect order, and to be positively sold without reserve, among which is a splendid rosewood piano-forte, music cabinet, stool and cover, with maker's warrantee for 3 years; solid rosewood parlor suites, covered in rich brocatel; English tapestry and ingrain carpets, Turkish chairs and lounges, in velvet and tapestry; 2 rosewood etageres, silk and lace curtains, gold landscape shades, rosewood centre and pier tables rich mantel vases, bronzes, lava and parian, parlor ornaments, paintings, pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, hair mattresses, dressing and plain bureaus, tetê-à-tetês, sofas, 2 fine sofa bedsteads, rosewood, mahogany and cottage chairs; beds and bedding, rich silver-ware of every description, French and Bohemian china tea and dinner sets, with china of all kinds; ivory cutlery, cut and engraved glass-ware, with a large variety of rosewood, oak and mahogany furniture not here enumerated. The whole to be sold without reserve, rain or shine; sale commencing at 2 o'clock precisely. Reliable men will be in attendance to remove the goods for purchasers.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

CHOICE PAINTINGS AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 2, 1861, at 3 o'clock P. M., at No. 284 5th-av., between 31st and 32d sts.

PAINTINGS.—A few choice oil-paintings, by Lang, Oddie, Bouteile and others.

AUCTION NOTICE.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., No. 23 Nassau-st., will give their personal attention (as usual) to sales of Household Furniture, &c., at the residences of families. Will also hold regular sales at their Auction Rooms as above.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on MONDAY, April 1, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st., household furniture, embracing a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood and mahogany dressing bureaus, carved rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, mahogany marble-top washstands, mahogany sofas and tête-à-têtes covered in hair cloth, black walnut parlor suite covered in hair cloth, etageres, dining tables, mahogany and painted wardrobes, mahogany sideboards, rosewood tête à têtes in crimson reps, mahogany work tables, sewing chairs, rosewood desks, hair mattresses, rosewood hat stands, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, &c. Also, an assortment of crockery glass and kitchen ware, with which the sale will commence.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 2, 1861, at 12 o'clock, at No. 284 5th-av., between 31st and 32d sts., by order of WILLIAM N. & LEWIS BEACH, Executors, the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of handsome rosewood parlor furniture in green and gold brocatel, one rosewood 7½-octave piano, large pier and mantel glasses, handsome bronze chandeliers, bronze candelabras, bronze figures, damask and brocatel window curtains black walnut extension dining table and chairs, medalion and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, China and glass ware, together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Also, at 3 o'clock P. M., a few choice paintings, by Lang, Oddie, Bouttelle, and others.

S. & J. BOGART, Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF ELEGANT OFFICE FURNITURE—Consisting of large oak Standing-and-Sitting Desks, Iron Safe, Clocks, Bookcases, Copying Presses, Chairs, Stools, Oil-cloths, Carpets, Tables, Umbrella Stands, &c., &c.—S. & J. BOGART will sell TUESDAY, April 2, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, No. 32 Pine-st., by order of the Collector of Arrears of of Taxes of the Corporation of the City of New York, the above-mentioned articles, distrained upon for Corporation tax due from property assessed to the Anchor Insurance Company, agreeably to a receiver's warrant for personal taxes, interest and cost. The above property is nearly new, and was made by one of the best manufacturers in this City, and cost originally $6,000. JOHN H. HILLIER, Constable and Collector of Arrears.

SALE OF THE COPPER MINE OF THE FRENCH COMPANY, ON LAKE SUPERIOR.—The Sale of Agate Mine, Township 58 and 59 North, range 30 and 31 West, having been postponed, will take place at public auction, the 9th of July next, in Paris, France, in the chambers of Notaries Public, Place du Chatelet. The first price is fixed at $10 000 or 50,000 francs. The tract of that location comprises about 2,500 acres. All necessary information can be had by addressing Mr. F. BARTHELEMY, at Clark Mine, Copper Harbor, Lake Superior; Michigan.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, (MONDAY,) April 1, at 12½ o'clock, at the stock salesroom No. 52 William-st., near Wall, a good variety of Insurance Stocks, Bank Stocks, Bonds, and other miscellaneous securities suitable for investments. For full particulars, see *Herald, Courier and Enquirer, Express, News, Commercial Advertiser* and *Evening Post*. Catalogues can be obtained at the salesroom. Next regular sale THURSDAY, April 4. ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., Auctioneers and Stock Brokers, No. 52 William-st

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 4, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of G. Gajani and C. Bassine, executors, the 4-story brick house and lot known as No. 158 East 32d-st., New-York: house 20x45; lot 20x98.9. Also, the 3-story brick house and lot known as No. 190 Hamilton-st., Brooklyn: house 19.6 by about 40 feet deep; lot 100 feet in depth. Maps at the office, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

VERY IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.—The well-known stock of embroideries, laces, trimmings and fancy goods, contained in store No. 301 Canal-st., three doors west of Broadway, will be sold at auction by JOHN LLOYD commencing on TUESDAY, April 2, at 10½ A. M., and will continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of. All the goods offered will be sold without reserve.
E. WHEELDER, No. 301 Canal-st.

CALVIN J. HAZEN, Auctioneer.

5,000 PIECES CARPETING.—J. W. DIMICK, store Nos. 268 and 270 Canal-st., near Broadway, offers his entire wholesale stock of English and American carpetings at auction, on MONDAY, April 1, at 10 o'clock. Purchasers, by making a deposit on their purchase, can send their carpet upholsterer and cut any quantity of yards required, within two days from date of sale.

DANIEL A. MATHEWS & CO., Auctioneers.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, THIS DAY, (Monday,) at 10½ o'clock, at No. 259 Bowery, near Houston-st., all the household furniture in said store, being the entire stock of a dealer declining business. The stock comprises everything requisite for housekeeping, and is to be sold without reserve. Catalogues at the store.

AUCTION SALES.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL be happy to serve his friends and the public generally, this spring; he will call for inquiry where and when desired. TUNIS MORRELL, No. 130 Nassau-st., Room No. 14. Roomes' patent right for an improved shears for sale. Call as above and examine the article exhibited.

THE LIBRARY OF THE LATE CARL RITTER will be sold at auction on May 6, 1861, in Leipsic, Germany. It is the most expensive Geographical Library ever offered to the public, and comprises 3,000 Numbers and many thousand volumes. The catalogue of the Maps has not yet appeared. See advertisement of German bookseller, L. W. SCHMIDT.

J. E. WILLIAMS, AUCTIONEER, SALESROOM, No. 582 8th-av. Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week, at 10½ o'clock. Sales attended at private dwellings, when desired.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ROCK OIL—ROCK OIL.—A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.—A *fortune* is offered to those who will subscribe for stock in an Oil Company now forming at No. 83 Cedar-st., to develope several large tracts of exceedingly rich oil territory situated on the Kanawha River, one mile from the most prolific oil wells in the world.

For further particulars inquire at the office, where maps, samples of the oil and full descriptions of the property will be given. Here is an opportunity that can never occur again. Subscription Books open for two weeks. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
FLEMING & CO.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, THE ENTIRE stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, and fixtures, &c., &c., together with the good-will of a large wholesale house, whose business lies in the Western States, this State, and near-by trade. The stock is right for the trade, and amounts to about $12,000. No. 83 Warren-st.

PARTNER WANTED IN A PLANING-MILL, connected with the lumber and box business in this City. A party having a few thousand dollars to invest, can hereby obtain an interest in a safe and profitable business on reasonable terms, with a satisfactory party. Address, with real name, Box No. 1,301 Post office.

$2,000 WANTED IN A WELL-ESTABLISHED wholesale and retail lamp and fixture business, which is now good and increasing. This is a first-rate opportunity for the one who may suit. Address, with name and reference, LAMPS AND FIXTURES, Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL PACKAGES OF stationery and jewelry, at prices one third less than can be purchased elsewhere. Call on or address (stamp inclosed,) J. L. BAILEY, 154 Court-st., Boston, Mass.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF furniture, in all colors and styles, at wholesale and retail. Also, mattresses and pailasses.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.,
four doors east of Broadway.

FIRST-CLASS ENAMELED FURNITURE —Plain, decorated and grained. Solid walnut and oak sets. Mattresses, spring beds, &c.
J. W. FISHER & CO., Manufacturers,
No. 650 BROADWAY, between Bleecker and Bond sts.

A BED-ROOM SUITE OF ENAMELED Furniture for $25, in all colors. Also, solid chestnut Chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established in 1848.

WANTED—A LOT OF SECOND-HAND SCHOOL furniture, desks, iron bedsteads, bedding; also a bell weighing about 60 lbs. Address Box No. 57, Perth Amboy, New-Jersey.

FURNITURE WANTED—TO FURNISH A house for boarding, for which a monthly rent will be paid, or taken in board. Any person having such to rent will address O. L., Box No. 125 *Times* Office.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

APARTMENTS WANTED UNFURNISHED —By a family of three, no children, in a respectable neighborhood in New-York, Williamsburgh or Brooklyn Rent must be moderate. Address W. B., Box No. 4,108 Post-office.

STORAGE-ROOM WANTED UP-TOWN, for the furniture of a family residing near Union-park. Address N. C., Box No. 2,563 Post-office.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOMAN wishes to take washing and ironing to her own house; can be well recommended. Inquire at No. 136 East 38th-st.
MRS. WELSH.

TO LET.

TO LET.	RENT.
114 W. 14th-st., three-story and attic, high stoop...	$1,100
123 W. 31st-st., three-story, brown-stone front....	900
49 W. 16th-st., four story, brown-stone, (large)....	1,500
207 W. 22d-st., 3-story and basement, (exten. up)..	750
118 W. 44th st., four-story, brown stone front....	1,000
146 E. 33d st., three-story, brown stone front......	700
163 Lexington-av., three story high stoop, (brick)	800
20 Lamartine-pl., (29th-st., 8th and 9th-av.,) 4-story	900
Cor. Bank and Bleecker, 3 story, high stoop, b'ck)	800
55 W. 41st-st., 3-story, (with furniture if wanted)	600
145 W. 22d-st., 3 story, brown-stone, (uniform row)	725
177 W. 37th-st., 3 story and attic, (gas fixtures)....	675
406 W. 40th st., 3-story, high stoop, (new house)...	550

Also others from $350 upwards.
J. & W. DANHAM, 8th-av. and 16th-st.
From morning to 9 in the evening.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS at LOW RATES, by JOHN GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW AND ELEGANT five-story, marble-front store on the northeast corner of Broome and Greene sts., 50 feet front on Broome st. by 100 on Greene-st., with vaults on both streets, and basement 12 feet high. Can be divided into two stores if required.

Also, the first floor and basement of the adjoining store on Broome-st., 25x95 feet; both stores are built in the most substantial manner, and the vaults covered with granite flagging.

Also, a five-story, marble-front store, 22x75 feet, on the north side of Howard-st., 100 feet west of Broadway. The above stores will be ready for occupation by the middle of April, or before.

Apply to ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., between 12 and 2 o'clock, or to Mr. GRIFFITH THOMAS, Architect, No. 472 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

TO LET.—A THREE-STORY HIGH STOOP HOUSE on West 22d-st., (No. 250, between the 8th and 9th avs.) and the furniture for sale—the whole or a part of the same. The house is in fine order, having handsomely frescoed parlors, &c., &c.; would rent furnished for $1,400 per year, or if the furniture was purchased the house would be rented for $850. The carpets, oil cloths and mirrors, (valued at $600.) would be sold to the tenant without the rest of the furniture if desired. Apply as above, or at No. 219 Greenwich-st.

TO LET—THE DWELLING-HOUSE AND STABLE, together with 20 (or, if desired, more) lots, situated between the East River and Avenue A, and 81st and 83d sts. The house is suitable for a large family, and has gas and Croton water introduced into it. Also, the upper three floors of the building No. 70 Broadway, extending to New-st., and the entire store, No. 5 Jones' lane. Apply to GEORGE JONES, in 10th-st., next to the Church, on the corner of University-place.

A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE FAMILY, owning and occupying a large and handsome house, with all the modern improvements, near Broadway and 47th-st., wish to let to a small agreeable family the front parlor, front basement, and most of the third story, (six rooms in all,) partly furnished if desired. Rent not to exceed $400. Address EDWARDS, *Journal Commerce* Office.

LARGE HOUSE TO LET—NO. 107 WAVERLEY-place, north side, a few doors from the Parade ground; house 25 feet front by 105 feet deep; from 25 to 30 rooms; well adapted for a club or boarding house. Apply to RAYNOR & BLACKWELL, No. 1,129 Broadway; or BRADLEY & HUTCHINS, No. 42 East 14th-st.; or N. C. BISHOP, No. 144 Broadway.

TO LET. STORE AND BASEMENT AND A FINE suite of offices on the 2d floor of house No. 52 John-st.; houses No. 116 Franklin-st., rent $475, and No. 86 Henry-st., rent $375; store and Basement No. 204 William-st., and offices on the 3d and 5th floors of No. 138 Nassau-st. Apply to M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

HOTEL TO LET.—CONGRESS HALL, PATERSON, N. J.—A large first class hotel now in full operation and full of boarders, fifteen miles from New-York, on the line of the New-York and Erie Railroad, located in the most central part of the City. Apply to J. S. ROGERS, Paterson, N. J.; or, HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ONE HUNDRED HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED and unfurnished, well situated up town. One hundred stores and lofts in Broadway, also in Cedar, Liberty, Cortlandt, Dey, Fulton, Vesey, Barclay, Murray, Warren, Chambers, Reade, Duane, Leonard, Worth, Franklin, White Lispenard and Canal, and other streets. N. C. BISHOP, 144 Broadway, store floor.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET IN HOBOKEN.—The three-story and basement brown front houses Nos. 6, 7, 16 and 17 Franklin-terrace, in Hudson-st., between 3d and 4th sts; are within five minutes' walk of the ferry, and have the modern improvements. Apply at the office cor of Hudson and 2d sts, Hoboken.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—TWO BROWN-stone and one brick dwelling house, on Carlton and DeKalb avs and Adelphi-st.; new, well built handsomely finished, with all modern improvements. Inquire of the owner, E. T. BACKHOUSE, No. 199 Carlton-av., Brooklyn, or No. 1 Nassau-st., New-York.

RENT $500.—A GENTEEL THREE-STORY brick house, in a handsome block, high stoop, brown-stone basement, with hot and cold bath, gas fixtures, &c., at No. 130 53d st., near 3d-av., or would be sold at a bargain. Little cash wanted. Inquire at No. 186 West 11th-st.

STORES IN BROOKLYN TO RENT TO druggists, bakers and others; eight new 4-story stores, 50 feet deep, on corner of Myrtle-av. and Ryerson-st., an excellent business location, and will be rented low to good tenants. Apply at office No. 1, over Fulton Bank, corner of Fulton and Pearl sts.

HOUSE TO LET.—THE BROWN-STONE FRONT English basement house, with all modern improvements, at No. 113 East 39th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs., half a block from 3d-av. Railroad; rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of J. C. MAYER & SON, No. 165 Broadway.

TO LET—HOUSES WITH ALL THE MODERN improvements, and in good order, in Ludlow-place, (Houston-st., between Sullivan and Macdougal,) and in Macdougal-st., near Houston-st. Rent, $700
F. S. TALLMADGE, No. 51 Macdougal st., or
No. 50 Wall-st.

TO LET—NO. 68 WEST BALTIC-ST., BROOKLYN, a first-class 3 story, high-stoop house, 25 feet front; has all modern improvements, and in superior order. Apply to A. BULKLEY, No. 27 Fulton st., New-York, or to H. STEVENSON, No. 218 Court-st., Brooklyn. Rent low.

CHAMBERS-STREET STORES TO LET. —The new store and lofts of Nos. 164 and 166 Chambers-st., 44 feet front.

LOFTS TO LET.—The five lofts of the marble-front store No. 123 Chambers-st. Apply at No. 169 Chambers-st.

TO LET.—AN OWNER OF A FIRST-CLASS house, partly furnished, wishes to let the same to a private family and board for the rent. Apply to M. HINCKLEY, No. 26 Park-row, before 12 o'clock; or at No. 48 West 36th-st., between 4 and 6 P. M.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE THREE-STORY brick house, No. 71 Bleecker-st., one door from Broadway, north side; will be altered for business purposes if desired. Apply to
W. HARSELL, No. 48 Cliff-st.

A MODERN-BUILT HOUSE TO LET— Three stories, high stoop, gas, bath, water-closet, range, good yard, &c., in excellent order; rent moderate. Apply to V. G. FOLSOM, No. 135 1st-av., corner of St Marks place, 8th-st.

DESIRABLE OFFICES TO LET IN JAUNCEY court, on the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th floors, in sets of two and four rooms, as may be required. Apply at the office of ALEXANDER HAMILTON, Jr., No. 41 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

OFFICES TO LET—AT VERY LOW RENTS TO good tenants, in building No. 34 Pine-st.; possession on first April at the yearly rent. Apply to the above number, in Exchange Room, from 11 until 2 o'clock, for J. E. HOAGLAND.

TO LET.—A SUPERB LARGE 4-STORY STONE house, with a 45-foot extension, containing 28 rooms, and every modern improvement, near Madison-square, on the avenue. Rent 20 per cent. less than other property of its class. Inquire of KINSHIMER & CO., 342 4th-av.

TO LET.—A LARGE FACTORY, 46x100, FOUR stories, well lighted, situate Nos. 156 and 158 East 21st-st. Will let the whole or in parts. Rent low. Inquire of J. W. FIELDER, No. 72 East 26th-st. Possession 1st of May.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, GENTLEMAN and wife preferred, part of house No. 166 Allen-st., second floor, and part of third if required; gas, &c. References exchanged. Inquire of H. L. SLOTE, No. 93 Fulton-st.

TO LET.—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house, No. 289 West 19th st., replete with all the modern improvements. Inquire at Nos. 287 and 288 West 19th-st.

TO LET—THE FRONT HALF OF THE FIRST-class house, No. 328 West 22d-st.; six rooms; first-class neighborhood; rent $25 monthly in advance. Immediate possession.

TO LET—THE TWO DESIRABLE STORES, NO. 22 Fulton-st. and No. 198 Front-st., communicating and forming an L; will be let separately or together. Apply to JOHN SCHERMERHORN, No. 25 William-st.

TO LET—THE HOUSE NO. 174 EAST 39TH-ST., between 2d and 3d avs., three stories, high stoop; all the modern improvements; rent $500. Apply to DANIEL KNIGHT, No. 1,162 Broadway, near 27th st.

TO LET—THE 5-STORY STORE NO. 155 SOUTH-st. Also the first and upper floors of No. 153 South-st., both near Peck-slip. Apply to
W. W. DE FOREST, No. 82 South-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with the modern improvements and in good order, 25 feet front, No. 5 Varick-place. Apply at office, No. 6 Bible House, Astor-place.

STORE AND HOUSE TO LET, OR LEASE of same, at very low rent, for sale; location for any business is one of the very best. Address, for three days only, STAPLE GROCERIES, *Times* Office.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—THE STONE SAWING and planing-mill, with large engine and boilers, in 19th-st., near Avenue A. Apply to BANKS & ANDERSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—NO. 8 TIMES Building. Two parties will retain desk-rooms if agreeable, paying nearly one-half the rent. Offices are carpeted. Inquire at the *Times* counting-room.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT drab-stone front houses, Nos. 69 and 73 West 45th-st., in good order and with all modern improvements. Apply to ALBERT HORN, No. 45 Beaver-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FIRST-CLASS marble front store No. 554 Broadway; six stories high, with sub-cellar. Rent $7,000 per annum. Apply at the office of French's Hotel.

ROOMS TO LET—IN HOUSE NO. 25 BOND-ST., well adapted for a dentist, merchant-tailor, millinery business, &c., &c. Apply on the premises. Possession immediately.

$400.—COTTAGE HOUSE, WITH ALL the modern improvements, to let. Inquire on the premises, No. 274 West 47th-st., or of W. H. JAUNCEY, No. 110 Pearl-st.

BUSINESS ROOMS TO LET AT NO. 66 Fulton-st., corner Ryder's-alley; first-class building, excellent light.
Cheap rent to responsible tenants.

TO LET.—"EXCELSIOR COAL YARD," DEGRAW-st., Brooklyn; in perfect order, and the most convenient yard in the City. Inquire on the premises.

STEAM POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS— Large and small. Possession immediately. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, Nos. 180 and 182 Centre-st.

LARGE BOARDING-HOUSE TO LET— At Amityville, L. I., in full view of the Bay and Ocean. Good fishing and fowling. D. SKIDMORE.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE TIMES BUILDING.—Apply at the *Times* Office, to GEORGE JONES, or at Room No. 3, to JAMES M. SMITH.

TO LET—A THREE STORY AND BASEMENT brick shop, 25x29, with six-horse-power engine. Inquire at 281 West 24th-st., or corner Barrow and West sts.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND.—On the high ground between the New-Brigton and Quarantine Ferries, and within a few minutes' walk of each; one of the most healthful and charming residences on the island, plainly but fully furnished, and with three acres of ground around it. The house is amply shaded with forest trees, and the view from it of the Bay of New-York, of the City, the Narrows, and the New-Jersey and Long Island shores, is unsurpassed. Rent for the Summer, (possession can be had at once,) $1 200. Any one desiring such a place can address a note to E/O., Box No. 323, Post-office.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR PARTIALLY FURNISHED, AT ASTORIA.—To lease, a very superior country seat, partially furnished with all the conveniences of a City residence; hot and cold water, water-closets, bath, &c.; large garden, stable, boat-house, salt-water bath; view of Hellgate and adjacent islands unsurpassed; near steamboat landing and ferry. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., Metropolitan Bank Building, or E. H. LUDLOW, 3 Pine-st.

TO LET.—FURNISHED ENGLISH-BASEMENT house No. 135 West 49th st., four stories high, well furnished, located near Broadway and very desirable. Rent $800 per annum. Apply to J. M. DAVIES, No. 66 Wall st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FROM 1ST MAY NEXT, the first-class house No. 36 East 12th-st., between Broadway and University-place. Apply to RIGGS & CO., No. 56 Wall-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN 10TH-ST., IN A good neighborhood, to let or lease, and furniture for sale. All modern improvements. S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGE, AT ASTORIA, L. I., to let during the Summer, at $70 per month. Inquire of M. WILSON, at Harper & Brothers.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, NO. 36 EAST 13th-st., near University-place, from the 1st of May. Address Box No. 712 Post-office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A first-class house on 48th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
A first-class house on 39th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.
A first-class tenement property on 27th-st., between 6 and 7th avs.
A small brick house on 123d-st., between 2d and 3d avs.
Also, a farm of 50 acres in Rockland County, about 11 miles from Nyack and near a Railroad Station; building in excellent order.
Unimproved property in or near New-York would be taken in exchange for a portion of the above.
The farm could be advantageously divided.

Also—FOR SALE.

2 lots on 53d-st., between 4th and 5th avs.
2 lots on 98th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
2 lots on 116th st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A.
6 lots on 122d-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
4 lots on 159th-st., between 10th and 11th avs.
Flagging and lumber would be taken in exchange for a portion of any of the above property.

Also—TO LET.

A first-class house, No. 126 West 12th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.
Also—To loan on bond and mortgage, $2,750, $3,000 $15,400—this last sum may be divided.
Apply to

RICHARD AMERMAN,
No. 1,179 Broadway,
From 8½ to 9 o'clock, A. M.
From 4 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

FOR SALE AT YORKVILLE—THE EIGHT lots on the west side of 2d-av., between 77th and 78th sts., including both corners, 204 by 105 feet. These are suitable for immediate improvement, and may be sub-divided into 14 smaller lots, and by putting up medium class and not too expensive houses, they would rent readily to respectable tenants. The corners are 25 feet 8 inches front by 105; inside lots, 25 feet 6 inches front by 105. Avenue is regulated and 4 feet sidewalk laid All taxes and assessments to date paid. Terms made easy to purchasers. Title perfect. Apply to D. McMAHON, No. 271 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 12 and 13.

RECEIVER'S SALE.—ABOUT FIVE LOTS OF land for sale, to close a trust, on the north side of 34th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., suitable for stone, wood, or lumber yards, or for manufacturing purposes, about 41 feet 8 inches on 34th-st., 87 feet in depth in the west line, and 125 feet across the rear, and 98 feet 9 inches in depth on the east line. For further particulars apply to RAYNOR & BLACKWELL, No. 1,305 Broadway, or to CYRUS CURTISS, special receiver, No. 98 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON THE NORTH SIDE OF THIRTY-first-st., between 2d and 3d avs., the elegant four-story brown-stone front house; size of house 20 feet front, 50 feet deep; has all the modern improvements, including stationary wash-tubs, gas, bathing-rooms, water-closets, furnace, range, &c.; built by day's work; neighborhood first-rate; will be sold at a bargain. Apply on the premises, or to THOMAS KENNEDY, No. 72 5th-st. or No. 94 Stanton-st.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL, WEST corner of Madison-av. and 40th-st, three superior houses, (two extra size, with private stairs and caloric engine for pumping,) equal in style, workmanship, material and finish, to any in the City; rosewood and black walnut finish on parlor, second and third floors, with mirrors, &c.; sold with or without Stables. Apply at houses, or No. 9 Park-place. JOHN H. SHERWOOD.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME LOT, IN PERFECT order for building, full size, shade and fruit trees fully grown; location genteel and convenient; will be sold with the party wall of a 3-story house, stone front, for $850, or less without the wall; very cheap; part can remain on mortgage. Apply on the premises, in 23d-st., first house from 3d-av., near 4th-av., South Brooklyn.

$6.800.—A BARGAIN, AND LITTLE CASH WANTED.—A small, genteel, three-story brick house, with range, bath, gas fixtures, &c., in an excellent central neighborhood in West 11th-st. for sale, possession the 1st of May, or, if preferred, the present occupant will hire at $700 rent. Inquire at JONES' bookstore, No. 152 6th av.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, BASEMENT and sub-cellar brown-stone front houses Nos. 15, 19 and 21 2d-place, Brooklyn; lots 20 feet 1½ inches by 133 feet 5¼ inches; houses built with all the modern improvements; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For particulars, apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 90 Beaver-st., New-York.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, ON FORT Green-place, east side, between Fulton and DeKalb avs., three magnificently finished houses, brown-stone, basements, high stoops, and all modern improvements. Price $5,600—part on bond and mortgage. Apply to CLAFSY & FAGAN, on the premises.

WASHINGTON-AVENUE, BROOKLYN— House and four or eight lots for sale. One of the most elegant houses and complete gardens in that section. Will be sold at a great sacrifice and on easy terms, or let, furnished or unfurnished. For cards of admission apply to No. 213 South-st.

FOR SALE.—$500 CASH, BALANCE ON EASY terms, will buy a handsome house, situated on the Harlem Railroad, thirty five minutes' ride from 26th-st. Price $4,200; New-York or Brooklyn lots, or house and lot taken in exchange. Call on BROWN & MILLER, Leonard-st.; two doors east of Broadway.

TWO COTTAGES FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL.—Two neat cottages and lots on Murray Hill for sale at a great bargain. Price only $5,500. Terms very liberal. This is a rare opportunity to obtain a cheap home. Inquire of S. P. TOWNSEND, No. 14 Pine-st., basement.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE dwellings on Murray Hill, Nos. 45 and 47 East 37th-st., designed, built and finished in the very best manner, with black walnut stairs, doors and trimmings, replete with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE AND TO LET—FIRST CLASS houses in 5th and Madison avs., and in the streets adjacent; also, in Lexington and 2d avs. Houses furnished in same locations. Also, country residences eligibly situated. Apply to C. SCHENCK, No. 507 Broadway, near 20th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—TWO FIRST-CLASS brown-stone, high stoop houses, 20 and 25 feet wide, Nos. 149 and 151 36th st., between 2d and 3d avs., new and in perfect order; rent $800 and $900. Apply to the Agent, or at No. 54 William-st., Room No. 19. Houses open during the day.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL, MADISON-av., between 37th and 38th sts., two first-class four-story brown-stone houses, with extension, built in the best manner; satinwood, rosewood, walnut and oak doors. Open for inspection from 8 A. M. till 6 P. M.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR WESTERN or Illinois lands or merchandise, small amount cash required; new three-story brick houses, and a plot of lots, also store property. JOHN BRAINERD, Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE house, 30x65, with extension; has two staircases all of black walnut, finished complete, situate on Madison-av., west side, between 33d and 34th sts. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—100 FEET east of Lexington-av., in 38th-st., two small first-class, three-story, high-basement, brown-stone houses, with modern improvements, on easy terms. Inquire on the premises, or No. 99 opposite.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, FURNISHED, No. 17 West 17th-st., four-story, high stoop, brown-stone, 26x73 feet, in good order throughout, and contains all the modern improvements. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE HOUSE NO. 83 West 13th-st.; lot 20 feet by 103; no nuisances; neighborhood unsurpassed; the house is in good order. Can be seen from 11 till 3 o'clock. Apply to THOMAS TURNER, No. 76 West 45th-st.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON FOURTH-AV, 50 feet south 38th-st., or will exchange for a good house not to exceed in price $15,000, between 10th and 36th sts., 4th and 8th avs. Apply at No. 891 Broadway.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES FOR SALE cheap, or to let, with all the modern improvements; rents $450 to $600. C. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—AT TAPPAN, BERGEN County, N. J., 20 miles from Jersey City, half mile from Closter depot, of the Northern Railroad, containing 120 acres of the finest land in the country; is finely located for building plots or farming purposes. The whole or any part thereof to suit. For particulars, apply to SMITH & MEAD, No. 115 West 29th-st., corner 8th-av., or O. C. BANTA, No. 45 Leroy-st., New-York.

WANTED—IN EXCHANGE FOR A FIRST-CLASS house in this City, a farm or country seat on the Hudson River, between New-York and Albany, and worth not to exceed $9,000. Must have good buildings, and price of land must not be more than $100 per acre. Address, for one week, HUDSON, Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

ROOFING.

CHEAP ROOFING.—SATURATED FELTS, Tarred Paper, superior Composition for gravel roofs. Composition by the barrel. Dealers supplied. JENNINGS BROTHERS, No. 5 Burling-slip, New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET. —One of the most desirable country seats in the vicinity of New-York, and possessing unsurpassed advantages for a gentleman engaged in active business in town, yet wishing to reside in the country. The premises consist of a first-class mansion of large size, finished and furnished with all the modern improvements of a town residence, not excepting gas. The out buildings consist of ample stable and coach-house, gardener's lodge, porter's lodge, (at entrance,) carpenter's shop, tool house, &c. The grounds contain about 18 acres, under a high state of cultivation, producing all the vegetables and fruits required for three or four families, and 25 tons of hay. The place is accessible in one hour from the business part of the City, by either of the Brooklyn ferries and horse railroads, or a fine drive of 30 minutes. The place is perfectly healthy, and is offered for sale or to let only because the present occupant cannot afford to occupy it. This property could easily be turned into a first-class suburban hotel, and is so situated that it would command a very profitable business For particulars, address Box No. 2,134 Post-office, with real name. The place may be had immediately.

FOR SALE IN ROCKLAND COUNTY—A country store and dwelling, with or without goods, in the thriving village of Spring Valley, on the New York and Erie Railroad, situated on the corner of Main and Church sts.; lot is 72 feet front, by 157 deep, with barn on rear; house is 32x36 feet on ground, with extension of 6 feet included in the store; 2½ stories and basement, and contains 17 rooms beside store; hall through centre of house, with one stoop on rear, two on front, and one over the extension; location desirable and healthy; well adapted for Summer boarders; buildings new and built by day's work. Also, a very desirable country residence, containing 8 rooms with outbuildings and 2 acres of ground, well stocked with young fruit trees; ten minutes' walk from Spring Valley; 30 acres of land can be had in connection if desired. For further particulars, inquire of AARON D. BLAUVELT, Spring Valley, Rockland County, N. Y.

TO LET—AT A VERY MODERATE RENT, WITH immediate possession, a beautiful villa, with spacious carriage-house, stable, &c., situated on Linnæus-st., in a first-class neighborhood, in the village of Flushing L. I., a short distance from Railroad depot steamboat landing, various churches and schools, and the prominent places of business. The grounds, comprising two acres or more, are tastefully improved, and abundantly stocked with fruit and ornamental trees, shrubs and plants. The house is spacious and commodious, with range, furnace, gas, &c.; a desirable residence, combining the comforts of both City and country; distant one hour by steamers and railroad line, several times a day, from Fulton Market wharf. Apply to DAVID T. WATERS, Linnæus st., Flushing, or to G. WINTER, No. 120 West 14th-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIDENCE, situated on the banks of the Hudson, upper end of this island, within 5 minutes' walk of Tubby Hook dépôt on Hudson River Railroad, with 2 or 4 acres of land, having a valuable water front. The house is large, built of brick, and finished in the best manner, having all the modern improvements, including gas from the Harlem Company; also, a brick carriage house and stable on the premises; magnificent shade-trees; locality perfectly healthy, and unsurpassed for beauty. For terms, inquire of THOMPSON, WHITE & CO., No. 39 Broadway, or of JAS. THOMPSON, on the premises.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY residence of the late John Spader, deceased, situated in the village of Jamaica L. I. It is surrounded by shade and fruit trees of various kinds. It is three-fourths of an hour's ride from New-York, by Long Island Railroad. Commutation, $40 per annum. The village contains some of the best seminaries in the State, both male and female, and is lighted with gas. There is also hourly communication with the City by stages. Land will be sold with the place to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to JAS. A. FLEURY, No. 31 Platt-st.; or, STEPHEN L. SPADER, Brooklyn Insurance Company, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT CONTAINING about 120 acres; situated between the Highland Turnpike and the Hudson River, 1½ miles south of the City of Poughkeepsie, near the residence of Prof. S. F. B. Morse, said farm having upon it a large two-story and garret frame house, ice-house good barns and out-buildings; the farm will be sold entire, or in two or more parts to suit purchasers. For further particulars, apply to JAMES BROTHERS, No. 229 Main-st., Poughkeepsie; or to A. H. LIVINGSTON, No. 197 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN.—A NEW, MODERN-style frame dwelling-house, situated in one of the most beautiful and retired parts of the City; contains ten finished rooms, besides pantries, &c., has bath-room, with hot and cold water, marble basin, water-closet, &c.; is heated throughout by a Chilson cone furnace; gas in every room; Harrison's European range. Possession given Sept. 1st, if satisfactory. Price, $7,000; $3,000 may remain on mortgage. The lot is 50 by 165, with rear carriage way; is tastefully improved with ornamental and fruit trees, &c. For particulars address Post-office Box No. 1,736, New-Haven, Conn.

TO LET, FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A three-story and basement house of 26 rooms, with two acres, barn and carriage house, at Bloomingview, Staten Island, half a mile from rail-road dépôt, two miles from steamboat landing, and three quarters of a mile from Princes Bay, a delightful place for bathing and fishing; an excellent location for public house or school.
S. EDDY & CO, No. 51 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—AT HACKENSACK, NEAR THE dépôt, 12 miles from New-York, a beautiful country seat containing 10 acres. A large and commodious house barns, poultry-house, granary, &c., &c., new fruits of all kinds, choice and abundant, situated upon rising ground; splendid entrance, with carriage-road, lined with sycamore trees, leading to the house; fine fish pond. Price $11,500. Terms easy. W. H. MELICK, No. 407 Broadway.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—The subscriber wishes to sell, or exchange for property in the City of New-York, his residence at Elizabeth N. J., with an acre and a quarter of ground. The house is in excellent order, with gas, water and modern improvements. Apply to ARCHIBALD GRACIE, at Elizabeth, or to his agent, DAYTON OGDEN, No. 25 Nassau st., (up stairs,) New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN.—For sale at New-Haven, a beautiful country seat with 4 acres of land, 1¼ miles from the centre of the town. The house is new and contains all modern conveniences; size 45x50 feet, with an addition 45x17. It is delightfully situated on high land west of Whitney-av., and commands a fine view. Terms reasonable. Apply to E. WHITNEY.

HOUSE AND FIVE ACRES GROUND TO LET—In perfect order. Immediate possession. Delightfully situated one mile (plank walk) from Factoryville Landing, Staten Island An abundance of fine fruit, good stable, and other conveniences. Rent moderate Apply to JOHN J. CLUTE, Factoryville; or to DAVID DECKER, No. 55 Whitehall-st.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—On South Orange av., 1½ miles from Newark, 9 miles from New-York, containing 20 acres; house, three stories, brick building, with good out-buildings; also, abundance of fruit and shade trees and fine spring of water within a few feet of the house. Apply to MACKIN & BROTHER, No. 103 Liberty-st., or KING & BOND, Newark, N. J.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, in New-Market, New-Jersey, 28 miles from New-York, on New-Jersey Central Railroad, 4 miles beyond Plainfield, beautiful cottage, with barn and out-buildings, and one acre of ground, stocked with fine fruits and berries. Apply to C. F. BLAKE, No. 107 Chambers-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN BLOOMFIELD, N. J., a desirable residence, with grounds attached. This property is near the Railroad dépôt; suitable for a person doing business in New York. Inquire of ROWE, WOODRUFF & CARTER, No. 173 Washington-st., or HORACE PIERSON, and the subscriber at Bloomfield.
W. S. BALDWIN.

COUNTRY PLACE AMONG THE HILLS FOR SALE.—Twenty miles from town by railroad, two minutes' walk from depot; land from one to fifteen acres; choice fruit and shrubbery, neat cottage, magnificent view, pure water, and fine mountain scenery. Also, a cheap place of twenty acres, for $3,500. Apply to E. MARTINDALE, No. 167 Broadway, third story.

$900.—FOR SALE—A GOOD HOUSE, 1½ stories, nearly new, in excellent order, good cellar, barn, 2 acres of land, good spring of water and plenty of fruit, most eligibly situated a few rods from the water on the north side of Long Island; about 45 miles from this City. Apply at No. 484 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, or to GEORGE A. DARLING, New-Mills, L. I.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE in New-Windsor about a mile south of Newburgh. The premises comprise some seven acres of land in lawn, orchard and garden, with choice fruit trees and vines of various kinds, a commodious house of brick 50 feet square with an extension; also necessary out-buildings. Apply to F. C. HAVEMEYER, No. 192 Wall-st.

TO LET—IN SOUTHPORT, CONN., DISTANT 50 miles by New-York and New-Haven R. R., and convenient to the dépôt, a very desirable Summer residence, with fine yard and garden, comprising about two acres of land, well supplied with fruit trees; barn, &c., on the premises. For particulars apply to G. F. DAVIS, Security Insurance Co., No. 31 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for City or Brooklyn property, a country residence; four acres of land, covered with fruit; large modern house and out-houses; good water; healthy and pleasant; near dépôt; only 45 minutes from New-York. Inquire of A. W. BARNES, No. 144 Chatham-st.

TO LET—"ROBINS' NEST," CONSISTING OF 21 acres house, barn, pond, grove, shrubbery, and fruit in abundance. Distant from New-York 23 miles by Morris and Essex Railroad. From church, dépôt, and schools, a few minutes walk. Inquire of Mrs. JANE ROLFE, Summit, New Jersey.

TO LET—LARGE FIRST-CLASS DOUBLE HOUSE at Orange, five minutes from dépôt; easy of access; good stables, wells, ice-house, hennery, &c. Grounds tastefully laid out; rustic fences, wide piazzas, mountain scenery, with six acres, or more, if desired. Apply to JOHN B. STEVENS, No. 67 Wall-st.

YONKERS.—A GREAT SACRIFICE.—FOR SALE or rent, two houses, one a large brick, the other a cottage frame, with gardens, fruit and shade trees; gas and water in; carriage-house, best location in Yonkers. Apply to J. YOUMANS, on the premises, or A. OSTRANDER, No. 61 Wall-st.

COTTAGE TO LET—NEAR PORT MORRIS, Westchester Co., N. Y., ten minutes' ride from the 2d, 3d and 4th-av. dépôts and Harlem steamboat landing. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or No. 59 East 13th-st., 2d story.

FOR RENT.—A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE WITH stable and one acre of land in Irvington, N. J., a pleasant and healthy village 12 miles from New-York, with hourly communications. Apply to H. W. RISLEY, No. 84 Reade-st.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Glenwood, Yonkers; two acres of land; improvements first-class in every respect, and in perfect order. Inquire of the owner, S. B. JANES, No. 96 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE residences, farms and villa sites, a great variety, within an hour of Cortlandt-st., for sale and for sale very low by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 50 William-st., N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE AT ORANGE, N. J.—5 to 20 acres, near to dépôt; first-class improvements, rich soil, plenty of fruit, pure soft spring water—hot and cold—carried through the buildings. Apply to L. PATTON & CO., No. 13 William-st.

FOR SALE.—A COUNTRY COTTAGE LOCATED at Yonkers, near the dépôt; the house is new, and every way desirable. Price, $4,500, terms easy. Inquire in Archer, Edgar & Co's store.

HOUSES TO LET—IN ASTORIA, LONG ISLAND, pleasantly situated; rents from $150 to $600. Inquire of R. M. BLACKWELL, Astoria; or R. M. BLACKWELL & CO., No. 144 Front-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—Situated on a beautiful river, and only nine miles from New-York, containing 25 acres. The house is of cottage style, two stories, 42x46, with an extension, 18x26, with balconies and piazza, containing 15 rooms, besides bathroom, with hot and cold water. It is situated on high ground with a lawn sloping gradually to the river, embellished with hedge, shrubbery, evergreen trees, &c.; also, numerous fruit trees. There is in the rear of the house a beautiful grove, grapery, fine garden, barn, carriage, ice and poultry houses. This place offers every inducement to a purchaser who desires a healthy, pleasant and beautiful residence, and will be sold for half its cost For particulars inquire of JOHN ANDREWS, No. 16 Exchange-place, near the ferry, Jersey City.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR PARTIALLY FURNISHED, AT ASTORIA.—To lease, a very superior country seat, partially furnished, with all the conveniences of a city residence; hot and cold water, water-closets bath, &c.; large garden, stable, boat-house, salt-water bath; view of Hell Gate and adjacent islands unsurpassed; near steamboat landing and ferry. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., Metropolitan Bank Building, or E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN—A BRICK gothic house containing eleven rooms with modern improvements; two acres of ground attached, more if required, situated on high ground, commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson River, to be sold low and on terms easy. Apply to JAMES A. REQUA, No. 15 Beekman-st., or Box No. 451 Post-office.

COTTAGE TO LET.—ONE MILE FROM THE Hastings Station, on the Hudson River Railroad; 8 rooms, kitchen and garden plot; rent $150 per annum; coach-house and pasturage at a moderate additional rent Apply to JAMES BRITT, No. 561 6th-av., between 33d and 34th sts.

HOUSE TO LET.—AT STAMFORD, CONN., within five minutes' walk of the Railroad dépôt; has all the modern improvements; gas bath, hot and cold water, water closets, &c. Apply to E. A. Quintard, No. 35 William st., New-York, or of Hon. W. S. Minor, at Stamford.

TO LET—AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J., MRS. LEON'S house, center commons, new, 11 rooms and attic, unfurnished; cellar, gas-house, barn and 3 or 7 acres of land; rent, $400. Apply to J. CRANE & CO., No. 50 Maiden-lane, or on the premises.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY SEATS NEAR WILLIAMSBRIDGE; 112 acres 2½ miles northeast of Kingsbridge, one mile south of Mount Vernon. Inquire of F. KISSAM, No. 187 Broadway.

STRATFORD, CONN.—ON MAIN-ST., TWELVE acres, and fine house, barn, &c.; much fruit; for sale or to exchange for Brooklyn or City property.
S. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC
HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.
No. 648 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

These invaluable medicines are the result of the learning, experience and skill of Prof. HUMPHREYS, and are unsurpassed for their SIMPLICITY, SAFETY and CURATIVE ENERGY.

Thousands of families use them daily, with the most triumphant success, for all the common ills and sicknesses of every day life, avoiding by their use the visits of both disease and doctor. Thousands of invalids, by the use of some one of these simple remedies, have been cured of life-long pains and suffering. Nowhere have they been tried without having been approved, and their highest praise is from those who have known them longest and most intimately.

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No.	Price of Single Boxes.	Cents.
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2.	Cures Worm Fever, Worm Colic, Voracious Appetite	25
3.	Cures Colic, Teething, Crying and Wakefulness, Slow Growth, and Feebleness of Infants	25
4.	Cures Diarrhœa of Children or Adults, Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints	25
5.	Cures Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Colic, Gripings, Billious Colic, Fall Dysentery	25
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7.	Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza and Sore Throat	25
8.	Cures Toothache, Faceache, Nervous Pains, Neuralgia and Tic Doloroeux	25
9.	Cures Headaches, Sick Headaches, Vertigo, Rush of Blood to the Head	25
10.	Cures Dyspepsia, Weak, Acid, or Deranged Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint	25
11.	Cures Suppressed Menses, or Scanty, or Delaying. Green Sickness	25
12.	Cures Leucorrhœa or Whites, Bearing Down, too Profuse Menses	25
13.	Cures Croup, Hoarse Croupy Cough, Difficult or Oppressed Breathing	25
14.	Cures Salt Rheum, Crusty Eruptions, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Barber's Itch	25
15.	Cures Rheumatism, Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Side or Limbs	50
16.	Cures Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Inveterate Agues	50
17.	Cures Piles, Internal or External, Blind or Bleeding, Recent or Obstinate	50
18.	Cures Ophthalmy, Weak or Inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, Failing or Weak Sight	50
19.	Cures Catarrh, Acute or Chronic, Dry or Flowing; Cold in the Head, Influenza	50
20.	Cures Whooping Cough, shortening and palliating it, or Spasmodic Cough	50
21.	Cures Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, Cough and Expectoration	50
22.	Cures Ear Discharges, Noise in the Head, Impaired Hearing, Earache	50
23.	Cures Scrofula, Enlarged Glands and Tonsils, Swellings and Old Ulcers	50
24.	Cures General Debility, Physical or Nervous Weakness	50
25.	Cures Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations, Tumid Swellings, with Scanty Secretions	50
26.	Cures Sea-Sickness, Prostration, Vertigo, Nausea, Vomit	50
27.	Cures Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult or Painful Urination	50
28.	Cures Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges, and Consequent Prostration and Debility	1 00
29.	Cures Sore Mouth, Stomach-ache, Cankered Mouth of Adults or Children	50
30.	Cures Urinary Incontinence, Wetting the Bed, too Frequent, Painful or Scalding Urination	50
31.	Cures Painful Menses, Pressures, Cramp or Spasms at the time; or Itching and Irritation; Pruritis	50
32.	Cures Sufferings at Change of Life, Irregularities, Flushes of Heat, Palpitation, and even Disease of the Heart	1 00

PRICE OF CASES.

Case of Thirty-five vials in morocco and Book	$8 00
Case of Twenty-eight vials in morocco and Book	7 00
Case of Twenty vials in morocco and Book	5 00
Case of Twenty vials, plain, and Book of Directions	4 00
Case of Fifteen boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book	2 00
Case of any Six boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book	1 00

Single boxes, with directions, 25c. to $1.

☞ Agents and the Trade supplied as usual.

☞ I have removed from the old stand, No. 562, and have no connection with medicines sold there.

☞ I send these medicines by mail or express to any address, FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of the price.

Address F. HUMPHREYS, M. D.,
No. 648 Broadway, New-York.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FAST HORSES.
BEST STOCK IN THE COUNTRY.

	TIME.
Three HENRY CLAY STALLIONS	2:45
One CHESTNUT GELDING, 15 hands, 1 inch	2:35
One BAY COLT, 6 years old, 16 hands—a good one	2:34

One BAY GELDING, 10 years old, 16½ hands; and GREEN, the best wagon horse in the United States. He will show 2:35 to a 250-lb. wagon, which no other horse has ever yet done.

Three FILLIES, by ETHAN ALLEN, out of POCAHONTAS.

N. B.—Other horses will be taken in exchange as part pay. Persons in remote sections of our country wishing to purchase, should write us accurately about the horses they have to exchange. Address
DAYTON & JONES,
Property Exchange, No. 84 Nassau st., New-York.

ROAD WAGONS.

We have on hand, and are prepared to receive orders for FIRST-CLASS ROAD WAGONS, of all weights, made under our supervision on the premises, and warranted to be equal to any other wagon made in the City. We have also on hand and making to order, FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGES, suitable for park, city or country, which we will sell at low prices.
MINER & STEVENS, Nos. 72, 74 and 76
Walker-st., 1st door East of Broadway.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., FOR SALE. —A gentleman leaving for Europe is desirous of disposing of a matched pair of fine dark bay coach horses, 17 hands high. One of them is a perfect coupé, or express horse. Also, a valuable bay horse, kind in single or double harness, 17 hands. All three horses warranted sound in every respect. Also, a small sorrel mare, used for the last two years by a child. Also, close carriage, barouche, dog-cart, &c., made by Brewster; harness, &c. Apply at private stable, No. 61 East 23d-st., near 4th-av., before 11 o'clock A. M.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF CARRIAGE HORSES, 15¾ hands high, and one gray, pony-built horse—all in sound and good condition; free from any vice; sold on account of the owner going to Europe. Also, a two-horse coupé, used only one season—Brewster's make. Stable in rear of No. 162 5th-av., in 22d-st.—one week.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, TROTTING wagons, grocers', express, and business wagons, and second-hand wagons of all kinds, and 50 horses, harness, &c., selling off cheap; all City-built. No. 10 Nevins-st., and No. 184 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A GOOD, SECOND-HAND, LIGHT, two seated, one-horse rockaway carriage; also, a two-horse carriage, calash top. Address E. W. S., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

WM. A. READ & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BUTTER & CHEESE,
STANDS NOS. 61 AND 63 CATHARINE MARKET,
Opposite the Ferry, New-York.
GROCERS AND SHIPPING
Supplied at the lowest market prices.

PELLHAM SEEDLING POTATOES FOR SALE.—They are the earliest known; white, mealy, and in season throughout the year. Also, refined cider and vinegar, very choice. Apply at the agency, No. 4 Erie Buildings, Duane-st.
M. A. J. LYNCH.

BUTTER.—500 PACKAGES STRICTLY CHOICE, suitable for family use. For sale by HARRY BURRELL & CO., No. 64 Pearl st. and No. 30 Water-st.

COAL.

COAL.—LIVERPOOL COAL AT $10 PER CHALDRON. SIDNEY COAL at $8 per ton.
CANNEL COAL at $12 per ton.
Screened and delivered to any part of the City.
Coal Yard, No. 341 2d-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

PAINTS, OILS AND BRUSHES.

FRENCH WHITE ZINC PAINT—DRY AND in oil, red and green seal, at reduced prices for cash. For sale at the dépôt of the Vieille Montagne Company of Paris, by JOSEPH M. STRONG, 40 and 44 Greene-st.

CEPHALIC PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE!

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE NERVOUS HEADACHE!

CEPHALIC PILLS,

CURE ALL KINDS OF HEADACHE!

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented, and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels—removing *Costiveness*.

For *Literary Men, Students*, Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits*, they are valuable as a *Laxative*, improving the *appetite*, giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system, or from a deranged state of the *stomach*.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of HENRY C. SPALDING on each box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A box will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the
PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

THE FOLLOWING INDORSEMENTS OF
SPALDINGS CEPHALIC PILLS
WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM
HEADACHE
THAT A
SPEEDY AND SURE CURE
IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these testimonials are unsolicited by Mr. SPALDING, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly Scientific Discovery.

MASONVILLE, Conn., Feb. 5, 1861.

Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and *I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more.
Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the pills by mail, and oblige,
Your ob't servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, Penn., Feb. 6, 1861.

Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, Huntingdon Co., Penn., Jan. 18, 1861.

H. C. SPALDING,
SIR;
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—I have used one box of your pills and find them *excellent.*

BELLE VERNON, Ohio, Jan. 15, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING, Esq.:
Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best pills I have ever tried.*
Direct A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandotte Co., Ohio.

BEVERLEY, Mass., Dec. 11, 1860.

H. C. SPALDING, Esq.:
I wish for some circulars or large show-bills to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind please send to me. One of my customers who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days) was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURGH, Franklin, Co., Ohio, Jan. 9, 1861.

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar st., New-York,
DEAR SIR:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send a box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsburgh, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure headache almost *instanter.*
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, Mich., Jan. 14, 1861.

Mr. SPALDING,
SIR:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills, for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz.: Cure of Headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the Headache, send for a box (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkable effectual remedy for the Headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western Railroad Gazette, Chicago, Ill.
We heartily indorse Mr. Spalding and his unrivaled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawaha Valley Star, Kanawaha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the Headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path Finder, New-Orleans, La.
Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

From the St. Louis Democrat.
The immense demand for the article, (Cephalic Pills,) is rapidly increasing.

From the Gazette, Davenport, Iowa.
Mr. Spalding would not connect his name with an article he did not know to possess real merit.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The testimony in their favor is strong, from the most respectable quarters.

From the Daily News, Newport, R. I.
Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all kinds.

From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, Mass.
Said to be efficacious for the Headache.

From the Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Suffering humanity can now be relieved.

☞ A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually. ☜

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES!

ECONOMY! DISPATCH

☞ "A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE

meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N. B.—A brush accompanies each bottle. *Price, 25 cents.*

Address, HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

CAUTION!

As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,
☞ SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE ☜
is on the outside wrapper. *All others are swindling counterfeits.*

FINANCIAL.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner of Pine and Nassau-sts., New-York,

Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travelers, available in the UNITED STATES, CANADA, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, and all the principal cities of the world. Also, Mercantile Credits for use in EUROPE, CHINA, &c., &c.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

The Union Bank of London, as agents of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., bankers, New-York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue, free of charge, letters of credit or circular notes of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, West Indies, South America, &c.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
No. 429 Canal, corner Varick-st.,

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2, and from 5 to 7 P. M. Deposits from 10 cents to $5,000 received. Six per cent. interest allowed on sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent on larger sums. This Bank has received on deposit $470,150 80 during the past 22 months.

Deposits made on or before April 20, will bear interest from April 1. E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.

SIX PER CENT INTEREST on all deposits from One to One Thousand Dollars

All deposits made on or before April 10, will draw interest from the 1st.

Bank open daily from 10 to 3, also on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8.
S. S. CHILDS, Sec. SPENCER K. GREEN Pres.

P. M. MYERS & CO.,
No. 6 BROAD-ST., one door from Wall.
P. M. MYERS, late of Kirtland & Co. B. G. LENNOX.

COLLECTIONS promptly made in all parts of the country at lowest rates.

DRAFTS on all the principal cities purchased.

REFERENCES.
Halsted, Haines & Co., Woodruff & Robinsons,
Lewis B. Brown & Co., O. M. Bogart.

FOR SALE.

100 shares Market Bank Stock.
25 shares Irving Bank Stock.
Henderson County (Ill.) 8 per cent. Bonds.
Fulton County (Ill.) 7 per cent. Bonds.
Cincinnati City Railroad (Ohio) 7 per cent Bonds.
Apply to GEO. T. M. DAVIS,
No. 47 Exchange-place.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 1 3d-av., corner 7th-st.

Deposits made on or before the first of April will bear interest from that date. Bank open daily from 9 to 2 A. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 8 P. M.
THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS' BANK,
CHATHAM SQUARE, corner New-Bowery.
(Open daily from 10 to 2 and 4 to 7 P. M.)

DEPOSITS from 25 Cents to $5,000, received.
SIX PER CENT INTEREST on sums of $500 and under.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20, WILL DRAW INTEREST AS FROM APRIL 1.
MOSES D. VAN PELT, President.
J. P. COOPER, Secretary.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall st., New-York.

Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of Europe through the Messrs. Rothschild, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

CALIFORNIA AND SAN FRANCISCO
CITY COUPONS BOUGHT BY
AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
No. 50 Wall-st.

SILVER HILL MINING COMPANY.—THE second installment of assessment five cents per share, on the capital stock of the Silver Hill Mining Company, is required to be paid at the Office of the Company, No. 24 2d-st., Baltimore, on or before FRIDAY, April 5. Neglect to meet the above payment will result in forfeiture of the stock. By order.
JOSEPH LOUGH, Secretary.
BALTIMORE, March 27, 1861.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Tontine Buildings, No. 88 Wall st.,
NEW-YORK, March 15, 1861.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., (Tontine Buildings,) on MONDAY, the first day of April next. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M.
JOS. F. JOY, Secretary.

OFFICE HANNIBAL AND ST JOSEPH RAILROAD CO.,
BOSTON, March 15, 1861.

THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS OF this Company in New-York are requested to call at the office of DE LAUNAY, CLARKE & CO. No. 63 Wall-st.; or of WARD, CAMPBELL & CO., No. 56 Wall-st., where they will be furnished with information relative to the affairs of the Company. Signed.
R. S. WATSON, Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN ACCORDANCE with a decree of the Supreme Court of this State, issued March 20, 1861, the Receiver of the Rhode Island Exchange Bank will pay a Dividend of Fifty per cent. on all bills of said Bank presented to him on or before the 22d day of April, 1861.
JOHN T. KNOWLES, Receiver.
EAST GREENWICH, R. I., March 20, 1861.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1861.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi annual dividend of Four Per Cent., payable on and after the 8th of April ensuing. The Transfer Book will be closed from the 1st to the 8th of April inclusive.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK—CORNER OF 14th-st. and 8th av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays until 7 P. M. Deposits from ten cents to $5,000 received. Six per Cent interest on all sums of $500 and under. Deposits made on or before the 10th of April, will draw interest from the 1st.
THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
RICHARD H. BULL, Secretary.

OCEAN BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, MARCH 23, 1861.—ELECTION.—The annual election for thirteen Directors of this Bank, and for three Inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at the Banking rooms on TUESDAY, the 9th day of April next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board.
CHAS. PALMER, Assistant Cashier.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE NORTH AMERICAN GAS LIGHT COMPANY.—The Receiver of this Company gives notice to such of the creditors of this Company as have not presented their claims, to present the same to him at his office, No. 28 Nassau-st., New-York, on or before the 1st of April next. —Dated Feb. 16, 1861. PHILO T. RUGGLES, Receiver.

KISSAM & JONES, COUNSELORS AT Law, No. 59 William-st.
BENJAMIN T. KISSAM, GEORGE A. JONES.

Mr. GEORGE A. JONES devotes his special attention to the care of estates and to the management of all business of a fiduciary character. Ordinary commission, 1½ per cent.

OFFICE OF J. T. VAN VLECK, BANKER,
No. 4 BROAD-ST., one door from Wall,
NEW YORK, March 26, 1861.

APPLICATIONS FOR THE NEW EIGHT Million United States Loan, interest payable February and July, in sums of $1,000 each, may be made to
J. T. VAN VLECK.

MARINER'S SAVINGS BANK, NO. 1 3D-AV., CORNER 7TH-ST.—Deposits made on or before the 1st of April will bear interest from that date. Bank open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 5 to 8 P. M. THOS. B. STILLMAN, President. ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE INTEREST ON THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Cedar Falls and Minnesota Railroad Company, due April 1, 1861, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at this office.
ERASTUS EDGERTON & CO., No. 112 Broadway.

MORTGAGE.—$12,000 WANTED ON BOND AND Mortgage on improved first-class property at Orange, N. J., worth double that amount. Interest at 7 per cent., and a liberal bonus allowed. Principals only dealt with. Address E., Box No. 420 Post-office.

NOTICE.—THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST, DUE April 1, 1861, on the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company, will be paid at the Ocean Bank
CHAS. PALMER, Assistant Cashier.

BULL'S HEAD BANK DIVIDEND.—THE Directors have declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., payable on demand.
J. H. ELDREDGE,
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1861. Cashier.

U. S. 6 PER CENT. NEW LOAN, HAVING twenty years to run, in Coupons or Inscribed Bonds of one thousand each, for sale by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & MASON, No. 29 Wall-st.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

MANY, BALDWIN & MANY,
Manufacturers and Importers
of
BUILDING HARDWARE,
No. 49 John-street,
Corner Dutch.

Silver-Plated Door Knobs and Butts, of all sizes.
Silver-Plated Bell-Pulls, Levers, Door and Number Plates.
Silver-Plated and Brass Door Chains for Front and Basement Doors.
Extra Safe Front Door Locks and Latches.
Improved Door Springs for Banks and Store Doors.
Brass and Iron Butts, Screws, Pulleys, &c.
A general assortment of Hardware for Stores and Dwellings.
All at the Lowest Prices for Cash.

FOR SALE—MACHINISTS' AND BLACKSMITHS' tools, in lots to suit purchasers. The subscriber will sell his lathes, planers, drilling machines, vises, and a large variety of tools indispensable for a machine-shop. Also, a large lot of blacksmith tools, two steam engines, lot of shafting, hangers, pulleys, patterns &c. The shop to let. Apply to H. WATERMAN, No. 239 Cherry st.

AMALGAM BELL.—OFFICE AND SALES-room are removed to No. 190 William st., near Spruce, where may be had superior BELLS, of any size, for any purpose, at prices not exceeding 12 cents per pound.
M. C. CHADWICK & CO.,
Manufacturers, No. 190 William st.

TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, ZINC, &C.—TIN and TERNE PLATE, CHARCOAL and COKE. SHEET IRON—Belgian, Russian, English, American; ZINC, COPPER, SPELTER, BLOCK-TIN, WIRE, &c. For sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., No. 215 Water-st.

AT A MEETING HELD BY THE OFFICERS and managers of the Home for Young Deaf Mutes, the last Monday in March they appointed Rev. Harvey Camp to solicit donations and subscriptions the ensuing year. O. M. DEVOE, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

NAVY SUPPLIES—1861, '62.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
MARCH 15, 1861.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and indorsed, "Proposals for Navy Supplies," will be received at this Bureau until 9 o'clock, A. M., on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of April next, for furnishing and delivering, (on receiving ten days' notice, except for biscuit, for which five days' notice shall be given for every twenty thousand pounds required,) at the United States Navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New-York, and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities only of the following articles as may be required or ordered from the contractors by the Chief of this Bureau, or by the respective commanding officers of the said Navy-yards, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1862, viz:

Biscuit, flour, rice dried apples, pickles, sugar, tea, coffee, beans, molasses, vinegar and whisky.

The biscuit shall be made wholly from sweet superfine flour, of the manufacture of the year 1860 or 1861, but shall in all cases be manufactured from flour made of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same; and shall be fully equal in quality, and conform in size and shape, to the samples which are deposited in the said Navy-yards; shall be properly baked, thoroughly kiln-dried well packed and delivered free of charge to the United States, in good, sound, well dried bright flour barrels, with the heads well secured, or in air and water-tight whisky or spirit barrels, at the option of the bureau. No biscuit will be required at Gosport in tight barrels.

The flour shall be equal to the best Richmond and Baltimore brands, and of the manufacture of wheat grown in the year 1860 or 1861; but shall in all cases be manufactured from pure, sound, fresh ground wheat of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same; shall be perfectly sweet, and in all respects of the best quality; and shall be delivered in good shipping order free of all charge to the United States, in the best new, well seasoned sound, bright barrels, or half barrels, as the case may be—the staves and headings to be of red oak of the best quality, strong and well hooped, with lining hoops around each head, and equal in quality to sample barrel at the said navy yards; two half barrels to be considered as a barrel, and not more than one sixth of the required quantity to be in half barrels.

The rice shall be of the very best quality, and of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same.

The dried apples shall be of the best quality, and shall be prepared by sun-drying only, and of the crop of the Autumn immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same; and shall be delivered in packages containing not more than three hundred pounds.

The pickles shall be put up in iron-bound casks, the iron hoops to be 1 inch wide and 1-16 inch thick, and each cask shall contain one gallon of onions, one gallon of peppers, and eight gallons of medium cucumbers, fifty to the gallon, and the vegetables in each shall weigh fifty-seven pounds, and they only be paid for; and each cask shall then be filled with white wine vinegar of at least 42 degrees of strength, and equal to French vinegar; the casks, vegetables, and vinegar shall conform and be equal in all respects to the samples deposited at the above named Navy yards, and the contractors shall warrant and guarantee that they will keep good and sound for at least two years.

The iron hoops on the barrels containing whisky, molasses, vinegar, and pickles to be well painted with red lead.

The sugar shall be according to the samples at the said navy-yards, and be dry and fit for packing, and equal in quality to the best Havana brown

The tea shall be of good quality Young Hyson, equal to the samples at said navy yards, and be delivered in half and quarter chests only.

The coffee shall be equal to the best Cuba, according to sample.

The beans shall be of the very best quality white beans, and shall be of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same, 64 pounds to be taken as one bushel.

The molasses shall be fully equal to the very best quality of New-Orleans molasses, and shall be delivered in new, well-seasoned red-oak barrels, with white-pine heads not less than 1½ inch thick; the staves not less than ¾-inch thick; the barrels to be three-quarters hooped, and, in addition, to have four iron hoops, one on each bilge, 1½ inch in width and 1-16th inch thick, and one on each chime 1½ inch in width and 1-16th inch thick, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping condition.

The vinegar shall be of the first quality, equal to the standard of the United States Pharmacopœia, and shall contain no other than acetic acid; and shall be delivered in barrels similar in all respects to those required for molasses, with the exception that white oak staves and heads shall be substituted for red-oak staves and white-pine heads, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping order.

The whisky shall be made wholly from grain, sound and merchantable, and be full first proof according to the United States Custom-house standard, and shall be double rectified. It shall be delivered in good, new, sound, bright, three-quarters hooped, well seasoned white oak barrels, with white oak heads, the heads to be made of three-piece heading, and well painted; the staves not to be less than ⅝-inch thick, and the heads not less than ¾-inch thick; and each barrel shall be coopered, in addition, with one three-penny iron hoop on each bilge 1½ inch in width, and 1-16th inch thick; and one three-penny hoop on each chime, 1½-inch in width, and 1-16th inch thick, as per diagram. The whole to be put in good shipping order, free of all charge to the United States.

All the foregoing described articles, embracing casks, barrels, half-barrels, and boxes, shall be subject to such inspection as the chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing may direct, the inspecting officer to be appointed by the Navy Department. All inspections to be at the place of delivery. Biscuit may, however, be inspected at the place of manufacture, but will in all cases be subject to a final inspection at the place of delivery before the bills are signed therefor.

The prices of all the foregoing articles to be the same throughout the year, and bidders may offer for one or more articles; and his offer will be accepted for that year for which his proposal may be lowest.

All the casks, barrels, and half barrels, boxes or packages, shall be marked with their contents and the contractor's name. All the barrels and half-barrels of flour, bread, and pickles, shall have, in addition to the above, the year when manufactured or put up marked upon them.

The samples referred to in this advertisement are those selected for the ensuing fiscal year, and have no reference to such as have been previously exhibited.

The quantity of these articles which will be required cannot be precisely stated. They will probably be about:

	To be offered for.	
Biscuit	1,800,000 lbs	⅌ 100 lbs.
Flour	1,400 bbls	⅌ bbl.
Rice	250,000 lbs	⅌ 100 lbs.
Dried apples	150,000 lbs	⅌ lb.
Pickles	150,000 lbs	⅌ lb.
Sugar	235,000 lbs	⅌ 100 lbs.
Tea	25,000 lbs	⅌ lb.
Coffee	25,000 lbs	⅌ lb.
Beans	7,000 bush.	⅌ bush.
Molasses	20,000 gals	⅌ gal.
Vinegar	21,000 gals	⅌ gal.
Whisky	50,000 gals	⅌ gal

The quantities of any or all may be increased or diminished, as the service may hereafter require. The contracts will therefore be made, not for specific quantities, but for such quantities as the service may require to be delivered at those Navy yards, respectively.

Contractors not residing at the places where deliveries are required must establish agencies at such places, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when a contractor fails promptly to comply with a requisition, the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be authorized to direct purchases to be made to supply the deficiency, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof, at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the Navy-yards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received.

Separate offers must be made for each article at each of the aforesaid navy yards, and in case more than one article is contained in the offer, the Chief of the Bureau will have the right to accept one or more of the articles contained in such offer, and reject the remainder; and bidders whose proposals are accepted (and none others) will be forthwith notified, and as early as practicable a contract will be transmitted to them for execution, which contract must be returned to the bureau within five days, exclusive of the time required for the regular transmission of the mail.

Two or more approved sureties in a sum equal to the estimated amount of the respective contracts will be required, and twenty per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, in addition, to secure its performance, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; eighty per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after bills, duly authenticated, shall have been presented to him.

Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on application to the Navy agents at Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk and at this bureau.

A record, or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of the acceptance of his proposal, will be deemed a notification thereof, within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bid will be made and accepted in conformity with this understanding

Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the Act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-'47, approved 10th of August, 1846) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. The bureau will not be obligated to consider any proposal unless accompanied by the guarantee required by law; the competency of the guarantee to be certified by the Navy Agent, District Attorney, or Collector of the Customs.

The attention of bidders is called to the samples and description of articles required, as, in the inspection for reception, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the articles offered and the sample and contract, receiving none that fall below them; and their attention is also particularly directed to the joint resolution of 27th March, 1854, and to the act of the 16th August, 1846.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Officers of the XXth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, April 8, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the heating apparatus necessary for heating and ventilating the new Ward School-house No. 32, now in course of erection in West 35th-st., in said Ward. Said apparatus must be self regulating, and must provide for warming said school building with fresh air, heated by contact with steam-pipes or radiators placed in the cellar, the steam used to be low pressure. Specifications of said apparatus are on file and can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings of the Board of Education, No. 94 Crosby-st. Proposals should be addressed "School Officers of the XXth Ward," and must be accompanied with the names of two responsible and approved sureties. The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.
PETER LODEWICK,
HUBBARD G. STONE, } Building
JAMES G. DIMOND, } Committee.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

MANHATTAN PLATE COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF SILVER PLATED WARE.
No. 20 John st.

Plated German-silver and White Metal Tea Sets, Entre Dishes, Vegetable Dishes, Soup Tureens, Dish Covers, Ice Pitchers, Ice Bowls, Casters, Cake Baskets, Spoons, Forks, Ivory-handle Table Cutlery, &c.
HIRAM YOUNG.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, WITH FILTER and WATER COOLER combined, is the best Provision Preserver in the world.
BARTLETT & LESLEY, No. 426 Broadway.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

A. DEMAREST, NO. 182 BROADWAY, Wedding cards, notes, envelopes, of latest styles, at fair prices. Samples by mail. Sole agent.

WEDDING CARDS IN ELEGANT STYLES at low prices. See the Orange Blossom Wedding Favelope Knots for Cards, at EVERDELL'S, 302 Broadway.

MEDICAL.

READER, PERUSE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT, AND THEN JUDGE OF THE FACTS FOR YOURSELF.

It is twenty-five months ago, when my son, a boy 15 years old, was cured of deafness by Dr. B. SABO, a Frenchman by birth, and employed on the U. S. Navy Yard, in Pensacola. The boy was born deaf, entirely; my wife heard of this wonderful doctor, and went with the boy to the Navy Yard, where she made an agreement with the doctor to cure the child for $300 in the time of three or four months. I was in Hamburg when I received a letter from my wife stating these facts. Deaf as I was myself since 23 years of age, I was anxious to see this doctor. I went from Hamburg to Newcastle, and from there with boats to Baltimore. A few hours after my arrival I left for Pensacola; found to my surprise my child cured, but the doctor had left with one of our navy vessels two days before my arrival. Five months ago, I heard that he was engaged in Charleston, S. C., curing diseases of this kind. I, then in New-Orleans, got a charter for New-York. Here I met with Lieut. Breker, who informed me that the doctor was residing in No. 7 Cherry-st., Franklin-square. I visited him the same afternoon; he had a glimpse in my mouth, and felt my neck, saying: "With the help of God, we will see what we can do." Then he made an agreement with me to cure me in two or three months, for the sum of $225—paid one half in advance, and if not cured in this time to give the money back. This happened on the 29th Dec., 1860, and on the 21st of Nov., 1861, I visited the doctor's house for the last time, cured of deafness forever. I am glad to say that old deaf Capt Parkly, as they used to call me, may be called old Capt. Parkly, and I am perfectly satisfied. I have been sailing out of New York for some eighteen years now, also a well-known citizen; my vessel is lying at Pier No 36, North River, where everybody can find the truth of my statement, to the honor of Dr. Sabo. I would advise the poor in particular, to give themselves in care of the doctor. I have noticed that he is a very pious man, and heard that he has been doing a great deal of good to the poor and afflicted in the Southern States. May God bless him for it.
JAMES J. PARKLY, Master of the *G. Turner*.

TRIESEMAR.

Protected by Patent-office Seal of Great Britain, Ecole de Pharmacie, Pharmacien de Paris and Imperial College of Medicine, Vienna.

Summary of the virtues of each preparation, TRIESEMAR Nos. 1, 2, and 3:

TRIESEMAR NO. 1

effectually removes general and local debility, premature decay, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences of excess; all physical impediments vanish like magic before its influence, thus rendering it invaluable to those about being married; even in the decline of life its invigorating powers are astonishing.

TRIESEMAR NO. 2

has superior properties in those cases where Copavia or Cubebs is usually administered.

TRIESEMAR NO. 3

entirely eradicates all impurities from the system; is most excellent in secondary symptoms, thus obviating the necessity of mercury, or any other deleterious ingredients.

Triesemar Nos. 1, 2 and 3, being in the form of an agreeable lozenge, is portable, and may be taken with the utmost facility while traveling by sea or land. Done up in tin cases, and divided into separate doses, as administered by Velpeau, Lallemand, Roux, Ricord, &c. Single cases of each number, $3; four cases in one, $9; or in $27 cases, thereby saving $9.

To be had, wholesale and retail, from Dr. H. A. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker st., (four doors from Macdougal st.,) New-York, where he may be confidentially consulted, as usual, from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8 o'clock. On Sundays, from 11 till 2 o'clock.

Sold by F. C. Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, and T. Worthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

$500 REWARD!

Dr. JEFFRIES' ANTIDOTE, a specific mixture for the cure of Gleet, Strictures, and similar disorders. It makes a speedy cure without the least restriction of diet, drink, exposure or change in application to business. Repeated experiments and long experience have proved that it will radically cure any case which can be produced. This desirable result is obtained in from two to ten days; and as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and renders unnecessary all deviation in diet or interruption to usual pursuits, sound sleep or healthy digestion, the disease is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

Price, One Dollar per bottle.
Sold by C. H. RING,
No. 155 Fulton-st.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified Physician and Surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price, $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 16 Ann-st.

DR. VAN HAMBERT'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are a safe remedy for obstruction, &c., from cold or any cause. $1 per box.

Coughs, Colds, &c., cured by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Rodger's Liverwort and Tar—price, $1; and Mrs. Gardner's Balsam Liverwort 50 cents, Fever and Ague, &c., take India Cholugogue—$1 50. Deshler's Periodic Pills and Rowand's Tonic Mixture, $1 each.

Scrofula, Rheumatism, &c., cured by Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Kennedy's Discovery and Hyatt's Balsam, 75 cents.

By GUION, No. 127 Bowery, New-York.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.—Published for the benefit and as a warning to young men who suffer from nervous debility, premature decay, &c.; supplying the means of self-cure. By one who cured himself, after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. Single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq. Bedford, Kings County, N. Y.; by inclosing a postpaid addressed envelope.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES—EXCLUSIVE treatment of diseases of females. Patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing, &c. Remedies for monthly derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed. The Mother's Almanac and Ladies' Private Circular, containing particulars, mailed free, in letter form, on receipt of four stamps. Write for it and escape quackery. Office address, Dr. THIERS, 626 6th-av., N. Y.

DR. C. WOODHULL—THE WELL-KNOWN Natural Physician, or better known as the Great Magnetic Doctor, has just arrived from a tour through Europe, and located at No. 53 Bond-st. All forms of female difficulties and chronic diseases attended with the happiest results. Invalids requiring accommodations until cured can be cared for properly. Packages of medicine sent by express. Price $5.

TRUSSES FOR THE RADICAL CURE OF Rupture, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, &c. The GALVANO-ELECTRIC REGENERATOR is warranted to cure Spermatorrhœa, Impotence, Seminal Losses, &c. Call upon or address, Drs. GLOVER & THORNE, No. 4, Ann-st., under Barnum's Museum.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Benefactor. Infallible for the immediate removal of obstructions, irregularities, &c. Price $2. Office No. 483 Broadway. Dr. WARD can be consulted in confidence day or evening.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY, IS unapproached among the physicians in curing certain diseases. His Unfortunate's Friend and other great remedies accomplish an immediate cure. Shun an early grave. Read his Practical Treatise.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence; is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease; exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, No. 32 Chambers-st., New-York, Jan. 1, 1861.—Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of Real and Personal Estate of the City and County of New-York, for the year 1861, will be opened on Monday, the 14th inst., for public inspection, and will continue open until the 30th day of April next inclusive. All tax-payers are earnestly requested to call and examine the same in order that any errors in the assessments may be corrected. Also, all persons entitled by law to reduction of their assessments, by reason of being clergymen or for military services, and also literary or charitable institutions, by law exempt from taxation, are requested to make application for such reduction or exemption previous to the closing of the rolls on the 30th day of April.

The following section of the Act of April 14, 1859, is published for the information of tax-payers:

SECTION 10. During the time the books shall be open for public inspection, as heretofore provided, application may be made by any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his real or personal estate, to have the same corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objections thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if in their judgment the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oath, or any of them, and if in their judgment the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real or personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the City.—Laws of 1859, Chapter 302, Section 9.
A. J. WILLIAMSON,
J. W. ALLEN,
J. W. BROWN,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

SHIPPING.

THROUGH FREIGHT ARRANGEMENT.—For NORFOLK, PORTSMOUTH, CITY POINT and RICHMOND, connecting with Norfolk and Petersburgh and South Side Railroads for LYNCHBURGH, BRISTOL, MEMPHIS and intermediate stations. Freight received every day and through receipts furnished at Pier No. 13 North River.

Steamship JAMESTOWN, Capt. SKINNER, leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship ROANOKE, Capt. COUCH, leaves every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship YORKTOWN, Capt. PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.

Freight to Norfolk, 7 cents per foot; to City Point, 8 cents; and to Richmond, 9 cents.

Passage to Norfolk, (state-room and meals included,) $8; to Petersburg or Richmond, $10; children between the ages of 1 and 12, half price.

LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$130
Second Cabin Passage.......... 75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage..........$110
Second Cabin Passage.......... 60

The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.

The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. E. M. Hockley.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
CANADA, Capt. Anderson.
AMERICA, Capt. McAuley.
NIAGARA, Capt. Moodie.
EUROPA, Capt. J. Cook.
SCOTIA, (now building.)

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Anderson, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 3.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 10.
AMERICA, Cook, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 17.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 24.
NIAGARA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, May 1.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, May 8.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 15.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 22.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling green.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 27.
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
FULTON,
J. A. WALTON, Commander,

Will sail from Pier No. 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, April 27 at noon.

This steamer (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double-engines under deck, inclosed by water tight compartments, which, besides other results, tends, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.

The steamer ARAGO will sail May 25.

STEAM FROM NEW-YORK AND BOSTON TO IRELAND, ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND VIA GALWAY.—The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company will dispatch from Boston, on TUESDAY, April 16, their new and magnificent paddle-wheel steamship
HIBERNIA,
N. PROWSE, Commander,
touching at St. Johns to land passengers and mails.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK OR BOSTON.
First cabin to Galway, Dublin or Liverpool..$75 and $100
First cabin to St Johns, N. F..........$35
Third cabin to Galway, Liverpool, Glasgow, or any town in Ireland on a railway..........$30

Persons taking passage in New-York for the above ship will receive free passages from New-York to Boston.

NOTICE—Persons wishing to bring out their friends from the old country can obtain RETURN TICKETS at VERY LOW RATES.

For further information, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
Nos. 54 and 55 South-st.
Agents in Boston, NAZRO BROS. & SWEENEY.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.

The subscribers continue to grant certificates of passage to and from Liverpool by their favorite line of packets, comprising in part the following ships, viz:

Wm. Tapscott,
Dreadnought,
Benj. Adams,
West Point,
Underwriter,
Emerald Isle,
Middlesex,
Constellation,
Switzerland,
Shamrock,
Albion,
Victory,
John J. Boyd,
Phœnix,
Cambria.

Making, together with others, a ship every five days. The subscribers are also agents for the X Line of London Packets, for all of which they grant certificates on liberal terms.

REMITTANCES TO IRELAND, &c.

T. & Co. also continue to issue drafts, payable on demand, throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. Send or call for a circular. Circulars, with all particulars, may be had on application; if by letter, inclose a postage stamp.

TAPSCOTT & CO., No. 86 South st., New-York.
TAPSCOTT, SMITH & CO., Liverpool.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and first-class steamships will leave Pier No. 12 North River, the following days at 4 P. M.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. J. A. POST, THURSDAY, April 4.

Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15. Through tickets to New Orleans $39 75; Mobile $35; Montgomery, $25; Memphis, $31 75; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Chattanooga $25; Albany, Geo., $23; Columbus, $21; Atlanta $21; Macon, $20; Augusta, $17 50; including omnibus fare in Savannah. Baggage checked free to all the above points. Also to principal places in Florida, at low rates.

Insurance at lowest rates premium.

Freight 10 cents per foot, and proportionate rates.

Bills of lading must be taken out to insure dispatch, and none will be signed after departure of steamer.

For freight or passage, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., Nos. 86 West-st. and 335 Broadway.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL—Landing and embarking passengers at Queenstown, (Ireland.) The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE SATURDAY, April 6.
KANGAROO, SATURDAY, April 13.
EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, April 20.

And every Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE:
First cabin..........$75|Steerage..........$30
First cabin, to London..$80|Steerage, to London....$33
Steerage return tickets, good for 6 months..........$60

Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares.

☞ Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.—
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New York.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST—SEMI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.—The splendid steamship MARION, Capt. ADKINS, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, April 3, at 3 o'clock P. M. Rates of passage, with through tickets, as follows: To Savannah, Ga., $16; Charleston, S. C., $15; New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $25; Memphis, Tenn., $31 75; Nashville, Tenn., $27 75; Chattanooga, $25; Knoxville, $25 50; Augusta, Ga., $17 50; Atlanta, $21; Columbia, S. C., $17 50; Charlotte, N. C., $19. For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

NOTICE.—All Bills of Lading for signature must be presented to the Purser on board previous to 1 o'clock on day of sailing.

FOR SAVANNAH AND OTHER POINTS, AS BELOW.—The first class steamship ALABAMA, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, will leave on SATURDAY, April 6, at 4 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places: New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $25; Columbus, $21; Albany, $22; Atlanta, $21; Eufaula, $24; Chattanooga, $25; Nashville, $27 75; Knoxville, $25 50; Memphis, $31 75; Augusta, $17 50; Macon, $21; Savannah, $15. For freight or passage apply at No. 13 Broadway.
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON, New-York, } Agents.
JOHN R. WILDER & GALLIE, Savannah, }

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP NEW-YORK, H. J. von SANTEN, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., on
SATURDAY, APRIL 13, at 12 o'clock M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,

Taking passengers to LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN, at the following rates:

First cabin $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.

For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP KARNAK, for Havana, via Nassau, N. P., are requested to be on board this MONDAY morning at 11 o'clock. Letters for Havana will be received at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling green, until same hour.
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1861. E. CUNARD.

STEAMBOATS.

FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after Monday, April 1, 1861, the elegant and fast-sailing iron steamer FLUSHING, Capt. WM. H. NIMMS, will commence running daily, Sundays excepted, without any alteration of time, up to the 1st of October, 1861, as follows: Leave Flushing at 7:30 A. M., 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Returning leave New York from Fulton Market wharf at 9:30 A. M., 1:30 and 5 P. M., landing each way at College Point. No freight taken to College Point on the 5 o'clock trip. Arrangements have been made to run a line of stages to Whitestone on the arrival of the boat at College Point. Fare 15 cents.
WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent

HARLEM RIVER.—THE HARLEM AND SPUYTEN DUYVIL NAV. CO.'S steamer EMILY will resume her regular trips between 3d av., Harlem and 215th-st., near Kingsbridge, stopping at the new Central Bridge and the High Bridge, and other intermediate landings, on Monday, April 1, 1861. Leaving Harlem at 6:30, 8, 10:30, 11:50 A. M., 2:15, 4, 6 P. M., and 215th-st. at 7:15, 9:45, 11:15 A. M., 12:45, 3:15, 5 6:45 P. M., connecting with steamers *Sylvan Shore* and *Sylvan Grove*, and the Third-av. cars to and from New-York.

NIGHT BOAT TO NEW-HAVEN.—STEAMER TRAVELER leaves at 11 P. M., arriving in time for all early morning trains. The ELM CITY leaves at 3 P. M. Passengers for Meriden, Hartford and Springfield can go north from New-Haven at 11 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY C. PRIDHAM, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his office, Nos. 101 and 103 Broad-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of May next. Dated New-York, the 20th day of October, 1860.
E. H. LAIMBEER, Executor.

AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible]

EASTER MONDAY.
EASTER MONDAY.
EASTER MONDAY.

ENGAGEMENT
ENGAGEMENT
ENGAGEMENT
OF
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
The celebrated American Comedian, and
PRODUCTION
PRODUCTION
PRODUCTION
OF A
NEW COMEDY,
NEW COMEDY,
NEW COMEDY,
By
TOM TAYLOR,
TOM TAYLOR,
TOM TAYLOR,
Author of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN
and
STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.
ON EASTER MONDAY,
and
EVERY EVENING,
will be presented a new Comedy, by Tom Taylor, in three acts, entitled
THE BABES IN THE WOOD,
THE BABES IN THE WOOD,
THE BABES IN THE WOOD,
with the following distribution of characters:

Mr. Jeremiah Beetle, a henpecked lodging-house keeper, MR. J. S. CLARKE,
(his first appearance here)
Mr Frank Rushton, } Babes in } Mr. C. Barton Hill,
Lady Blanche Rushton, } the Wood, } Miss Ada Clifton.
(Mr. Barton Hill's first appearance.)
The Earl of Lazenby, father of Blanche, Mr. J. H. Stoddart.
Tommy Sliddell, "the good-natured friend who repeats all the ill-natured things"..........Mr. Marlowe.
Sir George Lovestrife a fast fashionable, Mr. G. Stoddart.
Todd, a bill discounter..........Mr. S. D. Johnson.
Peacock, a flunkey..........Mr. Tree.
Mrs. Beetle, Lady and for some time Lord of Beetle, Mrs. F. S. Chanfrau.
Trotter, a maid..........Mrs. Dunn.
Time—The present. Scene—London.
After which the uproarious Farce of
TURNING THE TABLES,
In which
MR. J. S. CLARKE
will appear as
JACK HUMPHRIES.

DE CORDOVA'S LAST ENTERTAINMENT OF THE SEASON.

Miss SARA STEVENS.
The accomplished and popular Comedienne.
Miss PEARSON,
The eminent American Pianist.
Mr. MILLARD,
The great American Composer and Singer.

The above-named distinguished artists having kindly offered their services to give eclat to the last recitation of
THE PRINCE'S VISIT,
At Hope Chapel, Broadway,
WEDNESDAY, April 3.

Mr. DE CORDOVA will recite, for the 50th and last time prior to the poem's being taken to London, his humerous description of
THE PRINCE'S VISIT.

Miss SARA STEVENS will recite Longfellow's
BUILDING OF THE SHIP.

Miss PEARSON will perform on the piano the brilliant fantasia,
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Mr. MILLARD will sing his two greatest songs,
THE FLAG OF THE FREE,
and
VIVA L'AMERICA.

And Mr. DE CORDOVA will recite Jerrold's melodramatic Monologue,
JENKINS,
Or the exiled Italian Nobleman.

One of Chickering's Grand Pianos will be used.

The tickets will be numbered, and none will be sold beyond the comfortable capacity of the hall. To be had at the principal music stores.

Admission 50 cents.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
The Home of Minstrelsy.
GRAND REOPENING.
MONDAY EVENING, April 1,
and every evening during the week.
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS,
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS,
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS,
THE STARS OF THE PROFESSION.
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS,
Acknowledged by
THE PRESS AND THE PUBLIC
To be the best Minstrel organization in the World.
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS,
ALL STARS.
Read the list of Artists:
BILLY BIRCH, CHARLEY FOX,
D. S. WAMBOLD, AUGUST ASCHE,
J. A. HERMAN, N. OEHL,
GUSTAVE BIDEAUX, W. BRUNS,
H. WILKS, A. BREITKOPF,
J. EASTMEAD, C. BLASS,
A. LEHMAN, Master ALBERTINI, and
J. W. ANDREWS, COOL WHITE,
will appear every evening in the choicest
GEMS OF MINSTRELSY.
REMEMBER THE OPENING NIGHT.
MONDAY, April 1.
The Place,
NIBLO'S SALOON,
The Attraction,
LLOYD'S MINSTRELS.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8. Admission, 25 cents.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
JAMES M. NIXON..........Lessee and Manager.
EASTER MONDAY.
29th WEEK—85th NIGHT
of the engagement of
Mr. EDWIN FORREST.
On MONDAY EVENING, April 1,
will be given, Sheridan Knowles' popular tragedy of
VIRGINIUS;
OR, THE ROMAN FATHER.
VIRGINIUS..........Mr. EDWIN FORREST
Supported by a powerful cast.
Also, on MONDAY, April 1,
A GRAND
EQUESTRIAN MATINEE,
commencing at 2½ o'clock,
In which the entire Troupe of
NIXON'S ROYAL CIRCUS,
with the RONZANI BALLET TROUPE, will appear.

MR. FORREST'S NIGHTS:
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
CIRCUS NIGHTS:
TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY.
MATINEES by the Equestrian Troupe:
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, SATURDAY, 2½ o'clock.
EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS, in future, will commence at 8 o'clock, and finish at 10½.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
MR. E. G. WILKINS' NEW PLAY,
THE
BEST COMEDY
PRODUCED IN MANY YEARS.
PLAY, SCENERY, ACTING,
Pronounced by
PRESS AND PUBLIC
PERFECT,
HENRIETTE
Will be performed
EVERY EVENING.
The following artists will appear:
Mr. LESTER WALLACK, Mrs. HOEY,
Mr BLAKE, Miss MARY GANNON,
Mr. YOUNG, Miss FANNY MORANT,
Mr. NORTON, Mrs. SLOAN,
Mr FLOYD, Mrs. VERNON,
Mr. PARKS, Mrs. WALCOT,
Mr. COBURN, Miss TREE,
Mr. OLIVER, Mrs. REEVES,
Mr. PARSLOE,
To conclude with
POPPING THE QUESTION.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8 o'clock.

MR. WALLACK

Has vast pleasure in being able to announce the very complete and
ENTIRE SUCCESS
of the
NEW COMEDY
Called
HENRIETTE.

To prevent confusion at the Box-office during the present excitement about the
NEW PLAY,
and to give the patrons of the Theatre and the public at large every facility, the
BOX-BOOK
will be open
TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
On MONDAY EVENING, April 1, 1861,
The performance will commence with
FIFTEEN YEARS OF A BOATMAN'S LIFE;
OR, DAY AND NIGHT SCENES ON THE HUDSON RIVER.
After which,
THE SCHOOLMASTER.
Concluding with THE MERRY MONARCH.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—585 BROADWAY.
MARDI, 2 Avril, 1861.
Première Representation
AU PARC CENTRAL.
Folie Revue New-Yorkaise en trois actes melée de chants.

BRUNO WOLLENHAUPT'S

First Grand Concert will take place, at Irving Hall, on SATURDAY EVENING, April 6. Tickets $1, to be had at the principal music stores. For further particulars see future advertisements.

"MY OLD PORTFOLIO!!"

MR. CHARLES R. MATURIN WILL give the third of a series of Recitations (which are entirely from memory and without the use of book) on TUESDAY EVENING, April 2, 1861, at Clinton Hall. Entertainment to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

Mr. W. G. Dix will deliver his closing lecture at Clinton Hall
MONDAY EVENING, April 1.
SUBJECT: *Incidents of a journey across the Andes, and Chimborazo. South American Indians.*
Tickets 25 cents. To commence at 8 o'clock.

AGRICULTURAL.

BUCKEYE PREMIUM MOWER FOR 1861, THE ONLY MACHINE WHICH COMBINES ALL THE REQUISITES OF A PERFECT MOWER.

Farmers wishing to avoid disappointment must give their orders early in the season. Circulars, with full description and testimonials, furnished on application, or forwarded by mail. JOHN P. ADRIANCE, manufacturer and proprietor. Sole warehouse in New-York, No. 165 Greenwich st., near Cortlandt.

PERUVIAN GUANO.—GOVERNMENT BRAND and weight.
ICHABOE GUANO.
SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.
BONE DUST.
For sale by A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff st.

PLOWS, HARROWS, HAY CUTTERS, Wheelbarrows, Fanning Mills, Horse Hoes, Corn Shellers, Seed Sowers, for sale by A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

FOR SALE—COUNTERS, SHELVING, DESKS, and upright show-case. Apply at No. 71 Warren-st., up stairs.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

EASTER HOLIDAY WEEK!
EXTRAORDINARY AND UNEQUALED ATTRACTIONS.

THE GREATEST COMBINATION of CURIOSITIES ever seen at one establishment, embracing everything that is instructive pleasing and amusing.

A PERFECT MEDLEY OF LIVING WONDERS, such as the world never saw before, and such as cannot be seen outside of Barnum's Museum for
TEN TIMES THE PRICE OF ADMISSION
to this Establishment. Look at this list:
THE SWISS BEARDED LADY,
a beautiful and accomplished lady, yet having
HEAVY BEARD AND WHISKERS!
a most singular and wonderful freak of Nature.
Miss REED, the beautiful and accomplished
LILIPUTIAN QUEEN,
with all the grace and elegance of a lady, yet no larger than
A CHILD OF TWO OR THREE YEARS,
only 32 inches high, though 22 years old, a fit
WIFE FOR GEN. TOM THUMB.
OLD GRIZZLY ADAMS'
PERFORMING AND DANCING BEARS,
the most laughable and ludicrous exhibition in the World, and one which has never been seen elsewhere. One is exhibited as a *Spinster in Search of a Husband;* also as a *Matron fondling and caressing her Baby;* another as "An Old Soldier who prefers Surrendering to Fighting;" another as an "Old Toper on a Bender;" another as a Patriot, who prefers
DEATH TO THE DISSOLUTION OF THE UNION!
and a variety of other feats, which
BEARS NEVER PERFORMED BEFORE!
There are GRIZZLY BEARS, CINNAMON BEARS, HYENA BEARS, DANCING BEARS, SINGING BEARS, and the GREAT MAMMOTH BEAR, SAMSON.
THE GREAT LIVING BLACK SEA-LION.
ALBINO FAMILY—Husband, Wife and Child—from Madagascar, with WHITE SKIN and HAIR, and PINK EYES.
THE TWO LIVING AZTEC CHILDREN,
the most unique and strange of all human beings, though fully matured, are only 40 inches high, and
THEIR HEADS SMALLER THAN ANY INFANT'S.
THE CURIOUS AND AMUSING WHAT IS IT?
DEN OF LIVING MONSTER SNAKES.
WONDERFUL LIVING HAPPY FAMILY.
AQUARIAL GARDEN, containing LIVING FISH, &c.
LIVING SEAL, WAX FIGURES, and 850,000 curiosities.
In the Lecture-room, the powerful Moral Drama,
RUTH OAKLEY,
will be performed every Evening, and Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons, and
THE PATRIOTIC AMERICAN DRAMA,
HORSE-SHOE ROBINSON,
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday Afternoons.
Miss DAWRON, DOUBLE-VOICED VOCALIST.

Who ever heard of such a variety of Curiosities at one Establishment? And all, too, of the very highest order!

A complete ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN, HUMAN MENAGERIE and MUSEUM COMBINED, and all to be seen for one single admission, and that just half that of other Establishments, where not one quarter as much is to be seen and enjoyed.

Admission 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-EIGHT NIGHTS.
ONE HUNDRED and NINETY-EIGHT THOUSAND
People have seen the
GREAT THREE-ACT BURLETTA,
The
SEVEN SISTERS,
Which will be repeated
MONDAY,
AND EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK,
With
MISS LAURA KEENE, MLLE. HELENE,
And
All the Company in the Cast,
and all
THE BEAUTIFUL UNION TABLEAUX,
As exhibited in
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN,
Concluding with the great scene,
THE BIRTH OF THE BUTTERFLY
In the
BOWER OF FERNS.
Seats may be secured ten days in advance, without extra charge.
Doors open at 7, commences at 7¾ o'clock.
The performances terminate at 10 o'clock.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-sixth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy of Design, consisting of Original Works by Living Artists, never before exhibited, is NOW OPEN for the Season, at the Galleries in 10th-st., near Broadway. Season Tickets, 50c. Single admission, 25c.
T. ADDISON RICHARDS, Cor. Sec. N. A.

INSURANCE.

METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NO. 108 BROADWAY.
CASH CAPITAL..........$300,000
THREE-FOURTHS OF THE PROFITS DIVIDED TO POLICY HOLDERS.

☞ THIS COMPANY WILL HEREAFTER PAY TO its dealers 75 PER CENT. of the profits, or, when preferred make a liberal discount from standard rates.

No Liability is Incurred by the Assured.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.
JOSEPH B. VARNUM, BOWES R. McILVAINE,
LEONARD APPLEBY, GILBERT L. BEECKMAN,
FRED'CK H. WOLCOTT, EDWARD MACOMBER,
WILLIAM K. STRONG, CHAS. P. KIRKLAND,
JOHN C. HENDERSON, DUDLEY B. FULLER,
DANIEL PARISH, WATSON E. CASE,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER, LORRAIN FREEMAN,
MARTIN BATES, JR., JAMES O. SHELDON,
PASCHAL W. TURNEY, JOSEPH B. VARNUM, JR.,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO, J. L. GRAHAM, JR.,
HENRY V. BUTLER, GEORGE W. HATCH,
SAMUEL D. BRADFORD, JR.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, Secretary.
ROB'T C. RATHBONE, Ass't Secretary.
ITHAMAR CONKEY, Surveyor.

THE INSURED PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS,
WITHOUT INCURRING ANY LIABILITY WHATEVER.

CONTINENTAL
INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.

STOCK CAPITAL..........$500,000 00
(all paid in, and securely invested.)
SURPLUS..........525,030 00
LIABILITIES..........29,467 35

INSURES BUILDINGS, MERCHANDISE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RENTS, LEASES, AND OTHER INSURABLE PROPERTY, AGAINST FIRE, AT RATES AS LOW AS IS CONSISTENT WITH SECURITY.

THIS COMPANY DIVIDES THREE-QUARTERS OF ITS PROFITS AMONG ITS CUSTOMERS.

By insuring in this Company, the advantages of a Mutual Insurance Company are obtained, with the additional advantages afforded in the security given by an ample and reliable Cash Capital—a feature not presented by ordinary Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. The dividends to customers already declared are as follows:

First division to Customers, July, 1857.....33⅓ per cent.
Second division to Customers, July, 1858..50 per cent.
Third division to Customers, July, 1859....50 per cent.
Fourth division to Customers, July, 1860...45 per cent.

Parties whose change of residence or of business location at this season of the year requires them to obtain new Insurance, are particularly requested to examine our system of Insurance.

GEORGE T. HOPE, President.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.
CYRUS PECK, Ass't Sec'y.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY and Troy, connecting with trains North and West. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-STREET.	FROM THIRTY-FIRST-STREET.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:25 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:30 A. M., and 3:56 and 5:25 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping cars,) 9:45 P. M.	10:15 P. M., (Sunday included.)
Poughkeepsie train, 7:30 A. M., 12 M. and 4 P. M.	8 A. M., 12:30 and 4:25 P. M.
Peekskill train, 5:30 P. M.	5:55 P. M.
Sing Sing train, 3:35 and 4:30 P. M.	4 and 4:55 P. M.
Tarrytown train, 6:40 P. M.	7:10 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD—For Albany and Troy, connecting with the New-York Central Railroad for all points West, Northwest and Southwest; also, with the Northern Railroad for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington, Plattsburgh, Rouse's Point, Ogdensburgh and Montreal.

FROM TRYON-ROW, NEAR CITY HALL.	FROM TWENTY-SIXTH-STREET STATION.
Ex. 7 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.	7:20 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Express Mail..........10 A. M.	10:25 A. M.

For Williams' Bridge, White Plains, Croton Falls and all local trains, see Time-table. 7 A. M. Express Train leaves Albany every Sunday morning.
JOHN BURCHILL, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Dunkirk Express at 7 A. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, and Canandaigua and principal stations. Mail at 8:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. This train remains over night at Elmira. Way, at 3:30 P. M., for Middletown, Newburgh, and intermediate stations. Night Express daily, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua and principal stations. The train of Saturday stops at all Mail-train stations, and runs only to Elmira.
CHARLES MINOT,
General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—For Long Branch, Shrewsbury, Red Bank, &c. On and after Sept. 18, cars will leave Long Branch daily, at 7¾ A. M., connecting with steamboat TAMINEND, for New-York. Returning, the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st., at 3 P. M., connecting with cars for the above places.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—LEAVE SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, 10 A. M., for Greenport; 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. for North Islip and Yaphank; 10 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. for Syosset; 10 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. for Hempstead. All trains stop at Jamaica.
A. H. PALMER, Ass't Sup't.

POLITICAL.

13TH WARD, BROOKLYN, MARCH 30, 1861.—The undersigned, having been appointed by the Republican General Committee of Kings County to call on Ald. DEMAS STRONG and Mr. CHARLES M. BRIGGS to ascertain which of those gentlemen is the Regular Republican Nominee for Alderman of the 13th Ward, report that they have done so, and find that Mr. C. M. Briggs does not claim to be anything but an independent candidate.

Your Committee wished Mr. Briggs to withdraw. Mr. Briggs declined, unless Mr. Strong would do the same, which the Regular Republican Committee of the ward concluded was improper and impossible, and your Committee think it a very just conclusion; and we, the Subcommittee from the General Committee of Kings County, do, therefore, most heartily recommend all sound Republicans to give Mr Demas Strong their unanimous support for Alderman of the 13th Ward, as the regularly nominated candidate.
WM. H. HAZZARD,
ISAAC ALLEN,
AARON STORER.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

INTERESTING NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The Gulf Forts to be Held at all Hazards.

The Southern Commissioners Still Inactive.

ABOUT THE APPOINTMENTS.

Scene Between the President and the California Delegation.

The Charlestonians Impatient Relative to Fort Sumpter.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

OUR WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 31, 1861.

Quite a scene transpired at the President's house yesterday. On Friday Senator BAKER, of Oregon, presented to the President ten or eleven men as representative Californians, who, after he retired, recommended Senator BAKER to the Executive as a proper arbiter of the California appointments. The President then invited "all" Californians to call on him yesterday morning.

On Friday night some thirty Californians had an impromptu meeting, at which they appointed a Committee of Five of their number, as proper persons to give any information desired by the President as to the qualifications of candidates. They also adopted an earnest protest to the President against Senator BAKER's interference; first, because he was not a Californian; second, because, as they alleged, some of his recommendations were injudicious, improper, and unsatisfactory to California public sentiment. This protest was signed by forty out of the about sixty Californians now here. J. W. SIMONTON, of the San Francisco *Bulletin*, was deputized to present this protest, with necessary remarks.

Nearly sixty Californians met at the President's accordingly, yesterday morning, when JOSEPH A. NUNES, of San Francisco, briefly addressed the President, giving him the names of the Committee of Reference agreed upon, and calling attention to the fact that the paper was signed numerously by the Republicans, who had held high positions in the history of the party in California.

Mr. SIMONTON then presented the protest, with some remarks, in which he enforced it with evidence to show that Senator BAKER could not be trusted to speak for California. In support of this he charged the Senator with having presented to the President, as a most substantial and respectable man, a person whose antecedents and reputation Mr. SIMONTON denounced severely. He further alluded to Senator BAKER's nomination of his own son-in-law for Superintendent of the Mint—a man always known as an active working Democrat, whose appointment could only be sustained on purely selfish grounds and at the expense of the cause.

As this is a California fight, it is unnecessary to give all the particulars of the remarks. Suffice it to say, that both the parties assailed by Mr. SIMONTON were present, and it is believed they were there in the expectation of intimidating him. He did not flinch from fulfilling the duty assigned him, however. It was deemed imperative that the President should be informed of important facts, under such circumstances, that he could not be deceived by the suggestion that the opponents of Senator BAKER's policy were making secret war which they dared not face in open day. The statement was made, and the responsibility is fairly with the Executive.

Of course the President was compelled to resent the indignity offered to a Senator, publicly in his presence. That was expected. The President asked for Mr. SIMONTON's private memorandum from which he spoke, that he might burn it. The protest and memorial Mr. LINCOLN filed with his papers.

Mr. SIMONTON responded that he had been accustomed to accept responsibilities, had performed his duty in doing so now, and was content to abide the result.

Senator BAKER inquired if there was no one to speak for the other side, and called upon Mr. STAPLES, of California, to vindicate him by exposing the motives of the protestants; but the President declined to have any discussion. The breeze speedily blew over, and the President invited the Committee appointed by the protestants to call at 3 P. M.

Mr. SIMONTON's friends state that he was from the beginning conscious that the President must resent his bold assault upon Senatorial character, but he was not responsible for Senator BAKER's presence at the meeting of Californians where he knew he was to be assailed. He felt, however, that the case required bold surgery, and was confident that his public exposition must startle the Executive into a conviction of the danger he was in of being betrayed into appointments of bad men, if not exceedingly careful. To accomplish this, he was content to accept the rebuke of what might seem an indiscretion, knowing that the record he made is one upon which he can stand at home, and which the mass of honest men in California of all parties will sustain.

As one of the Committee, Mr. SIMONTON returned to the White House at 3 o'clock, but he declined to participate in the interview, unless invited by the President, as he had no candidates to propose, but only desired to oppose incompetent and disreputable men. The President subsequently invited him in, and the interview was dignified and consistent on the part of the President, and gratifying to all.

Of course the affair creates much talk, and understanding it has already got into the New-York Press, it is proper that the TIMES should have a fair statement of the facts. It is told by various parties, with many unfounded embellishments, but the foregoing is an accurate statement. It is anticipated that the California appointments will be acted upon within a day or two.

THE FORTS IN THE GULF TO BE HELD.

It seems to be pretty well understood that the forts in the Gulf are to be held at all hazards, including the Tortugas and Fort Pickens, the two which are the most important. The orders have not been issued, and will not be executed until certain war vessels, which are soon expected, arrive. A number of them have been ordered home, and should have arrived before this. That the Tortugas and Fort Pickens will be held there is no doubt. What course will be pursued with the others is not settled and is doubtful.

The Cabinet meets to-morrow, and will probably settle the matter of Fort Sumpter.

The Southern Commissioners have consulted and decided to await quietly for a little time the course of the Administration.

THE APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. CLEMENS, of Missouri, is appointed Secretary of Nevada. He is a strong Union man, and a gentleman of ability.

Senator WILSON goes to Massachusetts to-morrow, and will be present at the Massachusetts Delegation, which meets in Boston on Wednesday. Boston will demand the remaining three most important appointments as her share of the spoils.

There is a great struggle over the appointment of Postmaster at Montpelier, Vt., which bids fair to be a delightful contest before it is ended.

It is understood that a Commissioner of Public Buildings is to be appointed this week, and that Dr. BLAKE and his son, both of whom occupy important offices, will be removed at once. The son expresses the rankest secession sentiments, and should be decapitated at once.

It is decided that neither Messrs. FOGG, Minister to Switzerland, nor PIKE, Minister-Resident to the Hague, can have Secretaries. They are entitled to them by law, but there have never been any appointed, and the Administration has no right to appoint to fill vacancies existing previous to the adjournment of the Senate.

It is understood that soon after the California appointments are disposed of, the Southern States appointments will be taken up, the first of which will be those at Baltimore. Mr. CORCORAN, a respectable merchant and strong Republican, seems likely to be appointed Collector. Col. WHITELEY is strongly backed for Naval Officer.

A New-York Member of Congress was assured tonight that, until things were settled, nothing will be done with the New-York appointments.

A large number of people left Washington to-day, among them Senators CHANDLER, of Michigan, and LANE, of Indiana, who have gone home for the Summer.

DISPATCH TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 31.

It is understood that the further consideration of Diplomatic and Consular appointments is to be deferred to give time for the consideration of other matters by the President.

It is said that no uneasiness is felt by the Confederate States Commissioners, either in regard to the evacuation of Fort Sumpter or the reinforcement of Fort Pickens, and that they are satisfied on both points.

While there is a great rush for office in the Interior as well as the other Departments, it is a noticeable fact that by the first of July the force will be reduced in the Pension and Census Bureaus to the extent of eighty or one hundred clerks, as the legal necessity for their further employment will cease to exist. Removals and appointments of clerks, however, in the other branches of the public service, continue, including four on Saturday in the Adjutant General's office.

A strong impression prevails here that the Secretary of the Treasury will not accept bids for the proposed loan unless within a small fraction of the fair market rates.

The *Powhatan*, now at New-York, and recently from Vera Cruz, has, by order of the Secretary of the Navy, been put out of commission, her officers detached, and her crew transferred to the receiving-ship. The vessel will require extensive repairs before she can be sent to sea again.

The court-martial for the trial of Commodore ARMSTRONG is progressing very slowly. They have been waiting for several days for Lieut. GILMAN, stationed at Fort Pickens. He is a very essential witness, as the Government will be able to show by him that Commodore ARMSTRONG failed to coöperate with the Army for the protection of the Government property.

Mrs. LINCOLN gave a reception yesterday afternoon, between the hours of 2 and 4. A large number of the citizens of Washington and strangers now in the city paid their respects. The affair was quite elegant.

Several Postmasters and Collectors in Connecticut were decided upon yesterday. The names of those appointed have not transpired.

RETURN OF THE DANIEL WEBSTER.

ARRIVAL OF UNITED STATES TROOPS—STRENGTHENING OF THE GULF FORTS—TROOPS LEFT IN TEXAS.

The steamship *Daniel Webster*, Capt. MINER, under charter of the Government, arrived at this port on Saturday, from Brazos, St. Jago, March 19, Fort Jefferson 24th, and Fort Taylor 25th, with United States troops. Her passengers are, Mrs. L. O. Morris, child and servant, First Artillery; Major F. J. Porter, Adjutant-General. Medical Department: Surgeon A. N. McLaren; Assistant Surgeon C. Sutherland. Capt. M. B. Johns, Third Infantry, commanding Company C; Capt. H. B. Clitz, Third Infantry, commanding Company E; Lieut. E. R. Platt, Second Artillery, Company M; Lieut. A. N. Shipley, Third Infantry; Lieut. J. McL. Hilot, Third Infantry, Lieut. G. D. Bailey, Second Infantry.

The *Webster* sailed from the mouth of the Rio Grande on the 19th inst., at the same time, with the *General Rush*, having Major W. H. FRENCH, First Artillery, commanding Company K, First Artillery; Lieut. O. L. Morris, First Artillery, commanding Company M; Lieut. S. L. Chalfin, Company K; Lieut. J. W. Robinson, Company L; Lieut. H. W. Closson, commanding Company F; Lieut. W. W. Graham, Company M; Lieut. R. H. Jackson, Company L. Companies L and M, and the officers attached, for Fort Jefferson, Tortugas. Also, Companies F and K, and officers, for Fort Taylor, Key West.

These troops are withdrawn from Texas by order of the War Department, and not at all in consequence of any action of the late Gen. TWIGGS.

There were left at Fort Brown, when the *Webster* sailed, one company Third Artillery, Capt. BOWMAN commanding, and two companies of Independent Cavalry, Capt. STONEMAN commanding.

The posts in the upper part of Texas had been abandoned and the troops were being concentrated on the sea-coast. Col. BACKUS was at Fort Brown, and two companies Third Infantry, under Major SIBLEY, were expected soon.

The Indians followed the march of the troops and committed great havoc among the people, killing some and running off their stock. Major SIBLEY chastised some of the savages. Great fear is felt all along the line of the Rio Grande, and, indeed, the whole frontier, of attacks from Indians.

CORTINAS was understood to be simply waiting the departure of the Federal troops to recommence operations on a larger scale than heretofore, and in which he was checked by the army of last year.

The *General Rusk* arrived at Fort Jefferson on the 23d ult., where she landed the two Companies of Artillery intended for the reinforcing of that post, under command of Captains HILL and DAWSON. She then took her departure, arriving at Key West the following day, 24th, where she landed the Artillery Companies in charge of Captains FRENCH and JONES, the former, being the senior, assuming military command of the garrison. The following is the list of officers now reported as stationed at Fort Taylor:

Capt. E. B. Hunt, Corps of Engineers; Capt. (Brevet Major) Wm. H. French, Capt. J. M. Brannor, Capt. Samuel Jones, Lieut. Alvin, C. Gittern, Lieut. Samuel L. Chalfin, Lieut. C. H. Webber, Lieut. H. W. Closson, Lieut. Douglas Ramsay, Assistant Surgeon Wm. F. Cornich, Lieutenant of Engineers Walter McFarland.

Under the direction of Capt. HUNT, of the Engineers, assisted by a corps of laborers and mechanics, the fort has been placed in complete order for the reception of the entire ordnance, and everything has been supplied to complete their armament. The Barracks are rapidly approaching completion, and Fort Taylor is said to be now on a complete war footing. There is an ample supply of wood, water, coal, provisions, ammunition and ordnance stores for one year. The health of the garrison is good.

The United States transport schooner *Tortugas*, with supplies for Fort Pickens, in charge of Major T. B. TOWER, of the Engineers, and Lieut. GILMAN, had left for her destination, (since reported arrived.) The steamship *Star of the West*, McGOWAN, passed Key West on the 20th, bound for Brazos, and the steamship *Coatzacoalcos* on the 21st, for the same destination. The United States steamer *Crusader*, Lieut. CRAVEN, was at the Naval Dépôt receiving stores for the fleet off Pensacola, which had been reported short of provisions.

The dispatches were brought by the schooner *Tortugas*, above referred to, on the 24th. The *Crusader* was to return to Key West, and remain there, making an occasional trip to Havana to watch the slave-traders.

The army officers by the *Daniel Webster* report that there was general apprehension, among the Texan people, of troubles from the Indians upon the withdrawal of the troops, parties of which had already been reported as having committed extensive depredations upon the people exposed along the border. CORTINAS, the formidable guerilla chief, was also reported to have assembled a very strong force, whose numbers were probably exaggerated, but were said to be three thousand strong, intending to sweep down upon the settlements for purposes of plunder. The Indians had driven off large quantities of horses and cattle. There have been outrages committed within one hundred miles of Brazos.

The Texans were slowly assembling, to occupy the forts evacuated by the Government troops.

LATEST NEWS FROM TEXAS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, March 30.

The latest advices from Texas state that the steamer *Coatzacoalcos* arrived off Matagorda Bay on the 25th inst., to take away the Federal troops. It was reliably stated that the troops would be taken to New-York.

About 3,000 Federal troops were awaiting transportation at Indianola, among them several companies from San Antonio.

THE TEXAS STATE CONVENTION.

GALVESTON, Friday, March 29, Via NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, March 30.

The Texas State Convention ratified the Constitution of the Southern Confederacy with but two dissenting voices.

The Convention adjourned *sine die* on the 25th inst., without referring the question of the adoption of the Constitution to the people.

INDIAN MURDERS IN TEXAS.

We find the following communication in the Brownsville *Sentinel* of the 20th ult.:

ROMA, March 14, 1861.

So far as heard from, fifteen Mexicans and one American have been killed by the Indians, besides several Mexican boys and women captured. Several parties are in pursuit, and we are beginning to receive good reports from them. A wounded man came to Mier yesterday, and reported that JESUS GARCIA RAMIREZ and a party from Laredo, under command of Benavides, numbering in all about sixty men, attacked a party of Indians while they were resting at a place called the Salsoo, and killed four of them, taking two Mexican captive boys, and all the horses, with the exception of a few on which the Indians escaped. There was supposed to be about twenty eight Indians and two squaws. In the fight one Mexican was killed and three wounded. The Indians killed were differently dressed from any they had heretofore seen; one had very large earrings in his ears, besides a great many small ones, completely lining his ears all round. They can form no idea as to what tribe of savages they belong, as their dress and size are different from any that has heretofore been seen.

I understand that Mr. GEORGE SPENCER and several others are also following them; so we may expect a good report from them.

If detachments of troops are not placed at different points above here, the whole of the ranchos will be depopulated in a short time, and the country from here to the Nueces River left a desert. A great many are now coming with their stock to the river, and some passing to the Mexican side.

THE VIRGINIA STATE CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Va., Saturday, March 30.

The Virginia State Convention reassembled today.

Mr. FLOURNOY made a speech in favor of presenting the *ultimatum* of Virginia. He was opposed to a Border State Conference.

Messrs. JAMES and BARBOUR made speeches in favor of secession.

Mr. GOGGIN urged the plan of "withdrawing and reconstructing" set forth in his report.

The Convention, by a vote of 64 to 38, adopted a resolution to terminate the debate in the Committee of the Whole on Thursday next, when the Committee will proceed to vote on the various propositions that have been presented, giving brief time for explanations and amendments. Hereafter no member, in Committee, will be allowed to speak more than once on the same proposition.

Adjourned till Monday.

RICHMOND, Saturday, March 30.

In the Convention yesterday, Mr. WISE offered a series of amendments as a substitute to the majority report, which were referred and ordered to be printed, but were not read. It is believed that they embrace the propositions of his minority report.

Some entertain the opinion that the Convention will adjourn in about two weeks from this time.

The agricultural portion of the Convention are getting anxious to return home.

The House was in session all night considering the joint resolutions relative to the movement of troops and arms within the Commonwealth, growing out of the proposed transfer of guns from the Bellona Foundry.

Various amendments were proposed and rejected amid an exciting debate.

The Senate's amendments were finally passed, modified by authorizing the Governor to call out the public guard to arrest the contemplated removal, and directing him to employ the needful force to resist any attempt to remove the same beyond the reach and control of the State Government.

A *rencontre* occurred, yesterday, at the Ballard House. HUGH L. GALLAGHER, the contractor at the Rip-Raps, fired at JOSEPH SEGER, member of the Legislature. The ball passed through his coat, and SEGAR was unharmed. GALLAGHER, to-day, accidentally shot himself, and is expected to die.

SECESSION FEELING IN VIRGINIA.

NORFOLK, Sunday, March 31.

A petition has been numerously signed instructing Mr. BLOW, a delegate in the Convention from this city, to vote for immediate secession.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting, held at Washington Point, resolutions were adopted instructing the delegates from Norfolk County to vote for immediate secession. The meeting also appointed delegates to a Convention to be held on the 19th of April at Suffolk to nominate a secession candidate for Congress, in case Virginia should remain in the Union.

INTERESTING FROM CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, March 30.

The members of the Convention visited the fortifications in the harbor to-day, in the steamers *Carolina* and *General Clinch*. The batteries played with great effect.

Gov. PICKENS was not in the company, being engaged in more important official business.

Great anxiety is felt as to the Administration's course about Fort Sumpter. If nothing is done soon the Fort will be attacked and captured. The sentiment of the people is entirely in favor of action. The Governor's communication has not yet been acted on. Col. LYMON's return is hourly expected.

THE MISSISSIPPI STATE CONVENTION.

JACKSON, Miss., Saturday, March 30.

The State Convention ratified the Constitution of the Confederate States by a vote of 78 to 7.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar....THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.—Unchanged.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. (demurrers) 15, 30, 32, 33, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—No calendar.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 867, 801, 1637, 1643, 1645, 1647, 1649, 1653, 1657, 1756, 1663, 1665, 1667, 1671, 1673. *Part II.*—Nos. 1026, 1126, 1128, 1132, 1134, 1136, 1142, 1144, 1148, 1150, 1152, 1154, 1156.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I.*—Nos. 542, 298, 724, 780, 148, 366, 540, 497, 722, 800, 801, 802, 805, 806, 807. *Part II.*—Nos. 457, 437, 2900, 499, 695, 748, 761, 763, 239, 473, 532, 557, 140, 786, 393.

Motion to Amend Answer after Judgment.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice White.

Horace Holden, Executor, &c. vs. *E. B. Sackett et al.*—This was a motion after judgment in foreclosure, for leave to the defendants to amend their answer so as to expressly deny a material fact now admitted therein by mistake, and on account of which defendants claim that judgment was wrongfully taken against them. The motion is equivalent to a motion for a new trial. Decision reserved.

H. Holden, H. R. Cowles and M. S. Bidwell for plaintiff; J. H. Stewart, Chas. Graham and J. W. Edmonds for defendants.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

SUTHERLAND, J.—*Herrick* vs. *Graydon et al.*—Motion denied with $10 costs, to abide the event of the action.

Griet et al. vs. *Wood.*—Motion denied with costs.

Cotton vs. *Cotton.*—Report confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted.

Application of James P. Swain for payment, &c.—Referred to H. P. Hunt, Esq.

Application of Jno. Purdy, general guardian, &c.—Report confirmed and order granted.

Hoffman vs. *Dewey.*—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

Leonard J. Ray vs. *Ray et al.*—Case settled.

Braier vs. *Hansen.*—The share of Oliver Rose, deceased, goes to his father for life; reversion to his brother John.

Supreme Court—Special Term.

Before Judge Barnard.

Willoughby vs. *Clark et al.*—Motion for a new trial denied, with $10 costs.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Recorder HOFFMAN, to-day, will be taken up the following

CALENDAR:

For Felonious Assault—Hugh Ward.

For Assault and Battery—John B. Ireland, Francis Murnett.

For Forgery—Charles Pell, *alias* Charles Thompson, Joseph Jacobs, John McCleary.

For Burglary—John Gillan, Thomas McLaughlin, John Brown.

For Larceny—John Henry, Philip Corvan, Henry Meyers, William Eadin, Catherine Battiesby, James Turner.

Jersey City.

SUPPRESSION OF STREET LOAFING.—Aid J. L. AYRES, assisted by four officers of the force, on Sunday afternoon, arrested James Rickman, Wm. McGinley, Wm. Willis, Charles Jobbs, Peter Waggner and James Maul, who belong to the thieving, penny-pitching, corner-loafing fraternity. These youngsters have infested the corners along Grove-street for a long time, insulting females, and showering obscene and scurrilous remarks on all passers by. They have been remarkably alert when an officer made his appearance, but by a little strategy on the part of the Aid, they found themselves in a municipal trap, and were escorted to the City Prison. Recorder TILDEN will deal with them this morning, and if the result shall be the breaking up of the heretofore disgraceful gatherings on the corners on Sunday, the officers will deserve the cordial thanks of the community.

THE LOST CHILD RETURNED.—On Saturday, Mrs. WRIGHT, who, with her husband, had been arrested on a charge of kidnapping, was released on bail, to allow her to go to Mauschunk for the child, but the child, SARAH HAGGERTY, arrived in Jersey City in the afternoon. She was well dressed, and had been kindly treated and sent to school. The girl will be placed in charge of the city authorities, because her parents are considered unfit to have the care of her.

FIRE.—The coal-oil factory of LYDDON & YERRI, corner of Greene and South-seventh-sts., took fire from an overflowing vat, on Saturday afternoon, causing an alarm and a brisk fire for a short time. The prompt action of the Fire Department saved the building. A building used for the same purpose on that site was burned down in January, and the present one came near a similar fate. No insurance, damage about $100.

BOLD THIEVING.—On Friday evening Mr. HULL, who keeps a photographic gallery at No. 18 Exchange-place, left the gallery to go to tea. During his short absence some thief entered the rooms and stole $60 worth of wearing apparel, and got safely off with his plunder. The Officers can get no trace of the clothing nor the thief.

THE ERIE RAILROAD.—Trains will commence running from the new dépôt at Long Dock, to-day. The company have several new ferry-boats in course of construction for the transportation of passengers and freight to and from the City.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

BROOKLYN CHARTER ELECTION.—The Brooklyn Charter Election will come off to-morrow. The following is a list of candidates:

MAYOR.

Rep.	Dem.
Frederick Scholes.	Martin Kalbfleisch.

ALDERMEN.

Ward.	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.
1	Ed. E. Bowen,	A. M. Wood.	
3	J. P. Wallace,	John B. Strattan,	
5	G. M. W'dward,	James Lynch,	P. H. Grogan,
7	R. R. Belknap,	T. T. Hudson,	H. O'Rorke.
9	J. Anderson,	Richard Ternan,	
11	C. H. Kimball,	J. H. Cornwell,	Chas. J. Lowrie.
13	Dem's Strong,	Richard Trussell,	C. M. Briggs,
15	S. Taylor	Thos. Cummings,	
17	T. Perry,	W. M. Meserole,	
19	Geo H. Fisher,	T. D. Dumont,	John O'Shea,

SUPERVISORS.

	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.
1	Robert Ford,	L. Hanley,	
2	S. H. Roberts,	Jas. A. Duffy,	
3	J. J. Studwell,	B. Andersen,	
4	S. Booth,	I. Badeau,	
5	Geo. Edwards,	P. Carberry,	
6	J B. Brinsmade,	W. A. Furey,	P. H. Smith.
7	J. H. Pratt,	S. C. Jackson,	
8	G. G. Bergen,	T. V. P. Talmage,	
9	Ja's. Lefferts.	Thos. F. Green	
10	W. H. Hazzard,	Chas. P. Fish,	
11	Francis Kirby,	Felix Campbell,	John J. Hart.
12	Chas. Parker,	G. A. Newsam,	P. Fitzgerald.
13	Jas. H. Adams,	R. Van Vaskenburgh,	
14	J'n Thompson,	Harris Comstock,	Martin Murray.
15	C. C. Talbot,	T. Williamson.	
16	Robt Milnes,	Jas. Campbell,	
17	J. Moore,	P. C. Provost,	
18	Wm. Tuttle,	D. Whiteford,	
19	Jas. Gridley,	Hiram Benner.	

ASSESSORS.

	Rep.	Dem.	Ind.
2	G. Whittington,	F. B. Kelly,	
4	S. A. Mann,	C. W. Riley,	
6	W. C. Heaton,	M. Breen,	Jas. J. Johnson,
8	Robt. C. Bell,	T. Ryan.	
10	Geo White,	T. Conway,	
12	W. H. Dawson,	M. Collins,	M. Kelehert
14	S. C. Phillips,	B. McCarron,	P. Millet,
16	H. Distler,	C. Eiseman:	
18	Jacob Bennett,	Thos. T. Griffin.	

MORTALITY.—There were 123 deaths in this city last week, classified as follows: Men, 23; women, 21; boys, 45; girls, 34. Adults, 44; children, 79; males, 68; females, 55. *Diseases:* Bright's disease of kidneys, asphyxia, bleeding, cirrhosis of liver, compression of the brain, cyanosis, debility (adult), enlargement of the heart, gastric fever, puerperal fever, typhus fever, hooping cough, inflammation of heart, inflammation of stomach, inflammation of throat, disease of liver, measles, old age, palsy, premature birth, spine, suffocation, teething, tumor, unknown—1 each; bronchitis, burned, dropsy in the heart, congestive fever, small pox, varioloid—2 each; debility (infantile), inflammation of the brain—3 each; croup, dropsy, typhoid fever, inflammation of the bowels—4 each; congestion of the brain, congestion of the lungs—5 each; inflammation of the lungs, marasmus (infantile)—6 each; diptheria, dropsy in the head—7 each; convulsions (infantile—8; consumption—9; scarlet fever—10. 93 were natives of the United States. 67 were 5 years old or under. The deaths occurred in the several Wards, as follows: 1st Ward, 2; 2d Ward, 2; 3d Ward, 1; 4th Ward, 12; 5th Ward, 16; 6th Ward, 19; 7th Ward, 5; 8th Ward, 4; 9th Ward, 11; 10th Ward, 6; 11th Ward, 12; 12th Ward, 5; 13th, Ward, 2; 14th Ward, 5; 15th Ward, 2; 16th Ward, 11; 17th Ward, 5; 18th Ward, 2; 19th Ward, 1.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Miss BENNETT, residing at the corner of Hicks and Fulton streets, retired to her room on Saturday night in the enjoyment of her usual health. She did not make her appearance at the breakfast-table yesterday morning, and after repeated efforts had been made to arouse her, without avail, the door was forced open, when she was found on the floor in her night-clothes, and quite dead. An examination of the body revealed the fact that her neck was broken, and it is supposed to have been done by falling from the bed while asleep.

FOUND DROWNED.—The body of a man named ABRAHAM NEIL, was found in a pond of water at the corner of Lee and Flushing avenues, yesterday morning. The deceased was a shoemaker and resided at No. 63 Leonard street, Eastern District, where he leaves a family. He was last seen alive last Saturday evening, and, as he was then intoxicated, it is supposed that he accidentally fell into the place where found and was unable to extricate himself.

MASS RATIFICATION MEETING.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held at the Odeon, in the Eastern District, on Saturday evening, to ratify the nomination of FREDERICK SCHOLES, the Republican candidate for Mayor. Speeches were made by OLIVER T. BEARD, R. H. HUNTLEY, W. H. BURLEIGH and DEMAS STRONG—the regular Republican candidate for Alderman in the Thirteenth Ward. The reception of the latter gentleman was particularly cordial.

A SIGN OF THE TIMES.—Some of our lugubrious cotemporaries who imagine a gloomy future, and then proceed to groan over it, would do well to take an unprejudiced observation of Broadway some early (sunshiny) day, and see what wonders the irrepressible energies of our first-class business men are working in that tumultuous thoroughfare. As a significant indication of an anticipated "good time coming," we note the opening of DEVLIN, HUDSON & Co.'s new and capacious business building, Nos. 459 and 461 Broadway. This great clothing firm, it is understood, experience the "pressure of the times" to such a degree, that they can no longer meet the demand for their fabrics with the facilities, extensive as they are, of their down-town establishment. Hence they have been compelled to build and stock another of equal capacity, at the southwest corner of Broadway and Grand-street, which is to be thrown open on Monday, and with such an exposition of fashionable clothing as New-York, it is said, has seldom before been invited to examine. As the world, despite the Scripture injunction, *will* "take thought" for what it shall "put on," we presume that a crowd of connoissures in dress will "assist" at the opening. Having, however, by virtue of that priority conceded to the Press, enjoyed a peep in advance of our readers, we will give them a few hints as to the style of building which a leading firm deems it profitable to erect, stock and open, in despite of the "stringency of the times."

The structure is of Caen stone, five stories in height, and in the style of its exterior rather elegant than massive. Our impression of the interior is, that it will strike the public as a most attractive place of business in Broadway. The tall and graceful Corinthian columns which beautify the lofty salesroom on the first floor, the prevailing colors of the decorations, white and French gray, relieved (not rendered glaring) by delicate gilding, and the splendid gas-fixtures suspended from the ceiling, and arranged along the pilastered and paneled walls, as seen by the tinted light admitted through blue window shades—impart to this magnificent room a tasteful elegance in striking contrast with the sombre interiors of many of our first-class business edifices. The first floor contains, in addition to the gentlemen's clothing and furnishing departments, a series of counters, devoted entirely to children's wear. Boys' clothing, we are informed, is to be made a prominent feature of the new establishment.

The second floor, almost a duplicate of the first, is exclusively appropriated to the merchant tailoring business; and the third, fourth and fifth stories, together with a noble basement, to the reception of stock, the wholesale trade, and manufacturing purposes. The area of the building is about 50 feet by 110, and each floor, with the exception of a small space reserved for offices, is a single room.

Few business men understand better than Messrs. DEVLIN, HUDSON & Co. how to suit the taste and temper of the times that *are*, and to cater with success for the wants of the *future*. As the world moves, *they* move—keeping a little ahead. Their whole career has been a success. Their fabrics have obtained prestige everywhere, and they have wisely conformed to the economic idea of the age in their prices. Such houses can expand their business in the face of circumstances.—*Courier and Enquirer.*

[Advertisement.]

Young artists, in order to ascertain scientifically to what particular branch of art they are by Nature best adapted, should consult a competent Phrenologist. By receiving early and reliable advice, much time may be saved—reputation and profit gained. Charts, with full written descriptions of character, given daily by FOWLER AND WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Elegant Spring patterns of English medallion, velvet, Brussels, three-ply, and ingrain carpetings, rugs, mats, matting, oil-cloths, window-shades, etc., at greatly reduced prices, at HIRAM ANDERSON's Salesrooms, No. 99 Bowery.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, March 29.

The holiday produced quietness. COTTON—Sales to-day, 4,500 bales, Middling at 12¾c.@13c. Sales of the week, 52,000 bales; receipts last week, 6,750 bales, against 30,000 bales same time last year; receipts less than last year, 310,500 bales; receipts at all Southern ports less than last year, 749,500 bales. Exports, 44,500 bales; total exports to date, 1,614,000 bales. Stock in port, 218,500 bales. COFFEE at 10½c.@13c.; sales of the week, 11,500 bags; stock in port, 9,000 bags, against 25,500 bags same time last year. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Liverpool, ⅝d.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, March 29.

COTTON—Sales of 450 bales, to-day, at 12½c.@13c. for Middling. Sales of the week, 52,000 bales; receipts of the week, 18,250 bales, against 38,000 in the same week of last year; exports of the week, 44,500 bales. Total exports this season, 1,614,000 bales; decreased receipts at this port, 304,500 bales; do. at all Southern ports, 749,500 bales; stock in port, 218,500 bales. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Liverpool, ⅝d.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, March 30.

FLOUR generally closed with an advancing tendency, and advanced 12½c.: Howard-street, Ohio and City Mills are held at $5 25; no sales. WHEAT advanced 3c @5c.; red, $1 30@$1 35; white, $1 45@$1 65. CORN advanced 2c.; mixed 58c.@60c.; yellow, 59c.@61c. PORK dull; Mess $17, Prime $14. COFFEE active at 12¾c.@13¾c. WHISKY firm, at 17½c.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 30.

FLOUR advanced 12c.; sales Superfine at $5 25. WHEAT—Sales 1,000 bushels, at $1 32@$1 43 for Red, and $1 50 for White. CORN active; sales of new Yellow at 59c.@61c. WHISKY steady at 17½c.@18c.

NEW ORLEANS, Saturday, March 30.

COTTON—Sales to-day, 6,000 bales middling at 12½c @13c. SUGAR firm at 5c.@6c. for fair to fully fair. FLOUR quiet at $5@$5 10 for superfine. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, March 30.

FLOUR very dull at $4 40 for superfine. WHISKY firm at 13¼c. PROVISIONS quiet and unchanged.

MOBILE, Saturday March 30.

COTTON.—Sales of 1,700 bales at 12½c. for Middling. The market is unchanged.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 30.

Stocks dull. Pennsylvania State Fives, 88½; Reading Railroad, 53⅜; Long Island Railroad, 11⅜; Pennsylvania Railroad, 41¼. Sight Exchange on New-York at par@1-10 ℔ cent. discount.

Passengers Sailed.

In Steamship Columbia for Charleston—Miss Johnson, Miss Sarah Wilson, P. Henry, Dr. Carew, Miss Carew, F. G. Fontaine, A. Ward, Jos. Orgill, Chas. Fisher, Miss Fanny Simpson, G. Knoop, E. Van Antwerp, Louis Brown, J. Turpin, Master A. Bristoll, Miss Ella Bristoll and others.

Passengers Arrived.

MARCH 31—*In steamship Africa, from Liverpool.*—Vicount de Nome, lady and servant; Miss Galway, Mrs. Galway, Mr. Cochrane and lady, Mr. Lehse, Mr. Moore, Jas. Scott, W. T. Galway, Mr. Dryface, Capt. T. J. Wood, Mr. C. Gileson, G. Breant, H. F. Budge, Thomas Molyneux, John Harvey, W. J. Blamley, A. B. Nelson, Mr. Dabney, L. N. Renault, Capt. Behn, Mr. Oleghorn, J. de Jengh, Otto Hoper and son, Capt. Martly, lady two children and servant; John Wright, John Sparrow, H. Masters, Mr. Rawdon and two infants, John Gilroy, Mr. Daniel, Mr. Douglas and lady, W. R. Jones, George Riddler, James Baker—total 45.

In steamship State of Georgia, from Savannah.—R. Bronson, O. Bronson, S. Agnew and lady, J. H. Parker, C. Davidson, F. Barthelow and lady, Rev. S. Parker and lady, Isaac Rice, Albert Moodie, E. Mezeros, Miss K. James, A. Workle, P. Brennan, Wm. Peete, J. G. Mose, W. G. Saunders, J. Hilby, S. E. Snyder, and 60 in the steerage.

In steamship Jamestown, from Richmond, &c.—O. W. Kirchoff, John Schuflin, J. B. Hall, R. B. Garrison, J. P. Large, C. B. Guastrom, E. R. Avernack, P. L. Roe, Mr. Robinson, R. Elyson, and 17 in steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 45 | Sun sets..... 6 24 | Moon rises.. 12 49

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook 12 35 | Gov. Island.. 1 24 | Hell Gate.... 2 46

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SATURDAY, March 30.

Cleared.

Steamships Florida, Crowell, Savannah, S. L. Mitchill & Son; Patapsco, Vale, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Monticello, Gager, Alexandria, H. B Cromwell & Co.; Teutonia, (Ham.) Taube, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; Columbia, Berry, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Yorktown, Parrish, Norfolk, &c., Ludlam & Heineken; North Carolina, Powell, Wilmington, N. C., H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamers Beverly, Pierce, Philadelphia; Sarah, Jones Philadelphia.

Ships Constitution, (Br.,) Jones, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Benjamin Adams, Chase, Liverpool, Tapscott & Co.; Yorktown, Curry, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Superior, Soule, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Revenue, Luce, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Logan, Marsh, Havre, Wm. Whitlock, Jr.; Lydia, Nichols, Antwerp, W. F. Schmidt.

Barks King Oscar, (Nor.,) Olsen, Cork and a market, Funch & Meincke; Electric, (Br.,) Phillips, Exmouth, G. F. Bulley; Cavallo, Washington, Indianola, J. H. Bulley; M. R. Barney, Robbins, Havana, I. B. Gager.

Brigs Missionary, Neal, Dublin, J. C. McArthur; Bonaparte, Stuart, Savannah; Nordstjernen, (Swed.,) Nassin, Queenstown, Funch & Meincke; N. Stowers, Stowers, Arroya, R. P. Buck & Co.; A. V. Goodhue, Raymond, Cork and a market Thos. James; A. Peters, Urann, Sagua, C. & E. J. Peters; Peerless, (Br.,) Doe, Bermuda, McCall & Frith.

Schooners Senator, Patten, Norfolk, Sturges, Clearman & Co.; D. H. Baldwin, Glover, Bucksport, R. P. Buck & Co.; Ocean Wave, Warner, Washington, Telfair & Horn; Marine, McKee, Wilmington; Gallego, Smith, Richmond, C. H. Pierson & Co.; Nightingale, Boggs, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; L. Sturdevant, Corson, Williamsburgh, Va., J. W. McKee; Albert Treat, Bowdoin, Havana, James E. Ward & Co.; A. Middleton, Jr., Sipple Havana, T. B. Chase & Co.; War Eagle, Hodgdon, Curacoa, Metcalf & Duncan; Thomas Jefferson, Hoyt, Hartford, master; C. Dennis, Tucker, Savannah; Margaret Henson, Petersburgh, I. Cole; J. A. Stewart, Yates, Monrovia, Yates, Porterfield & Co.; Medora, Rhodes, Richmond, W. F. Brown & Co.; F. Rogers, Rogers, Havana, Maguire & Armstrong; L. Spanier, Lewis, St. Johns, N. F., Middleton & Co.; Lady Jane, Sanders, Newport; A. Eldridge, Conklin, Plymouth, T. G. Benton & Son; Fleetwood, Cathcart, Marenham, Jas. Bishop & Co.; Sarah Maria, Underhill, Sagua.

Sloops F. Brown, Carr, Bristol, master; Phenix, Shepherd, New-Haven, master; Utica, Drake, New-London, H. S. Rackett.

Arrived.

Steamship Daniel Webster, Brazos March 19, via Fort Jefferson March 21, and Fort Taylor 25th, with U. S. troops.

Steamer Fanny, Loper, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Octorora, McLaughlin, Baltimore, with mdse. to W. Dalzell.

Steamer Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Comet, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Artisan, Chase, Baltimore, with mdse. to W. Dalzell.

Steamer Osprey, Kenny, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Lammergier, Coffin, Callao Dec. 15, via Hampton Roads, with guano to Barrill Bros. Passed Cape Horn Jan. 14, with fine weather. Feb. 6, lat. 28 20 S., lon. 24 10 W., spoke ship Continent, Gibbs, from Callao for Cork. Feb. 8, Jefferson Pierce, seaman, of Maine, aged 18 years, fell from the maintopgallant crosstrees to the deck at 4 P. M., and died from his injuries at 7½ P. M., and was buried on the following morning, at 8 A. M. Met with no S. E. trades S. of the Equator. March 16, met with a terrific gale from S. W., which hauled to W. and N. W., with an ugly cross sea. Has had continual gales most of the time since; crossed the Gulf March 26, in 17 hours. Hove to off Cape Henry Light for a pilot; no boats out, and there being no prospect of one, shortened sail, and off and on until the morning of the 27th, when a thick fog set in. At 9½ A. M. received a pilot, and orders to proceed to New-York. 28th, at 4 P. M., had a heavy squall, with rain, thunder and lightning; 29th, took a pilot from boat No. 15; has been 10½ ds. from Callao, and 52 hours from Cape Henry. Touched on S. W. Spit coming up the Bay, and came off leaky.

Ship Haze, (of Mystic,) ——, Macao Dec. 23, with teas, silks, &c., to J. D. Fish. Feb. 4, lat. 31 30 S., lon. 36 44 E., spoke ship Thomas B. Wales, from Calcutta for New-York. March 2, lat. 9 50 S., lon. 24 20 S., spoke ship Beethoven, from Calcutta for Boston. March 25, lat. 31 N., lon. 68 50 W., spoke, schr. Harmony, bound N.; same day, spoke brig Virginian, from Rio Janeiro for Richmond. March 26, lat. 32 25, spoke brig H. Hallock, bound N.

Bark Advance, (Br., of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Cain, Cork 48 ds., in ballast to Boyd & Hincken. Has had strong westerly gales the entire passage.

Bark Forest Queen, (Br., of Leith,) Boyd, Glasgow 49 ds., with coal to H. L. Routh.

Bark Azelia, Davis, Rio Janeiro Feb. 16, with coffee to Whitmore & Co. Vessels left before reported.

Bark Mary Sawyer, (of Wells,) Bartlett, Sagua March 21, with sugar to Snow & Burgess.

Bark Gazelle, (of New-Haven,) Rhodes, St. Lucia March 18, in ballast to H. Trowbridge's Sons.

Bark Montezuma, Hammond, Ponce, P. R., 13 ds., with molasses to T. T. Dwight.

Brig Amanda Jane, (of Newport,) Dorr, Remedios March 20, with sugar to master. March 26, lat. 34, lon. 74 40, passed brig Billow, of Windsor, N. S., with cap of foremast gone, and the topmast lashed to the head of foremast.

Brig Colin Campbell, (Br., of Weymouth, N. S.,) Thomas, Trinidad de Cuba 21 ds., with asphaltum to Thomas Know. March 19, lat. 20 19, lon. 65, spoke ship Village Belle, of Waldoboro', from Cardiff for Havana.

Brig Northern Light, (Br.,) Ganion, Pictou, N. S., 10 ds., via Providence, in ballast to B. F. Small. Will load for St John, N. F. Was towed to this port from Providence by steamer D. S. Fogg.

Brig Eliza Ann, (of Waldoboro',) Geyer, Matanzas 9 ds., with molasses to master.

Brig Princeton, (of Brookline,) Weils, Cardenas 20 ds., with sugar to C. & E. J. Peters.

WIND—During the day, W. S. W. to N. W.

Arrived...SUNDAY, March 31.

Steamship Africa, Cook, Liverpool March 16, and Queenstown 17th, with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard. She brings £110,000 in specie. Arrived off the Battery at 6 A. M.

Steamship State of Georgia, Garvin, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Thomas Richardson.

Steamship Jamestown, Skinner, Richmond, &c., with mdse. and passengers to Ludlam & Heineken.

Steamer Delaware, Cannon, Philadelphia, with mdse. to F. Perkins.

Steamer Westchester, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Albatross, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Cygnet, of Boston, Moses, Manila Aug. 30 via Bermuda, March 17, (where she put in,—in distress,) with sugar, hemp, &c., to master, Sept. 14, 15 and 16, during a heavy gale in the Mindoree sea, lost topsails and courses, and received other damage; arrived at Batavia Oct. 18; passed Angier Nov. 8; touched at St. Helena Jan. 10; Feb. 20, lat. 32 58, long. 69 47, in a heavy gale from N. N. W., bore up for Bermuda, ship leaking badly, and starboard pump entirely disabled; port pump nearly so; arrived at Bermuda Feb. 24; repaired and left March 17; March 22, lat. 32 55, long. 68, had a heavy gale from W. N. W.; lost two close reefed topsails; March 30, 30 miles S. E. of Barnegat, took pilot from boat Ezra Nye; brig St. Mary, Brevoor, Aux Cayes, March 15, with logwood, coffee, &c., to Brett, Son & Co. March 27, lat 33 24, lon. 74 40, exchanged signals with brig Executive, standing S., blowing a gale from S. S. W. at the time; no dates, lat. 38 29, lon. 74 12; passed a red spar buoy, apparently with moorings attached; left schr. King Phillip, for Boston, ldg.; John Elliott do.

Ship Cyclone, (of Boston,) Ingersoll, Padang Jan. 8—passed Cape of Good Hope Feb. 17, with mdse. to Curtis & Peabody, of Boston. Feb. 12, off Cape Bank, passed bark N. Coggswell, bound W. Feb. 17, off the Cape, spoke bark Barkaway, from Whampoa for London.

Ship Bavaria, Wood, Havre Feb. 22, with mdse. and 180 passengers to Wm. Whitlock, Jr.

Bark Sicilia, (Italian,) Farino, Genoa 80 ds., with mdse. and 100 passengers to order. March 9, lat. 37, lon. 54, experienced a hurricane from N. W.; lost foretopmast and split sails. March 14, lat. 37 28, lon. 67, spoke brig Nantasket, from Boston for St. Thomas; took from her Capt. McStocker and crew of ship Wm. Penn, of Baltimore, and brought them to this port.

Bark Union of Philadelphia, Heard, Rio Janeiro Feb. 15, coffee to Goodhue & Co. March 12, no lat. &c., exchanged signals with herm. brig steering W. N. W., showing a signal, red, white and blue, serpend'collar; supposed the Mary E. Jones, from Rio Janeiro for New-York.

Bark Lucky Star, Van Mahle, Penang Dec. 27—passed Cape of Good Hope Feb. 7, and St Helena Feb. 24, with mdse. to master. Feb. 16, lat. 21 16 S., lon. 3 W., spoke ship Beatrice, of Boston, from Whampoa for London; would stop at St. Helena for water.

Bark Teresa, Foster, Maracaibo March 15, with hides, coffee, &c., to Maitland, Phelps & Co. Sld. in co. with bark Clara R. Sutil Scandella, for New-York, and was in co. with her on the 26th off Jeremie, St. Domingo. March 22, off Cape Nicola Mole, saw ship Gen. Washington, of Mobile.

Bark Clara R. Sutil, Scandella, Maracaibo, March 13, and the bar 15th, hides, coffee, &c., to E. Ravenstadt & Co.

Bark Wm. A. Banks, Howard, Cardenas 8 ds., with sugar to E. D. Morgan & Co.

Bark Due Cognate, (Aus.,) Guders, Antwerp 50 ds., with mdse. to master.

Brig Atlantic, (of New-Haven) Merrill, Port Spain, "Trinidad," March 14, with cocoa to S. Trowbridge's Sons, of New-Haven. March 26 lat. 33 36, lon. 69 20, boarded Eng. ship Columbus, of Dublin, abandoned and lumber-loaded. March 27, lat. 35 32, lon. 71 10, passed a double-topsail bark, with foretopmast and maintopgallantmast gone, showing a blue, white and red signal with letter D. in the white; was strg. N. W. 29th, lat. 38 16 lon. 72 30, passed a ship's boat, bottom up, painted green bottom, with black top, Newport built.

Brig Mary Ann, (Br.,) Balcam, Halifax 7 ds., with coal to James Hunter & Co.

Brig West, Rogers, Galveston 16 ds., with cotton, &c., to D. C. Murray.

Brig Echo, Rice, Port-au-Prince March 19, with logwood and coffee to Delafield, Wilson & Co.

Schr Bowditch, (of Castine,) Collins, Arroyo, P. R., March 15 with sugar, &c., to Miller & Houghton. Sld. in co. with brig Josiah Jex, for New-Haven, and Sarah M. Newhall, for New-York. The brig Waredale, from New-Haven, arr 13th, dischg.

Schr. Viola, (of Machias,) Haskell, Messina Jan. 30—passed Gibraltar Feb. 19, with fruit to Henry & Moore. Has experienced heavy weather; stove galley, split sails, &c.

Schr. N S Scott, (of Milwaukee,) Lord, Attakapas 16 ds., with live oak to Peck & Church.

WIND—Sunset, S.

Below.

Ship James Foster, Jr., Abeel Liverpool Feb. 4, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Marshall & Co.

Ship Java Daggett, Glasgow Feb. 14, with mdse. to Dunham & Dimon.

Ship Asia, Duncan, Antwerp Jan. 30, and Flushing Feb. 8.

Ship Columbus, Small, Cardiff Feb. 7, all at anchor on the S. W Spit.

Also, bark Cornelia, (of Philadelphia,) from Manzanilla.

Sailed.

Steamships Europa, (Br.,) for Liverpool; Arago, for Southampton and Havre; Vigo, (Br.,) for Queenstown and Liverpool; Florida, and Monticello, for Savannah; Columbia, for Charleston; North Carolina, for Wilmington, N. C.; Yorktown, for Norfolk, &c.; Thomas Swann, for Baltimore; Patapsco, for Portland.

Miscellaneous.

Ship Wm. Penn, of Baltimore, Capt. McStocker, sailed from Baltimore for Liverpool, with a cargo of grain and flour, left Cape Henry March 7; on the 9th inst., when in lat. 37 28, long. 67 37, experienced a hurricane from S. S. E., during which sprung aleak, the vessel laboring very heavily; lost the rudder; endeavored to steer her by a hawser and chain, but found her unmanagable; threw over part of the cargo, but the leak gaining rapidly, the men were out at the pumps, having been constantly at them from the 9th to the 14th, and finding it impossible to keep her much longer above water, and the brig Nantasket, from Boston for St Thomas, having run down to our assistance, concluded to abandon her; were taken on board that brig. Same day, in lat. 37 28, lon. 67, were transferred to the Italian bark Sicilian, from Genoa for New-York, she being crippled and with 100 passengers on board. The W. P. was five years old built in Baltimore and owned by Hooper and others, of that port.

The ship Hotspur, previously reported as having returned leaky, is now discharging her cargo at Ford's dock, Brooklyn.

HAVANA, March 24.—The ship Judith, previously reported ashore on the Cuban coast, lies in nine feet of water on the larboard side, which is bilged; mainmast and mizzen masts gone by the deck; foremast standing; the cargo between decks was dry, and, if no heavy gales come on, the cargo between decks and part in the hold could be saved. (By letter to Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters.)

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 30—Arr. barks Howland, Cienfuegos; R. H. Knight, Trinidad; Amy, Savannah; brigs Sirene, Rotterdam; Santiago, Aux Cayes; Isaac Carver, ——; Caroline, Remedios

NORFOLK, March 31—Arr. in Hampton Roads, ship Hergeggon, London; bark Reindeer, Callao, and sld. for New-York; Nor. bark Columbus, Bermuda; brig Laruska, 19 ds. from Newburyport, bound up the James River, is here in distress.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31—Arr. ship Wm. Cumming, Liverpool; steamer Boston, New York; bark Francisco, Palermo; Elf, Rio Janeiro; Rowena, Porto Cabello; brig Applegarth, Rio Janeiro.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—Arr. ships B. S. Kimball, and Consignment, Liverpool.

March 30.—Arr. ships Ocean Scud, Western Empire, and H. Birch, Liverpool; barks A. Prendergast, Rio de Janeiro; B. Hallett, Philadelphia.

Foreign Ports.

At Port-au-Prince, March 19, brig Truxillo, Mulligan, dischg.; schr. Sarah Burton, from Boston just arr.

At Arroyo, P. R., brigs Elsinore, Partridge, for New-York, ldg.; Julia E. Ares, Ryder, for New-York in 2 ds.; Elizabeth, for do. in 6 ds.; Sarah M. Newhall, for do. in day; schrs. T. Raymond, Saunders, for New-London, ldg; Sally Gay, Creesy, do. do.; Gov. Burton, for New-York; J. D. Talbot, for Boston.

At Port Spain, "Trinidad," March 14, barks Mayflower, Duell, for New-Haven, dischg.; Maraval, Griffin, for New-York, dischg.; brig Ceylon, McCarty, dischg. The brig Samuel French sld. the same day for Turks Island.

At Maracaibo, March 15, bark Ilva, Duris, for New-York in about 10 ds; schr. Arnan, Small, do. in a few days.

At Aux Cayes, March 12, brig Chimboraza, for Boston, to sail 13th; St. Marys, Brewster, for New-York; schr. King Philip, from Boston, dischg.

At Cay Francis March 20, bark Cordelia, for New-York in 2 ds.; schr. J. P. Wetherill, dischg.

At Ponce March 16, brig Cameo, for Portland in 2 ds.

At Gonaives March 14, brig Foster, for Boston 20th, only Am. vessel.

[PER AFRICA.]

Arrived from New-York—Archer, at Pill; Sparkling Sea, at Penice; Northwood, at Cadiz; Blanche and Crimea, at Liverpool.

Arrived from Mobile—Kitty Cordey and Savannah, at Liverpool.

Arrived from Savannah—Consul and Hampden, at Liverpool.

Arrived from New-Orleans—Jennie Beals, at Liverpool.

Arrived from Apalachicola—Finland, at Liverpool.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK,
New-York, March 30, 1861.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, the following Preamble and Resolution were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Our venerable President, JACOB AIMS, Esq., having felt constrained by the weight of accumulating years, and continued ill-health, to resign the office to which he was elected over twenty years since, during which time he has discharged the duties in a faithful and honorable manner, and when we remember that for more than thirty years this institution has received the benefit of his services, we feel that much of its present prosperity is owing to his watchfulness and care, Therefore,

Resolved, That we cannot allow the official relations which have so long connected us to be severed, without tendering to him our sincere wishes that, being relieved from the care and responsibility of the Presidency, his health may be restored, and that his remaining years may be those of unalloyed happiness.

B. LEWIS, Jr., Cashier.

M. GRIFFIN & Co., Auctioneers.

AUCTION NOTICE.—MAGNIFICENT HOUSEhold furniture at public auction, THIS DAY, (MONDAY,) at the private residence No. 53 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., at 10½ o'clock, and comprising rosewood, mahogany and black walnut parlor, chamber, and oak dining-room furniture, oil paintings, bronzes, statuary, velvet and Brussels carpets, &c.; also, a large assortment of basement and kitchen furniture.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by two respectable Protestant girls, one as good plain cook and excellent washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress, and would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing; good references can be given; they prefer living together. Call at No. 55 Crosby-st., in the rear, second floor, Room No. 4.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook in a private family; or would go as housekeeper to a widower and family; is of steady and obliging habits; can produce the best of City reference as to character and capability. Can be seen, until engaged, at No. 77 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., first floor, front room.

TRAVELING TUTOR.—A GENTLEMAN, WHO intends starting on his ninth tour of Europe (with a few young gentlemen) about the 24th inst., returning in September following, desires one more to complete the number. Reference will be given to those who accompanied the advertiser last Summer. Address W. H. SINCLAIR, No. 3 West Washington-place, New-York.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, March 31, 1861.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE MORTGAGE Bonds of this Company April 1, 1861, will be paid on presentation of the Coupons at this office, or at the Bank of the Republic.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT woman, with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in all its branches; understands pastry, soups, jellies and game, and is an excellent baker of all kinds; is willing to assist in washing. Can be seen for two days at No. 188 East 17th st., first floor.

$4,000—BUSINESS WANTED.—THE ADvertiser would invest from one to four thousand dollars in a good paying business. Address BUSINESS MAN, Box No. 126 *Times* Office, with real name, and stating the location and kind of business. No other will receive attention.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AN ITALIAN COTtage in the Village of Flushing, containing seven chambers and other rooms in proportion. Accessible from Fulton Market slip by railroad and steamboat, and only a half hour's drive with a good horse to 34th-st. ferry. Apply to S. B. PARSONS.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS three-story brown-stone front high-basement house No. 318 Lexington-av., near 40th-st.; contains all the modern improvements with gas fixtures, &c., all complete; will be let or sold on reasonable terms. Inquire of the owner, No. 446 3d-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A Protestant woman, as cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; is a first-rate pastry cook. Can give the highest testimonials as to character and capability. Can be seen at 488 3d-av., near 35th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTAble young girl, a situation as cook, and to assist with the washing in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 109 East 13th-st., front room.

FARM WANTED—WITHIN A CONVENIENT distance of New-York, in exchange for fine first-class tenant-house, yielding a handsome income.
S. COCKCROFT, No. 4 Pine-st.